MACHINERY recent arrival from England.
PAINT AND SOAP such as Triple Rollers, Cone Mixers, Scruchers.
HYDRO-EXTRACTORS for Sugar, Laundry, Chemicals.
VACUUM— Air Pumps, Spray Paintings, CreamSeparators, Liver Shearers, Dynamos & Diesel Sets.
REDUCING Valves, Injectors, Pickering Governors etc.
M. H. DINSHAW & CO.,
105, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXVI NO. 25 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1948 Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Taj
TONIGHT & TOMORROW
CABARET DINNER DANCE
(Full Cabaret)
HARBOUR BAR
JEAN CARROL
ADI ENGINEERE
with NUNES
SUN. 1ST:
CABARET TEA DANCE
(7 to 9 p.m.)

Green's
TONIGHT,
TOMORROW and SUNDAY
CABARET DINNER DANCE

Delhi On Way To Victory In Battle Of States

Sardar Patel On Rapid Merger Moves

Kathiawar Secures Single Govt. By Convention

SEVERAL OTHER GROUPS READY TO FALL IN LINE: HYDERABAD PREMIER IN INDIA'S CAPITAL

NEW DELHI, January 29. (A.P.I.): "The movement for merger, by which I mean either merger with the Provinces to suit geographical situations or amongst themselves, is progressing rapidly. Such a move has now the support of both the Rulers and the ruled", said Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for States, today.

SEQUEL TO LAPSE OF PARAMOUNTCY

Sardar Patel, who was addressing a Press Conference, made the following statement on the consolidation of States: "As you are all aware, on the lapse of paramountcy, every Indian States became a separate independent entity, and our first task of consolidating about 550 Indian States was on the basis of accession to the Indian Dominion on three subjects. Barring Hyderabad and Junagadh, all the States which are contiguous to India acceded to the Indian Dominion. Subsequently, Kashmir also came in.

DEMOCRATISATION OF ADMINISTRATION

With the birth of independence in India, the urge for enjoyment of similar freedom naturally inspired the people of the States, where the process of democratisation of administration had not made anything like the same progress as was made in the adjoining Provinces. The result was agitation on the part of the people and occasional clashes between the rulers and the ruled. Some rulers, who were quick to read the writing on the wall gave responsible Government to their people, Cochin being the most illustrious example. In Travancore, there was a short struggle, but there too the Ruler soon recognised the aspirations of his people and agreed to introduce a constitution in which all power would be transferred to the people and he would function as a constitutional Ruler.

Similarly, in Mysore there was a struggle for a short time in which the popular will triumphed eventually, and we know that there has been a complete transfer of power from the ruler to the people.

While these big States were temporarily able to deal with popular movements, the smaller States were not able even to maintain law and Order with their limited resources and with the people in opposition to the administration. This was particularly evident in the Eastern States in one of which States, namely, Nilgiri, the situation had so deteriorated as to result in the Ruler leaving the State. In another State in the same area the ruler could not return to the capital and had to approach the Ministry of States to advise the local Praja Mandal to keep quiet as the Ministry was about to take up the question of sonsolidation of States. These States had formed a superficial Union, which could not last as it was not based on linguistic, cultural and economic affinities. The Law and Order situation in some of the States was so bad as to cause apprehension to the adjoining administrations of Orissa and the Central Provinces. You know the sequence of

(Continued on Page 7)

NIZAM'S PREMIER MEETS SARDAR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29 (API): Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister and Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Foreign Minister of Hyderabad arrived here today for discussions with the Governor-General and the States Ministry on points arising out of the implementation of Standstill Agreement.

They had 45 minutes talk with Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and States Minister today.

Tomorrow they will have discussions with officials of the States Ministry. They will also meet the Governor-General.

Discussions are expected to continue for about three days.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Government of India's Agent-General in Hyderabad also arrived with the Hyderabad Ministers.

LAIK ALI MEETS MAHATMA

Mr. K. M. Munshi who is now here met Mahatma Gandhi this evening. He was later joined by Mir Laik Ali.

It is generally known that Hyderabad has certain complaints against the Government of India with regard to what is descrbed as Indian Government's reluctance or failure to fulfil the terms of the interim standstill agreement, with particular reference to the supply of arms and ammunition to Hyderabad State.

Enquiries made in this regard go to show that the Hyderabad State has failed to fulfil most of the terms of the Standstill Agreement.

It is understood that the State has so far not given any facilities to the Indian Government to inspect or scrutinise the disposition and composition of the armed forces of Hyderabad and other details pertaining to them.

These the Hyderabad Government were bound to submit under the terms of the agreement before they made any indent for arms and ammunition.

LAPSES IN AGREEMENT

Another point is with regard to the supply of petrol by the Indian Government. Petrol which was supplied by the Indian Government, it is stated, was being given in large quantities to the members of the Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen organisation who made use of these petrol for the purpose of terrorising villagers.

It is stated that the Hyderabad State has, in contravention of the agreement pertaining to communications, afforded facilities to a foreign interest to receive and transmit messages.

DEAL WITH PAKISTAN

Alleged minor "lapses" of the agreement apart from these, it is further stated, the State has not convinced the Indian Government on the question of the Rs. 20 crores securities deal with Pakistan which is a foreign territory but it is stated that it should be difficult for any part of these securities to be cashed in the Indian market.

What exactly is the Indian Government's final attitude on these and other issues is not known but hope is expressed that the outstanding differences will be amicably settled.

Meanwhile, it is learnt that the withdrawal of Indian troops from Hyderabad is proceeding according to plan and already a tank corps has been withdrawn.

STATES DEPUTATION WAIT ON SARDAR PATEL

A deputation of the Bilaspur State Praja Mandal headed by Thakur Sada Ram Chandel met Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel this morning and appraised him with the political situation in the State.

Earlier the deputationists met Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya Vice-President, All-India States' People's Conference and Sri Jainarain Vyas and Hiralal Shastri, General Secretaries, C. I. S. P. C.

RAJEN BABU FOR CEYLON

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President is leaving for Ceylon tomorrow to represent India at the independence celebrations of the Island.

INDEPENDENCE DAY AT DELHI: H. E. M. Novikov the Russian Ambassador to India seems to have a busy time talking to other guests at the reception given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as part of the Independence Day celebrations at New Delhi on Monday last.

EINSTEIN REPLIES TO SOVIET ATTACK

WORLD GOVERNMENT IS THE ONLY WAY TO ELIMINATE TERRIBLE DANGER TO MANKIND

Socialism Is No Panacea For Humanity's Ills

CHICAGO, Jan. 29 (REUTER): PROF. ALBERT EINSTEIN, REPLYING TODAY TO AN ATTACK ON HIS VIEWS ON WORLD GOVERNMENT BY FOUR SOVIET SCIENTISTS, DECLARED THAT HE ADVOCATED IT BECAUSE HE WAS CONVINCED THERE WAS "NO OTHER POSSIBLE WAY OF ELIMINATING THE MOST TERRIBLE DANGER IN WHICH MAN HAS EVER FOUND HIMSELF".

In an open letter in the February issue of the 'Bulletin of Atomic Scientists' Prof. Einstein said: "We should not make the mistake of blaming capitalism for all the existing social and political evils and of assuming that the very establishment of Socialism would be able to cure all the political and social ills of humanity."

"Socialism is not to be considered the solution of all social problem but merely as a framework within which a solution is possible."

MAHATMA WON'T GO TO HIMALAYAS

Reply To Refugees From Bannu

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29. (A.P.I.): In his post prayer address on Thursday evening Mahatma Gandhi first explained how Dr. Sushila Nayyar happened to proceed to Bahawalpur in company with Mr. Leslie Cross of the Friends Unit. The latter God's good man and a friend to all, had volunteered for this task. Sushila Behn was of Gujrat in the Punjab and her family which was noted for friendship with Muslims, had sustained grievous losses there but her mind was not poisoned. She knew the local languages and was not afraid to go. Mahatma Gandhi cousulted Mr. Cross, who welcomed her offer.

Mahatma Gandhi next spoke of a deputation of about forty refugees from Bannu, who had called on him in the afternoon. One of them exclaimed that they owed their miseries to him and angrily asked him to leave them alone and retire to the Himalayas. Gandhiji asked him at whose bidding he should go. Some were annoyed and a few went to the length of abusing him, while many eulogised his efforts. He, therefore, preferred to stay in their midst, adding that if they all went to the Himalayas, he might follow them as their servant.

MADRAS GOVERNOR'S RECEPTION TO MOUNTBATTENS

MADRAS, Jan. 29. (A. P. I.): To meet Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Mountbatten, the Governor of Madras gave a reception and garden party this evening at the Government House, Guindy.

NATIONALISATION OF RESERVE BANK

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 29.

According to lobbies Government is likely to accept non-official resolution urging nationalisation of Reserve Bank and Imperial Bank.

The resolution comes up for discussion in the Union Parliament next week.

SIR CHINTAMAN NOT TO RESIGN

BOMBAY, Jan. 29. (API): Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, told the Associated Press of India on enquiry that the report published in an evening paper that he was resigning from the Reserve Bank was absolutely baseless.

VIET NAM ENVOY IN PARIS ARRESTED

PARIS, Jan. 29 (Reuter): M. Tran Ngue Danh, head of the Permanent Viet-nam delegation in France was arrested today charged with acts against the integrity of the Republic.

CHOICE BEFORE U. N. O. COUNCIL

Two Resolutions On Kashmir Issue

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 29 (Reuter): The United Nations Security Council today resumed discussion of the India-Pakistan issue.

TWO RESOLUTIONS

President Fernand Van Lagenhove asked the Council to decide on two resolutions—one dealing with the plebiscite and the other with the cessation of hostilities in Kashmir.

The first resolution declared:

"Considering that India and Pakistan recognise that the question of deciding whether Jammu and Kashmir should accede to Pakistan or to India shall be done by democratic methods under the auspices of Security Council control to ensure complete impartiality. The Security Council considers that such a plebiscite must be organised, held and supervised under its authority".

Message incomplete

(See Page 7)

Labour's First LOSS IN By-Elections

CAMLACHI GLASGOW, Jan. 29. (Reuter): British Labour Government suffered its first loss of a seat since the 1945 general election when Mr. Charles McFarlane, conservative, was returned with a majority of 395 in the by-election result announced here to-day.

The voting was as follows:

McFarlane (Conservative) 11,085.
Ing'lis (Labour) 10,692.
Maxton (Independent Labour Party) 1,622.
Wilkie (Independent Scottish National) 1,320.
Aldred (Independent Socialist) 345
Goodfellow (Liberal) 312.

The four last named forfeited their deposits.

In 35 other by-elections since the 1943 General Election, the Labour Government had lost none of the 22 seats it already held.

The by-election in Camlachi was caused by the death of Rev. Campbell Stephen, returned in 1945 as a member of the Independent Labour Party, the splinter group from which the main Labour Party sprang. Mr. Stephen joined the orthodox Labour Party shortly before his death.

Figure in 1945 were:—

Mr. Stephen 15,558.
Mr. Charles McFarlane (Conservative) 11,599.

The constituency has alternated between Conservative and I. L. P. for many years.

By-elections are still pending in Wigan, Lancashire; Paisley, Scotland, and Armagh, Northern Ireland.

Arab Bands Hold Up Trains

JERUSALEM, Jan. 29. (U.P.A.): Arab bands held up three trains, looting merchandise valued at several thousands of dollars, today. Two robberies occured near Hedera when the Arabs put barricades across the tracks. They looted oranges from one train and later robbed another train carrying mixed freight. The homes of five Jews were blown up during last night probably by Arab demolition squads.

Heavy firing occurred at dawn at Salameh village on the outskirts of Tel Aviv. One Arab was reported killed and a Jew wounded.

ARAB CHIEF ISSUES WARNING

JERUSALEM, Jan. 29, (Reuter). Fawzi El Kaukji, Commander-in-Chief of the Arab Forces in Palestine, issued a first "order of the day" today, warning his men that they should be prepared to meet about 42,000 armed Jews.

BRITISH CONSTABLE SHOT DEAD

JERUSALEM, Jan. 29. (U.P.A.): Stern Gang men shot a British constable to death and wounded another on Ben Yehuda street in downtown Jerusalem tonight.

JEWISH D.P. DIES OF BAYONET WOUND

Frankfurt, Jan. 29, (U.P.A.): The United States Army announced that one Jewish D.P. died of a bayonet wound in the chest, suffered when he resisted arrest by a constabulary trooper today, during a raid on a D.P. camp at Heidenheim, 45 miles from Stuttgart.

Nehru Visits Indo-Pakistan Border

Indian Artillery Active South-West Of Uri: Fleeing Raiders Strafed From Air

AMRITSAR, Jan. 29. (U.P.I.): A fervent appeal to men and women not to be panicky and leave border areas was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister addressing a gathering of Sikhs and Hindus at village Attari on the Indo-Pakistan border.

Pandit Nehru arrived here at 9-50 a.m. teoday accompanied by Mr. H. V. R. Iyengar, His Secretary, and drove straight to the border area on an inspection of military pickets.

That both Indian and Pakistan troops are still living in perfect amity presenting an example for others to emulate was observed at Wagha, 3 miles from Attari and 19 miles from Amritsar. The combined Indo-Pakistan troops are guarding the area.

On enquiry from a man of the Baluch Regiment the United Press of India Special Correspondent gathered that the actual border was a canal a few yards away, but this barrier post was selected as a matter of convenience.

From Wagha, Pandit Nehru went to Neshta picket and from Neshta to Mahwa where there were no pickets.

CALL TO HINDUS AND SIKHS

"Indians have an inherent strength to overcome any evil, and with a stout heart and the broadness of mind, Indians will march forward triumphant, despite odds": declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister, addressing a huge gathering of Hindus and Sikhs here.

Continuing the Prime Minister said that the military was there to defend the country and appealed to the people to co-operate with them in every possible manner.

Pandit Nehru further advised his audience not to get panicky and leave the border areas, but to live there and be prepared to welcome friends and resist the enemy.

Earlier, Pandit Nehru was shown of the artificial nature of the Indo-Pakistan boundary by General Thimayya, G.O.C., East Punjab, General Sant Prakash, Brig. Mahindra Singh, and Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Premier of the East Punjab, and later he returned to the Attari village. While passing through the village bazaar people greeted him by raising slogans of "Pandit Nehru Ki Jai". The bazaar was artistically decorated with flags and buntings. The villagers displayed placards saying "Train us and arm us, we are with you", "Defend Punjab, Defend India", "Help Punjab as Motilal did".

Handgrenades At Jawahar's Meeting

AMRITSAR Jan. 29. (A.P.I.): Two handgrenades were recovered from two suspicious looking persons at a public meeting addressed by Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister, at Ram Bagh Garden this evening. One of them was dressed like a Sikh and the other like a Hindu. They were arrested on the spot.

RAIDERS' CONCENTRATION SHELLED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29, (A.P.I.): Tonight's defence Ministry Communique says:

"Indian army artillery shelled a raiders' concentration south-west of Uri and dispersed them.

North-east of Uri one of our patrols captured 57 three-inch mortar bombs and surgical instruments from a house abandoned by the raiders.

"Bedraggled parties of raiders, moving along the tracks from Kotli and Mirpur, were successfully strafed by our aircraft. After the air attack, our patrols observed raiders carrying away their dead and wounded.

"Small bandds of armed men attempted to loot and burn some villages north of Riasi. Our troops rushed to the area immediately and in a patrol engagement killed ten raiders. Indian Army troops are now actively sweeping this area but have made no large contact with raiders.

"Elsewhere offensive patrolling continues.

"Royal Indian Air Force aircraft carried out operation".

EAST BENGAL DENIES AGGRESSION CHARGE

DACCA, Jan. 29, (A.P.I.): The East Bengal Government in a Press Note describe as completely baseless the report (published in an Indian Union Newspaper) that the Deputy Commissioner of Sylhet, with an armed force, had entered Patharia, in Karimganj Sub-Division of the present Cachar District of Assam, claiming the territory as part of East Bengal.

PUNJABIS CARRY DAY IN DELHI

K. C. Neogy To Quit; Refugees Ministry To Go

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Jan. 29.

Punjabee leaders 'squatting' in Delhi have apparently triumphed. They wanted a Punjabee to deal with their problems of resettlement and rehabilitation. Refugee Minister Mr. K. C. Neogy has resigned and his resignation has been accepted with effect from February 1 according to lobby reports.

The Ministry of refugees is also being wound up and its work is to be entrusted to a Corporation which is being created by an act of legislature. This bill will be moved in Parliament to-morrow. Sir S. V. Ramamurti, I further learn, is not likely to accept Chairmanship of the Corporation. A Punjab businessman Aftab Rai is now being appointed Chairman of the Corporation.

LATE NEWS

UNO RESOLUTIONS NOT ACCEPTABLE TO INDIA

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 30 (Reuter): The Indian Delegate told the Security Council that the resolutions put forward tonight by the President, as they now stand, were not acceptable to India.

ANGLO-ARGENTINE TRADE TALKS.

LONDON, Jan. 29. (U.P.A.): Authoritative Foreign Office sources said to-day that the Anglo-Argentine trade talks may break down in 24 hours as a result of Argentine insistence upon a 50 per cent increase in meat prices.

TRUMAN APPEALS FOR GRAIN CONTROL POWER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. (U.P.A.): President Truman to-day made an eleventh hour appeal to Congress to give him power to control the amount of grain used by distillers until October 31.

EXCHANGE RATE OF AUSTRALIAN POUND.

CANBERRA, Jan. 29. (U.P.A.): Premier Joseph B. Chifley said to-day that Australia had no intention of altering the exchange rate of the Australian pound while the British pound sterling remained at its present value.

ATHENS POLICE SHOOT COMMUNIST LEADER.

ATHENS, Jan. 29. (U.P.A. Police shot and killed the Athens Communist leader, Haralambos Panagopoulos, to-day after surrounding his house in which he was hiding.

A companion guarding the house, fired at the police when they asked Panagopoulos to surrender. Police returned the fire A time bomb was found in the house.

STATE OF SIEGE IN AZERBAIJAN.

MOSCOW, Jan. 29. (Reuter): Tass, the official Soviet News Agency, reported from Tabriz to-day that a state of siege continued in the north Persian province of Azerbaijan (bordering on the Soviet Union).

HAVANA TRADE CONFERENCE.

CAIRO, Jan. 29 (Reuter): Egyptian and other Arab country delegates may withdraw from the Havana Trade Conference if the close sponsored by the United States forbidding boycott, among signatories to the United Nations Trade Charter is approved, Arab circles in Cairo said to-day.

UNDERESTIMATE OF EUROPE'S NEEDS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29, (Reuter): The World Bank President, Mr. John J. McCloy, said today that his organisation believes that the Truman administration has underestimated Europe's needs for the first fifteen months of the Marshall Plan by about 1,000,000,000 dollars.

CYCLONE KILLS 100 ON REUNION ISLAND

PARIS, Jan. 29 (UPA): Dispatches today reported that 100 were killed and thousands of homes were destroyed by a cyclone on Reunion Island which destroyed the entire sugar crop. It was followed by floods.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan. 29:

Previous Closing	34.69
Today's opening	34.69
Difference	—9
Today's closing	34.95
Difference	+24

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK Jan. 29:

Opening prices:
Ananconda copper mining 33-3/8.
General motors 54-3/4.
United States steel common 74-7/8.
Preference unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 29:

Cotton Jarila March	Rs. 520 0
Silver Bullion ready	Rs. 165 0
Gold ready	Rs. 106 0
Sovereign	Rs. 68 8

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

GENERAL ELECTIONS OF COUNCILLORS UNDER THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888, AS AMENDED UPTO-DATE.

The Elections for all the 12 wards of group No. 1 being contested, I hereby publish as required by Section 27 (2) of the aforesaid Act, the names of all persons validly nominated with their respective abodes and descriptions :—

WARD No. 1. (Colaba)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Baburao Krishnaji Gholap	18-C, Girgaon Road	Businessman.
2	,, Dara Dinshap Vania, B.A., LL.B.	29-31, Forjett Street	Advocate.
3	,, Framroz Ardeshir Bod Dastur B.A. (Hon.)	44, Marine Lines	Priest & Social Worker.
4	,, Kalaram Shankar Dharia	416-416A, Vithalbhai Patel Road.	Advocate & Social Worker.
5	,, Lawrence R. Rebello.	11, Kittridge Road, Colaba	Businessman.
6	,, Narayan Vithal Sayanna, Dewan Bahadur, J.P.	25-27, Bora Street	Businessman.
7	,, Shankar Laxman Wadwalkar	27, Govindji Keny Road	Social Worker.
8	,, Vishwanath Pandharinath Virle	23-25, 1st Koly Lane	Businessman.

WARD No. 4. (Mandvi)—Four Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Akbarali Najmuddin Najmi, B.A. (Hon.) LL.B.	12-14, Mirza Street	Advocate.
2	,, Damji Jethabhai Shah	10, Lakhamsi Napoo Road	Merchant.
3	,, Dattatrya Amrut Dhoble	26-35, Janjikar Street	Merchant.
4	,, Devji Rattansey	55, Bhulabhai Desai Road.	Merchant & Landlord.
5	,, Mahomed Yusuf	35-39, Nakhoda Street	Merchant.
6	,, Premji Mulji Kania	110B, Chinch Bunder Road.	Social Worker.
7	,, Salebhoy Abdul Kader	55-55AH, Abdul Rehman St.	Social Worker.

WARD No. 7. (Khara Talao)—Four Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Abdul Husen Noorbhai	370-82, Victoria Gardens Road.	Social Worker
2	,, Abdulhusen Isaji Arsivala	73-75, Pakmodia Street	Merchant.
3	,, Gordhandas Gokuldas Morarji	144, Queens Road (Rajab Mahal)	Merchant.
4	Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tayabji, J.P., M.L.A.	95J, Bhulabhai Desai Road	Social Worker.
5	Mr. Mahomedali Aliji Dhorajivala	182-199, Doctor Street	Merchant.
6	,, Mohamedali Allabux Khan Bahadur, J.P.	52-56, Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road.	Merchant.
7	,, Nuruddin Yusufali Bandukvala.	27-37, Gujar Street	Insurance Agent.

WARD No. 9. (Markets)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Ganpatishankar Naranji Desai.	429-35, Kalbadevi Road	Income-Tax. Consultant.
2	,, Kedardas Kalidas Shah, B.A.,LL.B. Advocate	33, French Road	Social Worker.
3	,, Maneklal Pranjiwandas Mehta	Sicka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road.	Director, M/s. Fabricated Steel Construction Co. Ltd.
4	,, Ramsahai Shivprasad Pandey	97-107, Colaba Road.	Merchant.
5	,, Virchand Bhikhabhai Seth	136-142, Medows Street	Social Worker & Journalist.

WARD No. 12. (Girgaum)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Bhanushankar Babarshankar Vyas, Advocate	76-78, Vithalbhai Patel Road.	Social Worker.
2	,, Chimanlal Vadilal Shah	31, Parekh Street	Journalist.
3	,, Jamnadas Madhavji Mehta, M.A.,LL.B.Bar-at-Law.	91L, Banganga Road	Public Worker.
4	,, Lalji Moreshwar Pendse	196, Charni Road	Social Worker.
5	,, Shankar Vinayak Sohani, B.Sc.(Bom.)	139A-39B, Girgaum Road	Dealer in Scientific Apparatus.
6	Smt. Sulochana Mohanlal Modi, M.A.	55, Queens Road, Sethna Bldg.	Professor & Senate Member S.N.D.T. University, Social Worker etc.
7.	Mr. Sushil Shrinivas Kavalekar	99-101, Girgaum Road	Advocate, High Court.

WARD No. 15. (Mahalaxmi)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Bejanji Adarji Dalal, B.A.,LL.B.	63, Proctor Road	Advocate & Social Worker.
2	,, Jairam Govind Vichare	65B, Arthur Road	Court Clerk.
3	Miss Piloo Darabsha Bharucha	8, Owendun Road,	Social Worker.
4	Mr. Ramchandra Kashinath Tatnis	10, Hill View, Raghaoji Road	Journalist.
5	,, Soonderdas Morarji	16, Alexandra Road	Social Worker.
6	Dr. Sorab Pherozeshah Mehta, B.A.,L.M.& S.,J.P.	275-277, Parel Government Gate Road,	Medical Practitioner.
7	Mrs. Vasanti Nathalal Shroff	5, Dadisheth Road	Social Worker.

WARD No. 17. (Kamathipura)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Alimahomed Fateali	155-155B, Ripon Road	Businessman.
2	,, Avinash Raghunath Gangal	51, Kamathipura 7th Street.	Social Worker.
3	,, Balaram Dharmayya Tammal	114, Kamathipura 5th Street	Businessman and Social Worker.
4	,, Dasharath Bapurao Raipelly	95, Kamathipura 5th Street.	Social Worker.
5	,, Lingayya Putal Pujari	65A, Shankarrao Pupala Road	Social Worker.
6	,, Mahomed Usman Naster Dehelvi	24-26, Gell Street	Social Worker.
7	,, Narayan Laxman Pupala	36-38, Kamathipura 3rd Street.	Social Worker.
8	,, Tulsiram Shankar Osarkar	8, Stable Street, Kamathipura.	Social Worker.
9	,, Vishwanath Rajanna Tulla, B.Ag.	12, Kamathipura 6th Street.	Businessman & Social Worker.

WARD No. 18 (Nagpada) —Five Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Akhtar Hasan Mirza, B.A.,LL.B.,M.L.A.	17, Khandia Street	Advocate.
2	Dr. Balkrishna Ramchandra Nayen, M.S.	69, Kamathipura 3rd Street	Surgeon.
3	Mr. Bhanji Nazabhai Rathod	3A-3J, Annesley Road	Social Worker.
4	Mr. Hatimbhai Lalmia Darbar	43, Morland Road	Merchant and Commission Agent.
5	,, Hirjibhai Khushalbhai Patel, B.A.,LL.B.	4-4E, Falkland Road	Advocate and Social Worker.
6	,, Khwaja Gulam Jilani Saddrudin	1-5, Doctor Street	Journalist.
7	,, Moinuddin Harris	1–21, Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road	Journalist and Social Worker.
8	,, Mulji Laxman Gohil	7, Walpakhadi Road	Social Worker.
9	,, Ramchandra Arjunrao Gole	25-33, 3rd Peerkhan Lane	Pensioner and Social Worker.

PUBLIC NOTICES

WARD No. 23 (Sewri)—Two Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Gordhandas Girdharilal Mehta, Bar-at-law.	25, Chaupati Sea Face	Social Worker.
2	,, Maruti Baghoji Borade	2510-5B, Sewri	Landlord and Merchant.
3	Dr. Raghuvir Gopal Kokam	76-78, King Edward Road	Medical Practitioner & Social Worker.
4	Mr. Ramchandra Krishna Bhogale	8, Gokhale Society Lane.	Social Worker.

WARD No. 26 (Naigaum)—Four Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates.	Abode	Description.
1	Dr. Dattatraya Balkrishna Kulkarni	Mathurabhuwan, Junction of Dadar Road & Dada Phalke Road, Dadar.	Social Worker and Medical Practitioner.
2	Mr. Dnyanu Santu Kshirsagar	214-15A, Dadar Road & Dada Phalke Road Jn.	Merchant.
3	,, Kashiram Narayan Palav	137-47, Dadar Road & Dada Phalke Road Jn.	Mill Worker.
4	,, Laxman Ganesh Thatte, B.A., LL.B.	237-239B, Girgaum Road	Social Worker.
5	,, Moreshwar Vasudeo Donde	21, Gokhale Society Lane	Educationist and Social Worker.
6	,, Sakharam Babaji Mahadeshwar	35-35F, King Edward Road.	Social Worker and Businessman.
7	,, Shivram Nagesh Raut	19, Govindji Keni Road.	Social Worker.
8	,, Vithal Yeshwant Mohite	Plot No. 12B, Govindji Keni Road	Social Worker.

WARD No. 29 (Love Grove)—Four Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Babu Nawaji Garud	278C, Delisle Road	Social Worker.
2	,, Bhagirath Sadanand Jha.	28, Worali Road.	Social Worker.
3	,, Govind Shivram Sonawne	118E, Currey Road, Low Level North	Social Worker.
4	,, Gulabrao Bhaurao Gavchari	444-48, Delisle Road	Mill Worker.
5	,, Khimji Madan Bhujpuria	452-454C, Tulsi Pipe Road.	Merchant and Social Worker.
6	,, Lalasahib Ramrao Mohite	375E, Fergusson Road	Social Worker.
7	,, Narayan Dhondu Kadam	451, Tulsi Pipe Road	Mill Operative.
8	,, Narsing H. Mahajan	216, Ranade Road	Merchant and Social Worker.
9	,, Pratapsing Lakshmidas Sirdar.	377A, Delisle Road	Merchant and Social Worker.
10	,, Shantaram Savlaram Mirajkar	11E, St. Xavier Street	Social Worker.

WARD No. 32 (Parbhadevi)—Three Councillors to be elected.

No.	Names of Candidates	Abode	Description.
1	Mr. Jagdeoshankar Sharma	157, New Parbhadevi Road	Merchant.
2	,, Kashiprasadsingh Jwalaprasadsingh.	84, Cathedral Street	Businessman.
3	Dr. Madhav Narayan Birje M.B.B.S.	33 Gokhale Road South.	Medical Practitioner & Social Worker.
4	Mr. Moreshwar Shivram Gokhale, B.A.	74B, Mugbhat Street	Public Worker & Merchant.
5	,, Ramdharirai Bhirgunatrai Sharma	273-287A, Lady Jamshedji Road	Journalist & Social Worker.
6	,, Sitaram Appa Keluskar	8, Cadell Road	Social Worker.
7	,, Vishwasrao Mahadevrao Nagwekar.	15, Ganesh Peth Lane, Dadar.	Social Worker.

The following 12 candidates have signified their intention in writing not to contest the Elections as required by Section 26A (2) (b). 1. Mr. Dattaram Gundu Watharkar (Ward No. 1) 2. Mr. Laxmichand Punjabhai Jain (Ward No. 4) 3. Mr. Maganlal Hirji Vyas (Ward No. 4) 4. Mr. Ibrahim Mahomedali (Ward No. 7) 5. Mr. Ibrahim Pir Mahomed (Ward No. 7) 6. Mr. Dhirajlal Mathuradas Parekh (Ward No. 9) 7. Mr. Premchand Onkarmal Kedia (Ward No. 9) 8. Mr. Palanji Pherozeshah Antia (Ward No. 15) 9. Mr Fatemahomed Haji Ramzan (Ward No. 18) 10. Mr. Sitaram Atmaram Shinde (Ward No. 23) 11. Mr. Raghunath Sadashiv Salvi (Ward No. 29) 12. Mr. Nagindas Panachand Shah (Ward No. 32).

The Poll will be taken on Tuesday the 3rd February, 1948, from 7-30 A.M. to 6-30 P.M. (B.T.) at the places mentioned below :—

Ward No.	Name of Ward	Place for taking Poll.
1	Colaba	Esplanade Maidan South end opposite Bharda High School
4	Mandvi	Open plot of land, Nowroji Hill Road No. 6.
7	Khara Talao	Northbrook Gardens, Grant Road.
9	Markets	Esplanade Maidan North End.
12	Girgaum	Gowalia Tank Maidan.
15	Mahalaxmi	South end of Hornby Vellard off Clerk Road.
17	Kamathipura	Byculla Club Ground, Club Road.
18	Nagpada	Y.M.C.A's Playground at Rebsch Street.
23	Sewri	G.S.M. College Playground, Naigaum.
26	Naigaum	Ruia College Playground, Matunga.
29	Love Grove	Worli Hill Plot, Opp. Ready Money Mansion, Dr. Annie Besant Road.
32	Parbhadevi	Shivaji Park, Lady Jamshedji Road.

A voter will be supplied on personal application with a voting paper showing the names of the candidates in English, Marathi, Gujrati and Urdu and their Symbols, on production of an "Official" slip issued by the Municipal Slip Clerk.

When the name in a Ward Roll is that of a company, firm, association, body of individuals or an undivided Hindu family, all the persons whose names are entered against such company, firm, association, body of individuals or undivided Hindu family, in the Ward Roll shall be entitled to vote.

The Polling Superintendent will give such assistance as may be required to any voter who by reason of illiteracy, physical or other disability is unable to vote in the manner prescribed.

The voters, the candidates and their agents authorised by the Municipal Commissioner in this behalf will only be allowed to enter the Polling Booth upto the place where a voter receives his voting paper, but no candidate or polling agent except when exercising his own right of voting will be allowed access to the Voting Compartment or the passages leading to it. After a voter has received his voting paper no candidate or his agent will be allowed to communicate with him in any manner whatsoever.

The attention of candidates and voters is invited to Sections 171-B, 171-C, 171-D, 171-E and 171F of the Indian Penal Code (Act No. XLV of 1860) as amended by the Indian Election Offences and Enquiry Act—XXXIX of 1920 and also to Section 196 and Schedule II of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898, as amended by the Bombay Criminal Procedure (Elections Offences) Amendment Act, 1935 (Act XXIX of 1935) which render any person committing the offence of personation at Elections liable to arrest by the Police without warrant.

Voters may come with their Ration Cards to facilitate identification.

Ladies may conveniently visit the Polling Mandap to record their votes between 12 Noon and 3 P.M. (B.T.) when much rush is not expected.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 26th January 1948.

PRINTING PRESSES

Available for immediate delivery

Chandler and Price Jobber Printing Presses and others, all sizes immediate shipment. All presses are thoroughly rebuilt or reconditioned and warranted to be in good operating condition. Our prices are lower than all competitive quotations.

Address
PRINTING PRESS DIVISION.
10 HANOVER STREET, NEW YORK 5, U. S. A.
Cable Address: ADLERICA.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

India Lose Fourth Test And Rubber To Australia

BY J. C. MAITRA

As was expected, India was trounced by Australia in the Fourth Test match at Adelaide to the tune of an innings and 16 runs. This gave the "rubber" to the Kangaroos by virtue of the fact that they won three of the four Tests played. When Don Bradman the Australian skipper, won the toss—and this was the third time he had this luck in the series—we knew that India's fate was sealed.

With the Great Don at the top of his form, a big score by him was a certainty. He justified this expectation by hitting up a grand double century, his thirty-seventh in first class cricket. By this it must not be supposed that he treated our bowlers with scant respect. He took all the precautions to study and master them slowly and steadily and then went all out to flog them.

AN UPHILL TASK

It was rather unfortunate that Sid Barnes was dropped by Amarnath when he had scored 61. This was the first time during this tour that the Indian Captain had missed a catch. It was sheer bad luck. If it were accepted, the tide might have been turned. That was not to be.

After Bradman and Barnes had put on 236 for the second wicket, Lindsay Hassett joined to push up the total to 500 for the loss of 2 wickets only. Barnes had the distinction of scoring a century, but Hassett was distinctly unlucky to miss the double century mark by only a brace of runs. He carried his bat unconquered till the end, while his mates, barring the hard-hitting Miller, went down tamely.

Australia's colossal score of 674 short-circuited all out hopes for an even fight.

HAZARE'S UNIQUE DISTINCTION

The only relieving features on India's side were the magnificent batting of Vijay Hazare in both the innings. Indeed, he established two new records for them. First he earned the unique honour of scoring a century in each innings of a Test match and secondly he registered the highest figure—146—for India in a Test, both against Australia and England. Apart from the munificence of these contributions, the credit lay in the fact that he collected them against heavy odds especially in the second innings. No praise can be too high for his splendid achievements.

TAME SURRENDER BY INDIAN BATSMEN

Another player who covered himself with glory was young Datta Phadkar. He showed himself to be a more courageous and talented batsman than the Indian selectors thought. Not only did he score more than half a century in every Test he played, but knocked up a century against the best bowling Australia could serve up. The intrinsic value of his scores stands much higher than the figures compiled by him, as they were collected under most adverse circumstances. Datta has a great future before him.

Hemu Adhikari gave a heroic stand to Hazare to avert an innings defeat. But their brave effort failed to save India as the other batsmen surrendered sheepishly to the ferocious attacks of Ray Lindwall, who bagged 7 wickets for 38 runs. However India was not disgraced though defeated by a heavy margin.

DULEEP'S VIEWS ON INDIA

"Team Has Done Better Than I Expected"

ADELAIDE, Jan. 29.

(From Duleepsinhji, Reuter's special correspondent with the Indian Cricket Team).

If good wishes alone could win, India should have won the third and fourth Test matches, for 90 per cent of the spectators hoped for an Indian victory.

People in every walk of life continuously tell me: "We hope your fellows win the next Test." India lost the rubber, but whilst losing, they have gained great experience and won popularity with attractive and often fighting cricket against a much superior team.

Amarnath rightly must get credit for the improvement, and during two days of Australian batting when the Indian attack was completely mastered, the team never let up.

Rangachiri's best friend would not claim test class for him, yet with courageous good length bowling he secured four wickets on a heart-breaking wicket.

OBJECT LESSON TO INDIA.

The batting of Bradman, Barnes, Hassett and Miller with concentrated and relentless cricket to build up the big total was an object lesson to India if they desire success in test cricket.

Hazare and Phadkar copied successfully and mastered the Australian attack for the first time of the tour.

Hazare's magnificent two centuries, Phadkar's fighting century, Amarnath's truly brilliant but too short innings, Adhikari's stubborn knock and Mankad's defensive innings encourage hopes that with a little harmonising forward and back play, attack and defence, India before long could place a test class batting team in the field.

The Indian attack, never formidable in this tour, was still further handicapped by lack of a fast bowler on the easy-paced Adelaide wicket.

The Indian batsmen, without practice against real pace bowlers during the last few years, do not shape confidently as they do against the medium and spin bowlers.

INDIAN FIELDING IMPROVES.

"India's fielding has much improved, yet compares unfavourably with the Australians". Their pick up and throwing could easily improve. The habit of picking up with one hand when two could easily be used often results in missing.

The throwing is not as wild as early in the tour, yet there is plenty of room for further improvement.

The Indian fielder seems to think he must get rid of the ball as quickly as possible, which often results in throws wide of the wicket.

The batting order continuously changes.

I backed Phadkar when he was omitted in the first test. Phadkar was given his chance and made good.

I purposely have not mentioned Ranvirsinhji earlier as he is my near relative but if he had been given the opporunity like Phadkar, no doubt, he would have made good, and India would have found a much-needed opening bat or number three.

India's catching, especially in the slips, has shown little improvement. The slips stand too deep. Amarnath himself fielded in the slips in the hope of improving the weakness, but unfortunately he dropped one catch and failed to reach another one or two possible chances.

India must specialise in various positions, especially the slips.

In spite of the above criticisms, Amarnath and the team have done better than I expected. If lessons learnt are not lost on their return to India, they will pay big dividends.

UMPIRES FOR FIFTH TEST

ADELAIDE, Jan. 29. (Reuter): Mr. W. H. Jeanes, Secretary of the Australian Cricket Board of Control, has announced that G. S. Cooper and A. Barlow will be the Umpires for the Fifth Test Match between Australia and India beginning at Melbourne on February 6.

Cooper comes from South Australia and this will be his first Test match.

TEST SOUVENIRS

ADELAIDE, Jan. 29. (Reuter): P. G. Phadkar has received over a dozen cables from India congratulating him on his Test hundred, which incidentally was his first century in first class games.

P. Sen, batting at the other end when the Fourth Test Match finished, secured two stumps for a souvenir. He has given one to V. S. Hazare, who scored a century in each innings, and intends to have the other split in two and autographed by each team.

ST. XAVIER'S GOOD SHOW

BOMBAY, Thursday.

G.I.P. RAILWAY 3
ST. XAVIER'S 2

Although they lost the match by the odd goal in five, the St Xavier's side gave a better and more compact display as a team. Their combination and understanding were never at fault and were often sound. Much against the run of play, half-way through the first session, G. Williams scored first for his side, thus upsetting the railwaymen for some time. A. D'Souza on the losers' right wing put in many sterling runs and with a little better understanding and luck on the part of his forwards might easily have been a match winner. A number of his centres went dangerously close to the railway goal, but the ball was either deflected just a little wide or the forward concerned failed to time it properly. His understanding with inside-right G. Williams often put the winners on the run almost always beating Motiram and Hem Prakash.

Another performer who deserves mention was their captain Owen Ferreira who tackled the opposing attack with considerable success. The checking of Munir is never an easy matter, much less so when he is in a scoring mood. Ferreira, however, gave him little chance to pass him, and often covered lost ground when the other back was beaten. His clearances were well-timed and well placed often enabling his forwards to probe deep into their opponents' territory. T. D'Silva in the pivotal position also rendered a good account of himself.

For the winners inside forwards Munir and A. Fernandes were the outstanding players. His clever stick-work enabled Munir to get a goal for himself in addition to helping Fernandes and Bocarro to a goal each. Fernandes seems to have replaced the former Railway captain Hakim with profit. The weakness of the winners attack was in their flanks who were sometimes found to be wanting in pace and direction.

After Williams had scored the first goal of the match Bocarro got the equaliser as the result of some clever move between him and Munir, which culminated in the former converting. After the breather Munir scored from a going away angle and a little later A. Fernandes scored the third goal for his side as the result of a clever pass from Munir which he collected just outside the circle and converted after by-passing a couple of defenders. The last goal of the match came from Lefebour from point blank range as he converted an excellent pass from the right flank. St. Xavier had at least two clear opportunities of equalising but both were frittered away by the forwards.

THE TEAMS:

G.I.P. RAILWAY: Donnelly; Rahamatali and Hem Prakash; Mulla, H. Fernandes and Motiram; Delgado, A. Fernandes, Bocarro, Munir and Lyte.

ST. XAVIER: A. Lobo; O. Ferreira and F. Moses; F. Saldhana, T. D'Silva and S. Coutinho; A. D'Souza, G. Williams, D. A. Vaz, K. Lefebour and D. D'Souza.

Friday's match at 5-10 p.m. Ludhianians vs. B. B. & C. I. Railway.

SPECIAL & EXTRA DAY'S RACES

The Secretary Royal Western India Turf Club, Ltd., Bombay, writes:—"The Special Race Day in aid of the Hospital Fund for Bombay and Poona will now be held on Tuesday, (9th March 1948). There will also be an extra day's racing on Saturday (3rd April 1948)."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OPENING ON FRIDAY, 6TH FEBRUARY

HISTORY of the NATION in MUSIC, DANCE & DRAMA

—Created entirely with New Film-Art & Technique

★

UDAY SHANKAR'S
KALPANA
STAGE & SCREEN PRESENTATIONS' PICTURE

PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE IN SHOW-TIMINGS DUE TO THE EXTRAORDINARY LENGTH OF THE FILM!

Simultaneously opening at .....

EXCELSIOR
(Plans for Reservation open at the Theatre)
Show Timings: Daily 2-30 6 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.)

NEW WEST-END
(Advance Booking: 10 to 12 4 to 6 p.m.)
(Show Timings: Daily: 2-30, 6 and 9-30 p.m.)
Sundays Matinee at 10 a.m.

HINDMATA TALKIES: DADAR—
(Advance Booking:— 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.)
(Show Timings: Daily 3, 6-30, & 10 p.m.)
Sunday Matinee at 12 noon

JAI-HIND
Talkies:— Byculla
Daily 4 shows:— 12 noon, 3-15 6-30 & 9-45 p.m.

(A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES Ltd. Release)

A PRINCESS CHALLENGES An INTRIGUER! 3rd WEEK!
See and Hear KANANBALA, For M. P. Productions' Hit!
RAJ-LAXMI
with CHHABI BISWAS, NATWAR, PURNIMA and others.
at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays at 1 p.m.

SEE WITH YOUR FAMILY
SUNRICH Productions'
BHRRADRM
Starring: DAMYANTI
RAJ KUMAR, GAYATRI
KAMAL Talkies
Daily 4, 6-30, 9-30
A SUNRICH Release

(11th Week)
LIFE & LOVE OF MEWAR'S SAINT-QUEEN!
See & Hear—KOKILAGANA SUBBULAKSHMI, & RADHA, in
MEERA
CENTRAL Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Holidays at 12-45 p.m.
(Adv. Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6)

PRINCE TAJ WINS A SWEET HEART! HOW?
4th Week!
Producer & Director:
RUSTOM MODI'S & CENTRAL STUDIO'S
GUL-BAKAVLI
FIROZ DASTUR, SANOBER, RABAB, MENAKA and JAMSHEDJI
SUPER Daily:— 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Holidays at 1 p.m.

LEELA DESAI'S
Superb Performance in
KANU DESAI Productions
GITGOVIND
7th WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily: 3-30; 6-30 and 9-30
Booking 10 to 12 & 5 to 6
BROADWAY
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-30
A JAISINH Release

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Posh Vad 5 2004
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 18 1367
Parsi: Amardad 29 1317
Sunrise: 7-14 a.m.,
Sunset: 18-30 p.m.
Hightide: 02-50, 15-10.
Lowtide: 09-10, 21-00.

To-day's Engagements

HINDUSTAN MAZDOOR SEVAK SANGH: Mr. P. R. Lele will speak on Congress and Labour at 6-30 p.m. to-day at Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh, Congress House, Bombay.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "What Kama Rupa Is" is the subject to be taken up for study to-day at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Dr. Oscar Brunler lecture on "Radiation of the Brain" at the Besant Hall of the Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty at 6-30 p.m. to-day.

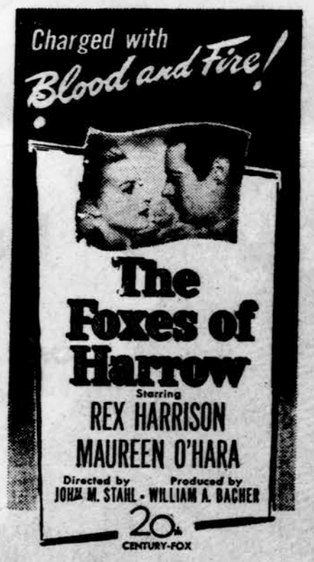
G.I.P. RY. ACCOUNTS STAFF UNION: A general meeting of Staff will be held under the auspices of the G.I.P. Railway Accounts Staff Union 5-30 p.m. to-day in the Tiffin Room of the Accounts Office, V.T. Annexe when a report will be made of the proceedings of the meetings of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation held in New Delhi on the 24th and 25th inst. as well as of the negotiations between the Federation and the Railway Board. Mr. Kalyanasundaram, President, S.I.R. Labour Union will address.

LAHIRI TO ADDRESS MEETING: Mr. Ashutosh Lahiri, General Secretary, All-India Hindu Mahasabha will address public meeting to-day at 6 p.m. at Chaupatty on the present Political Situation.

SRI THYAGARAJA SABHA: Aradhana Day: 6 a.m. unchavrithi, 1 p.m. Aradhana, 4 p.m. Manjal Kumkumam, 8 p.m. Kumari Indira Ramanan—Vocal, 9 p.m. Music by Vidwans.

BATLIWALA'S AGIARI ANNIVERSARY: Celebrations of Batliwala's Agiari anniversary, which was postpond last month, will now be held on Sunday (1st Feb.) at Batliwala's Agiari Tardeo, under the presidentship of Sir Homi M. Mehta, Kt. Jassan ceremony at 4-15 gathering at 5-15. Auspices, Tardeo Jarthoshti Mandal.

STRAND
Daily 3-15, 6-15, and 9-15 p.m.
EXTRA MORN. Show on Sunday at 10-30 at Evening Rates.



Plans Open. Book Now.
COMPLIMENTARIES SUSPENDED.

REGAL Air-Cooled & Comfortable Phone 35017
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
A NEW ROBIN HOOD!
Fighting furiously! Living Recklessly!
Brian AHERNE, Victor McLAGLEN, Paul LUKAS
in Hal Roach's
DANGER-FILLED DRAMA!
"Captain Fury"
Sunday Morning at 10
CHARLES DICKENS'
"GREAT EXPECTATIONS"
(At Reduced Rates)

DEAFNESS
Partial or total — complicated with head noises and other troubles—how long and what causes—cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe sure world-wide reputed and tested Herbal home-treatment. Particulars on request.
KAMALA WORKS (B. C.)
Panchpota, BENGAL.

CONGRESS CANDIDATES WITH THEIR SYMBOLS

For Wards Under Group I

WARD NO.	NAME OF CANDIDATES.	SYMBOL
1. Colaba	1. Shri Baburao K. Gholap	Horse
	2. Shri Dastur Framroze Ardeshir Bode	Elephant
4 Mandvi	1. Shri Devji Ratanshi	Motor
	2. Janab Salebhow Abdul Kadar	Lion
	3. Shri Damji Jethabhai	Horse
	4. „ D. A. Dhoble	Ship
7 Khare Talao	1. Shri G. G. Morarji	Motor
9 Markets	1. Shri Ganpatishankar N. Desai	Cart
	2. „ K. K. Shah	Horse
	3. „ Ramsahaya Shivprasad Panday	Motor
12 Girgaum	1. Shri S. V. Sovani	Horse
	2. Mrs. Sulochana Mody	Cycle
15 Mahalaxmi	1. Shri B. A. Dalai	Cycle
	2. „ Soonderdas Morarji	Bugle
	3. „ J. C. Vichare	Cart.
17 Kamathipura	1. Shri V. R. Tulla	Elephant
	2. „ B. D. Tammal	Cart
	3. Janab Ali Mahomed Fatehalli	Motor
18 Nagpada	1. Shri Bhanjibhai N. Rathod	Cart
	2. Janab Hatim L. Darbar	Lion
	3. Dr. B. R. Nayan	Motor
23 Sewri	1. Shri Marutirao R. Borade	Lion
	2. Dr. Raghuvir Gopal Kokam	Horse
26 Naigaum	1. Shri S. B. Mahadeshwar	Horse
	2. „ Kashiram Narayan Palav	Lion
	3. Dr. D. B. Kulkarni	Cart
	4. Shri D. S. Kshirsagar	Motor
29 Love Grove	1. Shri Khimji Madan Bhujpuria	Cycle
	2. Sardar Pratap Singh	Lion
	3. Shri Narayan D. Kadam	Cart
	4. Shri Narsing Hari Mahajan	Horse
32 Prabhadevi	1. Shri Kashiprasad Singh	Motor
	2. „ Jagdeo Shankar Sharma	Horse
	3. „ V. M. Nagvekar	Cart

Polling Day, Tuesday, 3rd February, 1948.

Congress President's Appeal To Bombay's Civic Voters

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly and of the Indian National Congress has issued the following appeal to the civic voters of this City:—

"The Municipal Election for the city of Bombay is being contested by Congress candidates nominated by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. I wish and hope that they will all get the votes of the voters there, who will return them with overwhelming majority. Bombay has always been known to give solid support to the Congress and this time too it will prove so."

PARSEE VOTERS' MEETING: A meeting of the Parsee voters of Mahalaxmi "D Ward" No. 15 will be held at the Sir Ratan Tata Welfare Centre Pavilion, Tardeo to-day at 9-0 p.m. Mr. Naval H. Tata, one of the Trustees of the Sir Ratan Tata Buildings will preside. The Mayor of Bombay and Mr. S. K Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. Bejonji A. Dalal, General Secretary of the Bombay Municipal Congress Party will be among the speakers

MUNICIPAL ELECTION MEETINGS ORGANISED BY B.P.C.C.

Today (30-1-48): Public meeting at Mastan Talao, Nagpada at 9 p.m. President: Shri M. Y. Nurie. Speakers: Shri Morarji R. Desai and Shri S. A. Brelvi.

Public meeting at Koliwada Cement Chawl, Mandvi at 9 p.m. Shri S. K. Patil, President B.P.C.C. will address.

Public meeting at Tarabaug Estate, Charni Road, at 9 p.m. Shri Bidesh Kulkarni and the two candidates, Mrs. Sulochana Modi and Shri S. B. Sovani will address

PATIL TO HOLD PRESS CONFERENCE: Shri S. K. Patil, President, Bombay P.C.C., and Member, Congress Working Committee, will hold a Press Conference at 5 p.m. to-day (Friday), at the Congress House.

SOCIALIST PARTY: Under the auspices of the Socialist Party, there will be a meeting at Ambewadi Girgaon at 9 p.m. to-day. Mr. Achyutrao Patwardhan and Mr. Sushil Kawlekar will address.

SUPPORT TO CONGRESS.

The Secretary, Congress Municipal Election Committee writes:

The following associations have communicated to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee that they extend their wholehearted support to the Congress candidates for the ensuing Municipal elections and have asked their members to vote only for them.

1 Mogaveera Vyavasthapak Mandali, Fort; 2 Marwadi Chamber of Commerce; 3 The Hindustani Merchants' and Commission Agents' Association; 4 Shree Khadayata Yuvak Sangh; 5 The Native Shares and Stockbrokers' Association and 6 The Federated Karnatak Sangh.

The B.P.C.C. thanks all these Associations for their co-operation.

MAHARASHTRIYA VAISHYAS

A meeting of Maharashtriya Vaishya workers held on Wednesday, last at Pawaskar Class, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, under the presidentship of Mr. V. M. Kande passed the following resolution:—

"This meeting of the Maharashtriya Vaishya workers held today do resolve to support only the Congress candidates at the ensuing Municipal elections and further request all the Maharashtriya Vaishya voters to cast their votes only in favour of the Congress candidates in their Ward".

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The Bombay Municipality announces: As laid down in Section 28 (f) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, amended upto-date, the voters enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll published on 20-12-1947 will vote at the General Elections to be held in February 1948 in the manner stated below:—"In plural Councillor Wards every elector shall have as many votes as there are candidates to be elected at such election for such ward, and may give all such votes to one candidate or may distribute them among the candidates as he thinks fit."

PETROL FOR MUNICIPAL ELECTION CANDIDATES

The Government had initially sanctioned a quota of petrol on the scale of 20 gallons for each of the candidates contesting the ensuing city Municipal general elections.

This scale has now been increased with an 'additional', special quota of 10 gallons during January, 1948, and 30 gallons during February, 1948, for each of the candidates. Out of the additional 40 gallons 10 gallons have to be consumed in January, while the remaining 30 gallons are intended to be utilised either for pre-polling purposes or on the polling day during February.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Jan. 30, (Friday).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Sheikalal Qawwal and Party (Vocal) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin) 8-45 Sheikhlal Qawwal and Party 9-0 Baswaraj Rajguru (Todi) 12-0 Programme of special interest to women (G) 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Variety 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Mantavani and his Music for Dancing 2-0 Orchestra Manolo Bel Et Ses Muchchachos (Maschwitz Sherwin) 4-30 School Broadcast 5-0 G. G. Kharadkar (Violin) 5-15 Children's programme (H, U and H) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Marathi Songs (P. G. Gupte) 6-30 Indukumar Parekh (Prahlad Parekh) 6-45 Sheikhlal Qawwal and Party (Ghazal M. A. Taib) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin) 7-30 Ya ` Mahinyatiya Ghadamodi by N. S. Pradhan 7-45 Raag Puria 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kalinga Vijay 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 March of Science (E) (between Dr. H. J. Taylor and Prof. D. Frazer 10-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin) 10-30 Baswaraj Rajguru (Puria).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Bhavgeeten 5-45 p.m. G. S. Yellapurkar (Multani) 6-15 Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Com. News 8-0 Indukumar Parekh (Geet Prahlad Parekh) 8-15 Marathi Songs (Bhavgeet S. Marathi) 9-0 Baswaraj Rajguru (Vocal) 9-30 Sheikhlal Qawwal and Party (Naat Altaf) 10-0

From TODAY!
CITY—LIGHT
....MATUNGA (B.B.)....
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
PRAKASH Picture
GHUNGHAT
NIRMALA
AROON, UMAKANT

UNPRECEDENTED CROWD FOR YESTERDAY'S BIGGEST SHOW
THE GREAT ROYAL
Circus
DAILY 2 SHOWS: 6 p.m. and 9 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holiday Extra Show at 3 p.m.
DON'T FAIL TO SEE
Prof. MOITRA,
Prof. NARAYANRAO,
Prof. MALI, SANDOW.
LIONS, TIGERS, ELEPHANTS, HORSES, DOGS, MONKEYS.
Advance Booking from 9 to 11 a.m.

City Architect's Mother Dead

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The death occurred this morning at 9-10 a.m. of Mrs. Satyabhamabai Laxman Kulkarni at the ripe old age of 85 years at Gopal Bhuwan, Sanjgiri Private Road (off Kashinath Dhuru Road) Dadar. She was the mother of Mr. G. L. Kulkarni, well-known city architect, and Prof. W. L. Kulkarni of Wilson College. The deceased leaves behind her two sons, their wives and six grand-children and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her death.

MR. V. L. MEHTA

Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Minister for Finance, Co-operation and Village Industries, will leave for Madhi via Surat on Monday, February 2 and return to Bombay on Wednesday morning (February 4.)

MR. MORARJI DESAI

Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, will leave on a tour of the Surat District on Sunday night (February 1) and return to Bombay on Wednesday morning (February 4).

The industrial dispute between the Raymound Woollen Mills, Thana and its employees has been referred to the arbitration of the Industrial Court under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.
Regular Air Service (Recommencing 31st January)
Between
BOMBAY AND JUNAGADH
with 21 SEATER DAKOTAS
ON MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS & SATURDAYS
Immediate special rail motor-trolley connection from KESHOD station to JUNAGADH, BANTAVA, SARADIYA, and VERAWAL.
Inquire:
SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
Phones: 21919 Scindia House 25744 Mandvi 86236 Juhu
Telegrams: AIRTAXIES

"Yes . . . when I ordered the paint I named the BRAND."
BE BRIGHT . . . SAY
Shalimar Paint
Shalimar Paint, Colour & Varnish Co. Ltd.,
14 BANK STREET, BOMBAY.

In remote antiquity when society was still in the savage state, trading consisted entirely of barter. You could, for instance, if you were a hunter exchange your tiger skin for a goat or buy a supply of grain or even get yourself a wife. And if none of the sellers wanted a tiger skin, you just could not buy anything at all!

Much as anyone wanted to save for the uncertain future, it was neither easy nor was it worthwhile. Because savings could take a strange shape: Stacks of bananas! Bags of grain! Flocks of sheep! Perishable savings, weren't they? And no dividends at the end of the year!

Today, however, neither purchasing nor saving presents much difficulty. The wise man prefers to save for the future instead of spending now and he invests his savings wisely. The money invested in National Savings Certificates is absolutely safe and it increases in value by 50% at maturity i.e. every Rs. 10/- becomes Rs. 15/- after twelve years. The interest is Income Tax free. *You can now invest any amount from Rs. 5/- to Rs. 15,000/-.* Small Savers can buy Savings Stamps for As. -/4/-. -/8/- and Re. 1/-.

SAVE FOR THE FUTURE
Buy NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
THE POPULAR INVESTMENT

Obtainable from Post Offices, Authorised Agents appointed by Government and Savings Bureaux.

"RAILWAY PRIORITY RACKET" UNEARTHED

91 Persons Arrested In December On Charges Of Corruption

A Press Communique of the Director of Information says:—

Complaints were persistently received from merchants in regard to the existence of a "Railway Priority Racket" and touts were busy at Victoria Terminus to arrange for the issue of railway priority certificates or for expediting such issues.

A certain merchant finding it impossible to get wagons through the official channels, finally negotiated a deal with the accused person through a manager of a ration shop at Matunga and a typist in the Chief Traffic Manager's Office, who managed with the accused for priority for 30 wagons for a sum of Rs. 3,000 as "black-money". On being informed of the matter, a trap was laid by the Anti-Corruption Branch. Marked money to the value of Rs. 1,500 was found on the person of each of the accused the money having been given by the brother of the complainant as pre-arranged. One of the two accused disclosed that Rs. 2,000 out of the amount was to be paid to the clerk in the Chief Traffic Manager's office and the Head Clerk in Railway Priorities office. Another trap was, therefore, set and Rs. 2,000 in marked notes were given culminating in the arrest of the clerk and the Head Clerk.

ARRESTS

During the month of December 1947, the Anti-Corruption and the Textile Branches of the Bombay C.I.D. took action against 91 persons of whom 15 were dealt with for offences relating to bribery and corruption, five for importing opium without a licence, one for sale of revolver one for cheating, four for breach of the motor spirit rationing regulations and the remaining 65 for contravention of the Textile Control orders.

Among those arrested was a supervisor of the British India Steam Navigation Co., was trapped on December 27, following his acceptance of an illegal gratification of Rs. 30 from a Karachi bound passenger for passing his luggage without being opened for examination by a Police Officer on duty. In this connection, a sub-Inspector of Police was placed under suspension from December 30.

Information was received by the Branch regarding the arrival of a consignment of contraband opium at Carnac Bunder Goods Yard, culminated in one of the biggest hauls of opium ever to be recorded in India, following the arrest of a gang of five Rampuri smugglers and the seizure of 480 pounds of opium valued at Rs. 48,000 at Government rates and worth over a lakh of rupees in the contraband market, effected by this Branch in collaboration with the Central Intelligence Section of the Prohibition Police.

A watch was kept at Carnac Bunder Goods Yard and on December 20 one of the gang who took delivery of the goods was arrested. The packages, instead of containing honey as marked thereon were found to contain 11 tins stuffed with opium weighing about 480 pounds. A man who is the brain behind this smuggling operation and three others were also arrested. Further action is being taken by the Prohibition Police.

CONVICTIONS:— Maruti Pandurang Masalkar, who had been arrested on December 5, 1947 for unlicenced possession of a revolver, was convicted under the Indian Arms Act and sentenced to suffer six months rigorous imprisonment.

Muichand Vassandmal, who had been charged for breach of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order 1945, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs 400/-, in default to suffer three months' simple imprisonment.

Rama Guni and Mohomed Ismail Haji Mahomed Ibrahim were convicted for breach of the Cotton Textile (Control of Movements) Order 1946 and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 300/- in default to suffer one month's simple imprisonment each.

Nenumal Khemchand was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 or suffer one month's simple imprisonment for the breach of Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1945.

Prabhudas Nathudas was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20 or suffer one week's simple imprisonment for breach of the Bombay Cloth Trade Regulation Order, 1945.

Chanculal Chottaram was convicted for breaches of the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order 1945, the Bombay Cotton Cloth Trade Regulation Order 1945 and the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order 1945 and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200/- or suffer one month's simple imprisonment on the first count, Rs. 100 or two weeks' simple imprisonment on the second count and Rs 100 or two weeks' simple imprisonment on the third count.

Hiralal Chunilal Khanawalla and Balwantrai Jayshankar were convicted for breach of the Cotton Cloth Trade Regulation Order, 1945, and sentenced as follows. The first accused was fined Rs 10 in default to suffer two days' simple imprisonment and the second accused was fined Rs. 50/-, in default to suffer one week's simple imprisonment.

GOLD AND SILVER PRICES

The following letter has been addressed to the Honourable Finance Member, Bombay Government, Bombay.

Respected Sir,

I beg to introduce myself as one of the merchants of Bombay.

Your Honour are well aware that there was a profiteering and hoarding Ordinance on all the articles some time back. Prices of all the commodities then came down to a reasonably low levels.

To-day Gold and Silver prices are unfortunately uncontrolled so, much so that there are three markets running in Bombay on purely speculative basis. These three rings have no uniform rates. The traders in the ring know only one thing "To live on account and risks of the poor." No doubt, there are allurements but these are just like mirage. The poor citizen falls an easy prey to these grey hounds who have no compassion at heart for the fate of poor and innocent outsiders jobbing in the rings. Open looting under the garb of bonafide trade is being carried on in the province where the rulers are Congressites!

A particular section of Marwari community in general forms a syndicate of 3/4 big parties, who always take delivery of ready silver or gold aggregating to 20,000 to 25,000 bars or thousands of tolas of gold and sell forward in the next settlement, the same lot at a huge profit. There is always a badla of Rs. 3/- to Rs. 4/- in silver between one settlement and the other. Thus these syndicates with money in hand always pounce upon the pockets of the poor mass, who have no holding capacity, by keeping the prices on the higher levels to their entire advantage.

Really speaking, there is no actual demand of Gold and Silver at such abnormal prices as the general public have no capacity at such levels to buy even one tola. The imports in Bombay are very poor. There are no bonafide buyers, yet the prices are kept at higher levels by these speculators. Why? Because the bulls of these syndicates, by the force of their money, want the prices higher to meet their own end.

It is a pity that the National Government, in spite of their knowledge of this state of affairs, before their own eyes allow such lawful gambling, which results in the wholesale massacre of the poor mass.

I wish that in the interest of the public, all these three rings, trading in Gold and Silver must be ordered to be closed for good, if the popular Government wishes that there should not be any fuss of the type, as narrated above.

It is also recommended that the authorities should order all the Banks not to advance any loans on Silver and Gold. This will seriously discourage rampant speculation in the City and elsewhere.

Your honour must be fully aware that comparatively with the rates of Gold & Silver throughout the world, prices of the same are much higher in India. Why? Because of the unruly activities of these Marwari Groups, who gamble in these commodities by the force of their wealth. "Money makes the mare go." This proverb is 100 per cent right, as far as the activities of these speculators in these three markets are concerned.

I sincerely wish that the Popular Ministry will once for all eradicate this social evil, which sucks the blood of so many innocent persons daily and ruin the family lives of thousands every year. Such holy action will receive the public support and the Ministry will receive the blessings of all, who really believe in real trade.

Thanking you very much in advance for your patient reading of the above notes, and wishing that some concrete will be done in the welfare of the community,

Believe me to be,

Yours most obediently,

SAKRABHAI MOTILAL.

WORLD'S ILLITERACY

Revealing Figures In U.N.E.S.C.O. Report

The problem of illiteracy is essentially a problem of lack of general knowledge and it cannot be solved only by teaching children and adults how to read and write.

Lack of knowledge is one of the main causes of the backward conditions in which people in several parts of the world are still living. This should not be considered as an isolated fact, but as a special aspect of a community which in various respects has been checked in its development.

This backwardness is usually demonstrated by small production-capacity, absence of industry, little export under-developed traffic system, lack of capital, low standard of living and unfavourable hygienic conditions.

A radical social and economic elevation of a people is only possible if the question of elementary education, including illiteracy, has been brought to a solution.

The world-wide importance of this problem may be illustrated by the fact that the UNESCO on its educational agenda has given first preference to the fundamental education of the backward peoples. Not only Asia and Africa are included in this programme, but also Russia and the States of Central and South-America.

(The following figures are derived from a report of Dr. Frank C. Laubach to the UNESCO, dated 22-7-46)

About 60 per cent of the world's population is still illiterate. In Asia the percentage is 80 to 90 per cent, in Africa 95 per cent, in South America (among the Red Indians) 90 per cent.

EUROPE

In Europe, illiteracy is practically non-existent in the following countries.

Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland the Netherlands, Switzerland and Germany.

In England and Scotland one per cent of the Army-recruits turned out to be illiterate.

For the other countries illiteracy figures are: Italy 27 per cent, Spain 46 per cent, Portugal 54 per cent, Bulgaria 55 per cent, France 7 per cent and Belgium 8 per cent.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

In the U.S.A. illiteracy varies according to the origin of the various groups of population.

Among the white population born in the U.S.A. the figure is 1½ per cent among the negroes born in the U.S.A. 16 per cent, among the white population born ontside the U.S.A. 9 per cent.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

In Australia and New Zealand illiteracy amounts to 5 per cent.

SOUTH AMERICA:

Illiteracy percentages in South America are:

Argentine 13 per cent, British Guiana and Chile 50 per cent, Brazil 15 per cent, Cuba 53 per cent, Mexico 62 per cent, Peru 53 per cent.

ASIA

Illiteracy in Japan is 1 per cent, in India 88 per cent, in Siam 51 per cent and in China 80 per cent.

INDONESIA

According to the last census in Indonesia (1930) about 6 per cent of the population was literate. It is estimated that in the following 10 years this percentage increased to about 11 per cent.

ELIMINATE ANTI-SOCIAL ELEMENTS

Ratilal Gandhi's Call To Mercantile Community

BOMBAY, Thursday:

Mr. Ratilal Gandhi retiring President of the Indian Merchants Chamber, today called upon industrialists and merchants to realise their proper role and function in society and pleaded that they should see to it that the removal of controls did not let loose "forces of an anti-social character."

In a lengthy survey of economic and political developments made at the annual general meeting of the Chamber and after welcoming the new President, Mr. Ramdas Kilachand, he said: "This Chamber had expressed itself in favour of the handling and distribution of supplies being left to normal channels of trade and cannot, therefore, but welcome the decisions of Government to do away with controls. At the same time a heavy responsibility is placed on the industrialists and the merchants. Prices should not be allowed to rise and all efforts should be made to see that available supplies move freely and reach those who need them on terms and conditions which are fair and open. I consider it a solemn duty that the industrial and commercial community of the land should show a full appreciation of their responsibility to the public and even at the risk of some measure of self-denial take all steps to ensure that the policy of decontrol works satisfactorily and does not impose any increased burden or hardship on the common man."

Mr. Gandhi hoped that the recently agreed Industrial Truce would help in the recognition of the rights of labour but held that industrial production should be sought to be raised by other means also, such as by encouraging the import of raw materials irrespective of the exchange difficulty. He believed that an approach towards this end could be made to the International Bank for Reconstruction.

The retiring President expressed the view that a clear enunciation of the economic policy by Government would be desirable and in this connection said that an assurance to private enterprise of full and fair opportunities in the organisation of industrial and economic activities would go a long way towards quickening the progress of the country's developmental plans and programmes.

Mr. Ramdas Kilachand the new President of the Chamber, referred to the Government restrictions on the export of Indian cotton to a few varieties and the enhanced export duties and said that the cumulative effec of the changes would be that India "may permanently lose some of her export markets for cotton and that the Indian cottol grower may find his interests jeopardised by the downward pressure on cotton prices." He described the restrictions as a blow to the cotton cultivator and the future of the cotton trade of the country.

He hoped that the Electric Supply Bill would be modified by Government in a manner fair to the consumer of electricity as well as to the investor who had sunk his money in electricity undertakings.

Appeals To Privy Council

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Dixit)

Two applications for leave to appeal to the Privy Council—one by Jamshedji A. H. Chinoy and the other by Edulji F. E. Dinshaw and his sister Bachubai—from a judgment of an appellate bench of the Bombay High Court came up before Their Lordships.

These applications arose out of a suit for specific performance of a contract for the sale of 1200 "A" and "B" (collective) shares of F. E. Dinshaw Ltd. to the plaintiff by Shapurji Pallonji acting on behalf of both Edulji F. E. Dinshaw and his sister Bachubai.

Defendants 3 to 71 (Ambalal Sarabhai and others who had subsequently purchased the same shares from Edulji and Bachubai) had already been granted leave to appeal to the Privy Council from the decision of the Appeal Court. The plaintiff Jamshedji A. H. Chinoy and defendants 1 and 2 Edulji F. E. Dinshaw and Bachubai also now applied for leave to appeal to the Privy Council from that decision. Their Lordships granted the leave sought and also directed that these two appeals be consolidated with the appeal already filed by defendants 3 to 71, conditional on the record being transmitted to the Privy Council by 31st January, 1948 in view of the Federal Court (Eniargement of Jurisdiction) Act (I of 1948). Section 4 of that Act enacted that all proceedings in connection with appeals to the Privy Council shall be deemed to be proceedings to the Federal Court, unless the records pertaining to such appeals have been transmitted to the High Court by 31st January, 1948.

Mr. V. F. Taraporevala instructed by Messrs. Kanga & Co. appeared for Chinoy.

The Advocate-General instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for Edulji and Bachubai.

Mr. M. L. Maneksha instructed by Messrs. Payne & Co. appeared for Ambalal Sarabhai and other defendants.

DIFFUSION OF INDIAN CULTURE IN GREAT BRITAIN

Appeal By Indo-British Goodwill Mission

Swami Avyaktananda, Chairman, The Indo-British Goodwill and Cultural Mission to India (c/o Ramakrishna Math, Mylapore, Madras 4), writes:

The work of the Indo-British Goodwill and Cultural Mission to India will be over in April, 1948, and I intend to return to England by the first week of May.

Some of my esteemed friends who are lovers of India have suggested to me that a lecture tour for the diffusion of Indian Culture should be arranged in Britain after my return.

Preliminary arrangements are being made for such a tour with the help of five London societies: the Society for Cultural Fellowship with India, the Indian Cultural Unity Movement, the League for the Federation of Mankind, the Vedanta Society and the International Animal Service.

The objects of this tour will be:

(1) To spread the ideas of the philosophical systems, religions and cultures of India.

(2) To present the ideals of Indian art, music, literature and folklore to the British public.

(3) To propagate the teachings and the ideals of animal welfare of the Jainas, the Buddhists, the Vaishnavas and others.

(4) To discuss the Indian outlook on life and the ideals of Indian family life.

(5) To let the British public know of the cultural and nation-building activities of modern India.

To make this cultural work a success we shall seek the moral support of British institutions such as the Universities, County Councils, Christian Associations, public schools, churches, religious organisations, the Trade Union Movement, the Co-operative Movement, the Adult School Union, the Workers' Educational Association, Education Committees, Youth Hostels and Clubs, and the Students' Union.

It is possible to organise this work on a small scale without seeking financial help from India. But if it is to be organised on a large scale for a period of about six months in England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, we shall need about two thousand pounds for expenses of printing, hiring of halls, board and lodging, travelling, etc.

Our British and Indian friends in Britain, who have financially help the Indo-British Goodwill Mission, will not be in a position to help in this new work. Any help that is given will be acknowledged by me, as well as by the Organising Committee in Britain.

Nira Shops In City

The Government of Bombay has, as a part of its prohibition plan, decided to popularise the use of pure and unfermented nira as a health-giving, wholesome and pleasant beverage. Accordingly, the sale of such nira has been authorised under Government supervision at the following places in the city of Bombay.

1. Welankar Hotel, Opposite Majestic Cinema, Girgaum Road; 2. Kelkar Vishranti Graha, Hornby Road, Near Victoria Terminus; 3. Navjivan Sangh, Wagh Wadi, Kalbadevi; 4. B. Tambe, Ltd., Hamam Street, Opposite Share Bazar, Fort; 5. Kamat Hindu Hotel, Sai Rasta, Mahalaxmi; 6. Sadanand Upahar Graha, Kumbharwada, Null Bazar; 7. B. Tambe, Ltd., Thakurdwar. 8. B. Tambe, Ltd., Central Building, Queen's Road; 9. Dadar Hindu Hotel, Curry Road, Bombay; 10. Grant Road Rest House, Sleater Road, Grant Road; 11. Sadanand Hindu Hotel, Dadar (G. I. P.); 12. Colaba Santosh Bhuvan, Navroji Street, Colaba, Bombay; 13. The Bombay Hindu Hotel, Shikkanagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4; 14. Damodar Boarding House, Mulraj Bhuwan, King Edward Road, Sewri, Bombay; 15. Sjt. Vyankatesh Subrao Prabhu, Elphinstone Estate, Plot No. 8, Opposite Clock Tower, Prere Road, Bombay; 16. Rashtriya Hindu Vidyarthi Graha, Fanaswadi, Bombay 2; 17. Nityanand Upahargraha, 79/81, Khetwadi Main Road, Ardesar Dady Street Corner, Bombay 4; 18. Ram-Bharose Hindu Hotel, Habib Building, Play House, Grant Road Corner, Bombay 7; 19. Shah-Shivaji Hindu Hotel, Delisle Road, Bombay No. 13.

The Bill providing for the prevention of fragmentation of agricultural holdings and for their consolidition has received the assent of the Governor-General and has become Law. Similarly, the Bill to provide for compulsory education and to make better position for the management and control of primary education in the Province has become an Act, after having received the assent of the Governor of Bombay. Both the Acts have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette dated January 29, 1948.

University For Gujarat

Dr. G. K. Naik's Appeal To Multi-Millionaires

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 26.

"The tempo for increasing keen interest by the educated public of Ahmedabad, in the establishment of a separate Regional University for Gujarat, was in evidence at a special "Symposium" organised by the Seth Lalbhai Dalpatbhai College, under the aegis of the local collegiate institutions, to discuss the lines along which the present university education needed reconstruction to enable educated youths in free India, to contribute towards strengthening the bonds of unity in the country and make its nationals happy and prosperous", observed Dr. K. G. Naik, Principal, L. D. Arts College and M. G. Science Institute, Ahmedabad, on the College Annual Day, when the Hon'ble Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister was invited as the Chief Guest.

After recounting the progress of the Institution and the honours won by its 'alumni' in the various fields of education, athletics and other collegiate activities, Dr. Naik referred to the various achievements of the Ahmedabad Education Society, which is now maintaining and running four first grade colleges of which, specially, the L. M. College of Pharmacy, was established in June, 1947, as a result of a donation of rupees three lakhs by the family of the late Sheth Lallubhai Motilal of Ahmedabad. Over and above this donation, the Society will have to spend some ten lakhs of rupees, for establishing a first-rate Pharmaceutical Institution, both for teaching and research, which would help the establishment of the Pharmaceutical Industry, sorely needed by the country. He appealed to the Government of Bombay for the above help to the Society. Dr. Naik thanked the Government of Bombay for founding, and agreeing to maintain the College of Agriculture at Anand (Gujarat), by accepting a donation of rupees five lakhs from Sheth Amratlal Hargovandas of Ahmedabad. Recently Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai offered a donation of rupees twenty lakhs for a College of Engineering at Ahmedabad, to the Government of Bombay, which agreed to contribute an equal amount and maintain a first-rate College of Engineering at Ahmedabad.

Dr. Naik emphasised the pressing demand for a College of Chemical Technology, for the future Gujarat University.

He appealed to the multi-millionaries in the city to contribute about twenty-five lakhs of rupees for the purpose and strengthen request to be made to the Government of India to supplement the same, by an equal amount.

The establishment of all these institutions of national importance, is a 'sine quo non' for the Gujarat University and these will pay hundred fold returns not only to Gujarat but also to our country, if ever it is to be self-dependent.

MEDIUM OF EDUCATION.

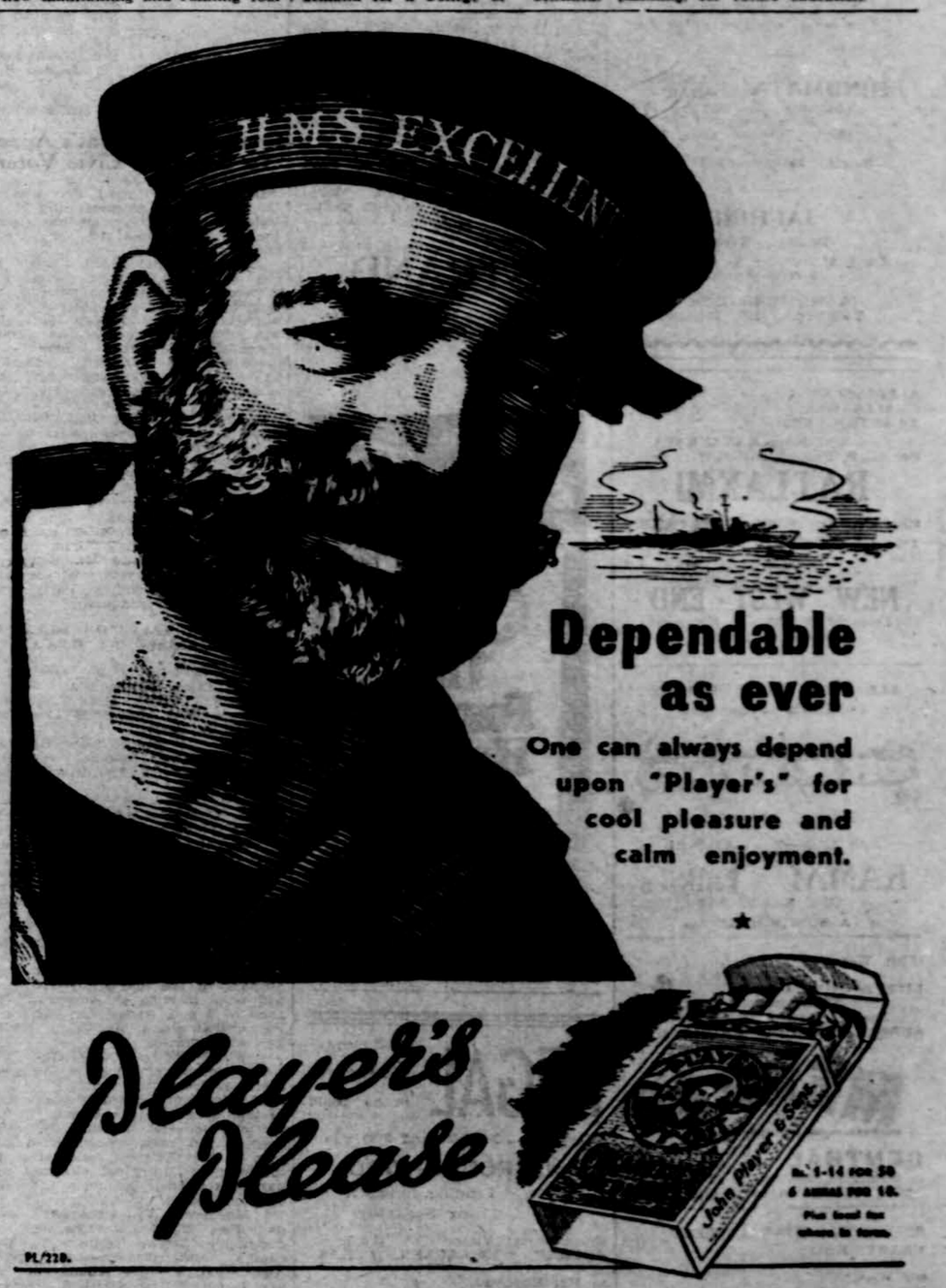
The deliberations at the Symposium, Dr. Naik pointed out, clearly indicated that the future University for Gujarat should aim at imparting education through the medium of the language of the province of Gujarat. The future University should also maintain contact with the growing needs of Society, if need be, by creating a special Committee of citizens to advise the University in its planning, for future education.

DISLOCATION OF B. B. & C. I. TRAIN SERVICE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Suburbanite members of the City's white-collard fraternity reached their offices late this morning because of an hour-long disorganisation of the suburban line of the B.B. & C.I. Railway.

The dislocation of traffic, was it is learnt due to some mechanical trouble in a coach.


H.M.S. EXCELLENT
Dependable as ever
One can always depend upon "Player's" for cool pleasure and calm enjoyment.
Player's Please
John Player & Sons
PL/228.

Ex-President Forms New Iraqi Cabinet

FORMER PREMIER LEAVES FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION

Opposition Against Portsmouth Treaty Gains Ground

BAGDAD, January 29, (Reuter): Syid Mohamed Alsaader, former President of the Iraqi Senate, today formed a new Cabinet to replace that of Saleh Jabar which resigned after riots over the recently-signed Anglo-Iraq Treaty.

Political parties today agreed to support the new cabinet, which included three ex-premiers, Jamal al Madfai, Arshad al Umari, and Hamdi Pachachi; two members of the constitutional front, Sheikh Rida al Habib, and Nasrat al Farisi; leader of the independence party, Mohammed Madi Kuba; the Deputy President of the Senate, Sadiq al Bassam, Senators Mustafa al Umari, Daoud al Haudari, and Mohamed al Amir, and member of parliament Najid al Raeti.

BAGDAD, Jan. 29 (Reuter): Death roll in the Bagdad rioting which led to the fall of the Government of Saleh Jabr, signatory of last week's new Anglo-Iraq Treaty, mounted to 29 last night with the death in hospital of ten more injured demonstrators.

The former Premier left Bagdad yesterday for the R.A.F. base at Habbaniyah to fly to an unknown destination.

Fifty women demonstrators were injured, some seriously, in the riots which, like last week's were directed against the new treaty.

Police casualties included 70 injured.

The National Democratic, Liberal and Independence parties, who all declared themselves opposed to the Anglo-Iraqi treaty, said in a joint declaration last night: "Responsibility for the recent bloodshed in the country lies with the politicians who ignored the demands and just rights of the nation.

"The parties demand the immediate abolition of the Portsmouth Treaty.

"They demand an investigation into the responsibility for machine-gunning of demonstrators, the dismissal of the present parliament and the election of a free parliament, respect for the constitutional rights of the nation, freedom for political parties' activities, and a prompt supply of bread for the nation with a solution of the present shortage.

"The parties are ready to co-operate with any politician able to fulfil these demands.

OIL TANK EXPLODES

CHICAGO, Jan. 29 (Reuter): Oil tank explosions were reported to have levelled a square block area of the Chicago suburb of Cicero today.

An eye witness said he saw one huge tank go up, and that three others, all of 2,000 gallon capacity, follow it.

The storage tanks are owned by the Certified Oil Company, a Socony Vaccuum affiliate.

Early reports said there were no casualties.

Nehru Cabinet Faces Crisis?

Tory Paper's Story About Differences Between Big Two

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29 (I.P.A.): Informed circles here are apprehensive of an imminent split in the Nehru Cabinet.

Mr. Colin Reid, "Daily Telegraph's" New Delhi Correspondent cabling to his paper said that Gandhiji's fast had uncovered Nehru-Patel conflict. This conflict was threatening to develop into a major political crisis and may result in a complete reshuffle of the Cabinet.

Following this, political quarters here are speculating whether Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Commerce Minister, is likely to continue. Sometime ago, his reported resignation gave indications as to a possibility of including Mr. R. K. Sidhwa in the Cabinet. Mr. Bhabha is understood to have pressed his resignation, but Sardar Patel has presuaded Mr. Bhabha to continue.

Left-Wing circles interpret Mr. Bhabha's resignation as a "threat from Big Business" to the vacillating policy of Pandit Nehru towards industrialists and control.

External affairs under Pandit Nehru is also likely to be overhauled. It is believed the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar is appointed as Ambassador to the United States replacing Mr. Asaf Ali.

The portfolio of Defence may change hands and the Maharaj of Patiala is mentioned as a possible minister.

Sources close to Mahatma Gandhi, it is learnt, are trying to avoid this major political crisis.

The efforts to try to oust Nationalist Moslems from positions has, it is further understood, given a helping hand to Nehru to fight this move.

The position Pandit Nehru enjoys today in International Affairs has solely lent him solid support to vindicate the honour of India.

"J. P." CRITICISES CONGRESS

"Mere Words Or Threats Will Not Bring About Industrial Truce"

NEW, DELHI, Jan. 28. (API): The Congress Working Committee's resolution on the labour situation in the country is "laughable," says Mr. Jai Prakash Narain the Socialist leader, in a statement. It reads:

There are able men in the Working Committee, but they seem to have lost touch with reality.

Industrial truce, at least during these critical times, is a proposition that has been accepted by all parties in the country, except by the Communists. But mere words, or threats in the fashion of Sardar Patel, cannot bring about this truce.

The recent Industries Conference laid down certain very commendable principles as essential for a truce between labour and capital. But the principles have so far remained on paper.

The Working Committee apparently thinks that it was enough to have passed resolutions. The worker, however wants tangible evidence that the principles were meant seriously and are being applied.

It is foolish to believe that the workers have no regard for the national interest and are not actuated by patriotism. But he can hardly work up any enthusiasm when he finds that, while he is treated to sermons and threats, the profiteers are getting on merrily with their loot and corruption, and the salaries at the top, where patriotism is the stock-in-trade, have been placed so iniquitously high.

NEED FOR SACRIFICES

Building up of India requires sacrifices, but for the sacrifices to be forthcoming, they must be equitably shared. The worker must be made to feel that he is working for the country and not the profit-seeker. He must be given a share in the management and control of industry.

The basic problems that face him as a worker, such as that of a living wage, must be settled. There must be machinery for the speedy and just settlement of day-to-day disputes.

All these conditions were conceded by the Industries Conference. Fair wages, control of profits, national, regional and functional joint boards, works councils were all conceived in the fine resolutions of the conference. But, though it is some time now since those pious decisions were made nothing tangible has yet been done.

The Working Committee, instead of meeting periodically and making pontifical declarations, should get down to business and do something concrete.

Bandits Rob Passengers Of Lakhs Of Yen

TOKIO, Jan. 29 (Reuter).—About 150 bandits held up a train at pistol point, 100 miles north of Tokio yesterday, and robbed 2,000 passengers of hundreds of thousands of yen, police disclosed here today.

The bandits boarded the train at various points and when all had assembled held up the passengers. Police believe the gang consisted mostly of 'teen age robbers led by a 28-year old man. Passengers said there were about 20 young girls among the bandits, as well as schoolboys.

The raid took place as Japan's greatest police hunt was under way for the man, who earlier this week entered a Tokio bank and poisoned most of the staff.

DARWIN, Jan. 29 (Reuter)—A Burmese public service organisation of three men flew here today to begin a month's tour observing the working of the Australian constitution, public service organisation and the Trade Union movement.

The commission is headed by U. Lun Baw, former President of the Burma Trade Union organisation.

Acheson Accuses Russia

Charges Her With Hampering European Recovery Plan

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (Reuter)—Mr. Dean Acheson, former United States Under-Secretary of State, told the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee today that "the European recovery programme is the first line of American Security."

Russia was doing its utmost to prevent recovery in Europe Mr. Acheson declared but predicted that relations between the Soviet Union and the United States would improve once Western Europe again had become self-supporting.

He urged Congress to approve the full 6,800 million dollars asked by the administration for the first 15 months' operation of the recovery programme.

The National Association of Manufacturers urged today in Congress that Marshall Plan Aid should be withheld from nations planning to place more industries under Government control.

In a statement prepared for the House of Foreign Affairs Committee, the Association whose interlocking directorates control all of the nations major industries and most of its large banks, also urged that a "non-political" board be set up to manage the Marshall Plan, independently of the State Department.

Former Senator Robert Lafollette appeared before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today in support of the Marshall Plan, and pleaded for its being administered by the State Department.

Russian Protest To America And Britain

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29 (Reuter)—Russia has protested to Britain and America over their plans to reopen Mellaha airfield near Tripoli, but indications here today were that the complaint would be rejected.

United States Government officials said United States and Britain believed they had full legal right to put a wartime airfield back into use pending decision on the future of former Italian colonies in North Africa.

It was stressed here that the proposals for reopening the airfield was a peaceable one of providing for refuelling and servicing of planes servicing American missions in the Middle East.

U. P. Congressmen Suspended

Worked For Independent Candidate In Elections

LUCKNOW, Jan. 28 (A.P.I.)—The United Provinces Congress Committee has suspended eight Congressmen for opposing the Congress candidate in the election to the U. P. Legislative Assembly from the Dupaba Constituency, Allahabad.

It is alleged that they "sided" with the Independent candidate and worked for him.

HELPING REFUGEES TO RE-START BUSINESS

E. Punjab Govt. To Grant Loans

JULLUNDUR, Jan. 28 (A.P.I.)—An Ordinance called the East Punjab Refugees Rehabilitation Loans and Grants Ordinance towards helping refugees to restart their business and profession in the province.

Under this ordinance loans and grants may be made upto rupees five thousand and rupees five hundred respectively to individual refugees or to firms or companies of refugees.

Application for loan or grant may be made by any refugee to the Deputy Commissioner within whose jurisdiction he resides or intends to carry on his business or profession stating amount desired, purpose for which it is required and proposed manner of repayment of loan if granted.

MORE FORWARD BLOCISTS ARRESTED

KANPUR, Jan. 28 API).—Nineteen more Forward Bloc workers courted arrest in front of the City Kotwali today by defying orders under section 144 (ban on meetings and processions without previous per...ission).

They came in two batches of twelve and seven each and marched in processions, shouting slogans for the release of Mr. Vishambhar Dayal Tripathi, President of the U.P. Forward Bloc and a member of the Constituent Assembly who was arrested for defying the ban on Netaji Subhas Bose's birthday.

Netaji's Newspapers Wanted For All-India Exhibition

Mr. Amal Home, Organising Secretary of the All-India Exhibition, announces that arrangements are being made for a special display of the various newspapers and periodicals published under the auspices of the Azad Hind State of Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose and also at Singapore and other parts of East Asia. The Subhas Institute of Culture has been approached for these papers, and the Committee of the Exhibition will be very happy to receive such papers and periodicals from Ex-members of the I.N. A.

Every care of these historic papers will be taken and suitably acknowledged. Intending exhibitors are requested to contact and communicate with Mr. Amal Home at the new office of the Newspapers and Periodicals Section in the former Rest Camp of the American Army personnel opp. Grand Hotel on Chowringhee.

AGRARIAN TROUBLE IN FIVE MADRAS VILLAGES

Sequel To Dispute Between Land-Owners And Cultivators: Govt. Attach Lands

TRICHINOPOLY, Jan. 28. (A.P.I.): At a time when Madras province is experiencing acute food shortage, agrarian trouble has broken out in five rich rice-producing villages in the Trichinopoly district of the Madras Presidency. As a result of this, harvesting of about two thousand acres of first class double crop ,wetlands in the district, expected to yield about 40,000 kalams of paddy for this season alone, was at one time threatened.

An order under Section 145 Cr. P.C. has been promulgated under which all crops and lands in four villages have been attached by the Government. Harvesting is now proceeding satisfactorily in these villages with the help of the police. High police and Revenue Officials are constantly visiting these villages and a few contingents of police have been stationed in each village.

CLAIM OF CULTIVATORS.

Trouble arose as a result of a dispute between rich landowners called Mirasdars and lessees (cultivators) over their respective share of the produce. The lessees claimed that owing to increased cost of cultivation, the Mirasdars should not insist on their quota of produce as agreed to but should certain concessions towards them. The Mirasdars stated that they could not agree to any reduction of their share of produce as the crop of the previous harvest had been quite good and this harvest too was expected to be the same. According to the Mirasdars, the lessees under the instigation of the Socialists sent them, a month ago, notices informing them that they (the lessees) would take two-thirds of the produce and give them only one-third. Fearing trouble the Mirasdars reported the matter to the Collector of Trichinopoly. Both the Collector and a few Congressmen tried to settle the dispute but failed. In order to save the crops, the Government attached both the crop and the lands.

The Collector of Trichinopoly informed the A.P.I. that Section 145 Cr. P. C. had been promulgated purely as a temporary measure and efforts were still being made to bring about a compromise. He stated that a settlement had been reached in respect of one village and he was confident that the dispute would be amicably settled soon in other villages. Meanwhile the Collector has issued an appeal to the Mirasdars of the district to "read the signs of the times" and to deal generously with the poor lessees and cultivators. The Collector says in the appeal:—"The Mirasdars must give while the giving is good. They must show they are performing a useful function in society by constantly improving the agricultural production. If the labour population feels that the Mirasdars are taking a paternal interest in their welfare, no one will be able to create a split between the two.

WOMEN MARCH TO SECRETARIAT

Protest Against Ration Cut In W. Bengal

CALCUTTA Jan. 29. (API): Demanding more food, over a thousand housewives of Calcutta several of them in burqa, held a demonstration in front of the Bengal Secretariat today when the new Cabinet headed by Dr. B. C. Roy was holding its first meeting.

The demonstrators, drawn from different parts of the city, urged for the restoration of the recent ration cut, stoppage of retrenchment of their husbands and other breadearners from Government service, and sufficient food for their children.

Soon after the Cabinet meeting four representatives of the women met the Premier. Dr. B.C. Roy and the Food Minister, Mr. Prafulla Sen, and discussed with them the prevailing food scarcity in the city. They pointed out to the Ministers that the present weekly ration quota of three and a half pound per head was hardly sufficient for three days. How were they going to feed their husbands and children for the remaining four days, they asked.

Later, the Premier, accompanied by the Food Minister addressed the demonstrators, whose numbers had by then swelled to several thousands, many office-goers and sightseers joining them.

Addressing the crowd outside over the microphone supplied by the demonstrators, the Premier Dr. Roy admitted that the present ration quota of eight ounces per head per day was too small a quantity, and he was not satisfied with it. He held the view that an amount of 16 ounces of cereals should be provided for if Government were to relieve the distress of the people, and he was taking steps in that direction.

Jagadguru Shankaracharya Leaves For Allahabad

(From A Correspondent)

KALOL, January 29:

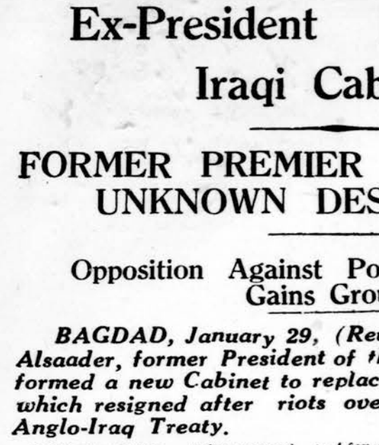
His Holiness Jagadguru Shankaracharya of Shardapeth, Dwarka, started from Devgad Baria on Monday (28th inst.) A grand send off was given to him by the State and public. He arrived in Kalol the same evening and a grand reception was given there. He delivered lectures. He will reach Allahabad by air on or about 3rd February for the Seventh annual conference of All-India Dharma Shangha, All India Sadhu Sammelan and a general conference will be held there on the Kumbhamela occassion.

33 Killed In Plane Crash

FRESNO (California) January 28 (Reuter)—Thirty-three persons were killed when an airliner crashed in the Los Gatos Canyon, Fresno County, today.

Civil aeronautics administration officials at Oakland said that the crashed plane left Oakland airport this morning with 28 Mexicans all agricultural workers, a United States immigration department, guard and a crew of four.

By 7-30 p.m. G.M.T. 19 bodies had been removed from the smoking wreckage.



USE

HUME PIPE

ARTICLES

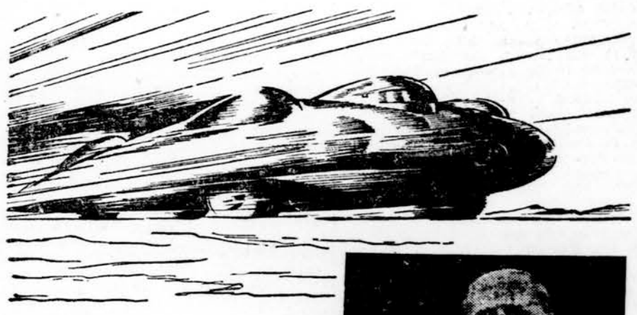
Factories:

All over India and at Rangoon and Colombo

Write to:

THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.

H. O.—CONSTRUCTION HOUSE, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.



★

WORLD'S FASTEST TYRES

★

In September, 1947, John Cobb set up a new world record by driving his Dunlop-shod Napier Railton car at the breath-taking speed of 394.196 m. p. h. Commenting on the performance of his Dunlop tyres, Cobb says : "The tyres were absolutely unmarked, Really, I can only say they were fantastically good."

The Dunlop gain in craftsmanship and knowledge acquired in equipping this and every other record-bid since 1929 is the EXTRA EXPERIENCE which makes Dunlop the leading tyre.

DUNLOP RUBBER CO.(INDIA) LTD.

DSX-2

A Pleasure Drive

LODHRA for Ladies' Health

Life is for living. If the wife is healthy and vigorous she can make a heaven of family life. Lodhra helps women to drive away feminine ailments.

Lodhra Agency NEO-UNITED SURGICALS

9, Vithaldas Road, 2nd Floor, Bulahhidas Building, BOMBAY, 2.

POISONED WOUNDS, CUTS, SCALDS, BURNS

Soothed—Purified—Healed

NEGLECTED wounds can quickly spread poison through the whole body, perhaps with fatal results. For safe, quick healing, you should treat the affected part with Zam-Buk, the world's greatest antiseptic healer, and cover with a clean bandage.

The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk are wonderfully soothing. They are also antiseptic, cleansing the wound of poison and germ infection. That is the first step to safe healing. Quickly the diseased or damaged skin tissues are restored to health, and the skin soon becomes strong and sound again.

Zam-Buk is excellent for treatment of all skin injuries and diseases, from pimples and rashes to serious cases of flesh-eating ulcers, psoriasis, eczema, bad legs and foot sores—keep a box always handy!

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fat.

Use Zam-Buk

WORLD - FAMOUS HERBAL OINTMENT

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & CO., Ltd. P. O. Box 937, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY RACES

BOMBAY MEETING—2nd DAY

SATURDAY—31st JANUARY, 1948

ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA — GOVERNOR'S CUP

1st Enclosures: Gentleman Rs. 5 0 0; Lady Rs. 3 0 0

2nd Enclosures: Rs. 3 0 0

RACING UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 29 (A.P.I.)—The following is the daily weather chart, showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall, in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st November 1947 and departure from the normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 29th January, 1948:—

Ahmedabad 89 63 0 4.4 plus 4.1, Ahmednagar 87 64 0 2.2 plus 0.6, Allahabad 78 55 0 0.5—1.0, Baroda 96 56 0 0.2—Bhopal 82 61 0.5 4.1 plus 2.7, Bhuj 81 54 0 0.6 plus 0.4, Bombay 83 70 0 0.3—0.4, Calcutta 81 56 0 1.9 plus 0.5, Cawnpore 72 54 0 3.2 plus 2.1, Delhi 68 50 0 2.6 plus 1.2, Hyderabad Dn. Nil Jacobabad 78 43 0 0—0.4, Jubbulpore 87 60 0.6 1.3—0.3, Karachi nil, Lahore 75 43 00.7 —0.9 Lucknow 74 52 0 1.20, Madras 84 69 0 4.5—15.2, Mysore 84 63 02.3—1.0 Nagpur nil, Patna 77 55 0 0.3—0.7, Peshawar 69 49 0 0.4—1.9, Poona 91 63 0 1.9 plus 0.5, Quetta nil. Rajkot 86 52 0 0.1—0.2, Surat 87 63 0 0.1—0.4.

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 29, (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday the 29th January 1948.

The westearn disturbance is moving eastwards across the East Punjab Hill.

Thunder-rain has been widespread in the north central provinces and local in the West United Provinces, in and near Central India and in East Rajputana. A few falls have also been reported from the Punjab Kashmir and along Coromandel Coast. Night temperatures were above normal over the whole country being markedly so in the Central Provinces and Central India.

Forecast until the 30th evening: Thundershowers will occur locally in Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the North Central Provinces and East Central India and at a few stations in the East United Provinces and Berar. A few falls of rain or snow may occur in East Punjab Hills and Kashmir.

Earthquake Shocks Recorded

POONA Jan. 29 (A.P.I.)—Two earthquake shocks of moderate intensity at their origins with epicentres about 3,700 and 1,345 miles away from Poona were recorded by the seismograph in the Meteorological Office Poona at 9-27 a.m. and 9.26 p.m. Indian Standard Time respectively yesterday.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Criticism never hurts anyone. If false, it can't hurt you unless you are wanting in character. If true, it shows a man his weak points and forewarns him against failure and trouble.

—Gladstone.

The Bombay Chronicle

NEW FOOD POLICY

Food officials at the Centre are reported to have expressed "cautious confidence" in their ability to meet the food situation in the country. Not much caution was in evidence in the sudden removal of control in most parts of the country under pressure from the Central Government. Caution is more evident in the deficit States like Mysore, Travancore and Cochin, which have not introduced any measure of decontrol. In an effort to reassure the Legislature on Wednesday Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, the new Food Minister, said that the efforts of the Government were to maintain adequate food stocks and to push forward well-considered schemes for increasing food production. We wonder if there were adequate food stocks when decontrol was suddenly decided upon. As regards production plans, let us hope they will be more successful than Government plans have been in the past. It appears that Mr. Jairamdas's land development bill applies only to Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara. The Centre can do a great deal for food production all over the country. And the public will be relieved to learn that a number of schemes of increased production are being discussed.

As regards the effects of decontrol the champions of that policy themselves are said to be feeling that "any judgment at present on the effects of the revised policy is premature." This is virtually a disapproval of the tendency in some quarters to parade before the public one-sided figures to make out that decontrol has already been vindicated. Capital is still being made of the fact that grain prices are now below the old black-market rates. But this is a disingenuous plea, as the present legalised black-market prices in the sense of prices unconscionably above cost of production cannot but be lower than the old illegal black-market prices. But the real test of decontrol is the comparison between the present market prices and the old controlled ones. The former are now more than double the latter. To that extent decontrol stands self-condemned; and the poor are suffering most from its consequences as the rich can well afford to pay the high prices which Government has graciously permitted dealers to levy. Supporters of control have reason to express misgivings as to the success of the new policy in the absence of a grain reserve and amid conditions of an over-all shortage and the difficult transport position. Latest official figures only confirm these misgivings.

As if to shift the controversy to an undebatable ground, we are told that "with the shift in importance from controlling the distribution of food to increasing food production," the Central Government, we are told, is seeking the co-operation of the provinces in an organised campaign to increase the sowings under khariff and rabi in 1948. The importance of increased production has always been permanent. But by abandoning the tried policy of ensuring equitable distribution of meagre supply through wise control the Government of India has incurred an additional responsibility to speed up production. As ample production is the only possible safeguard against the risks—to the poor—of decontrol, it is some relief to be told that a number of schemes of land reclamation, minor irrigation and supply of manure are being discussed by the Central Government. We are also told that a feeling is growing in certain quarters, that as increased food production is as vital to the Indian Dominion as defence, agriculture should also become a central responsibility, at least, as an experimental measure. There will be little opposition to central responsibility over agriculture for a time. But even in the absence of such responsibility, the Central Government can and ought to help rapid production by providing subsidies and technical aid to provinces.

Frankly Speaking

A Pioneer Co-operator

The death of Rao Bahadur S. S. Talmaki removes from the Co-operative world of India a pioneer Co-operator and a recognised authority on this subject. He was the first in India to found a Co-operative Housing Society and his lead in making it an unqualified success and his guidance to other Co-operators in this sphere have helped the formation of many such societies in Bombay and other parts of the country. His advice in various Co-operative schemes was sought by the highest officials in this province and his book "Co-operation in India and Abroad", though published many years ago, is still recognised as a standard work. He has trained many Co-operators in this city and we have no doubt they will render valuable service worthy of their master in the various Co-operative schemes that are being contemplated by Government and public alike in this province.

Renewed Struggle In S. Africa

By crossing into Transvaal from Natal without permits the Indians in South Africa have inaugurated a fresh passive resistance movement against the Government for its policy of statutory discrimination against Indians on purely racial grounds. Though their long-drawn struggle against such a policy has not yet achieved the expected tangible results it has certainly achieved and undeniable moral victory by rousing world opinion against racial discrimination. The renewed struggle may soon lead to more tangible results if it is scrupulously non-violent and united. Gandhiji knows best the technique of such a struggle and rightly hopes that "if the people as a whole became Satyagrahis in the right spirit victory is sure to crown their efforts."

Need For Economy

The appointment by the Government of India of an Economy Committee to inquire into the growth of expenditure in various departments and to suggest methods of economy has come not a day too soon. It is notorious that during the war even civil expenditure increased to an unconscionable extent owing to what is now admitted to be "enormous expansion of departments" and otherwise. But even after the close of the war the high expenditure has continued and an economy committee might well have been appointed much earlier. The present Committee has been rightly urged to expedite its work and make interim reports in respect of the various Ministries, so that action can be taken as quickly as possible. We trust, however, that expeditious work will not prevent the Committee's inquiry being thorough and searching. It is time, too, Provincial Governments explored all possibilities of economy. Salaries of higher officers, while they must be high enough to attract competent men, should bear a reasonable proportion to the low income of the people in general.

"Kalki" Special Number

The "Kalki" special "Pongal" number is a bumper issue consisting of high class Tamil articles on art and literary trends of Tamil Nad by writers who can speak with authority. Among the prominent contributors are top-rank administrators like Rajaji, Dr. Rajan and Mr. Bhaktavatsalam and also high-ranking Tamil literateurs like "T. K. C.", "Kalki", the poet of Namakkhal, Poet Desavinayakam Pillai and Suddhananda Bharati. T. K. C. the Nestor of Tamil writers gives an authentic exposition of the architectural and sculptural glory of Tenkasi or Southern Benares. The illustrations for this article are "Oorda Tandav of Nataraja", Kama and Rati, Venugopala and "Woman's Toilette" These have been faithfully copied by the Kalki artist Maniam from the pillars of the temple and show the glory of the Pandyan art. This will be a veritable find for students of art and sculpture. The illustrated article on 'Shantiniketan, Kalkis page from the life of a Tamil Revolutionary and Suddhananda Bharatis story of Tamil Mission to Akbar are of absorbing interest. Among writers from Bombay are Mr. K. Srinivasan formerly of the National Standard and Mr. K. S. S. Raghavan of the "Free Press". Paintings of Nandalal Bose and Kanu Desai figure prominently and the number is profusely illustrated.

LATE MR. TALMAKI

A Veteran Co-operator

(BY VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA)

Among the men who have contributed to the building up of the Coperative Movement in India the name of Shree S. S. Talmaki, who died on Wednesday will rank very high. He was one of the pioneers who laid the foundations of urban banking and urban housing in this Province. Particularly valuable were his services in introducing Co-operative housing among the middle classses first in the city and then another parts of the Province. In Ahmedabad and in Karachi which in those days was part of the Province of Bombay hundreds resorted to this form of co-operation with considerable benefit to themselves and to the community in general. It was Shree Talmaki who did the spade-work and spent the best part of his time in developing institutions which have elicited admiration from all who see something of their working. The activities of Shree Talmaki were not however, confined to just that one branch of co-operation. He is entitled to the gratitude of co-operators for the services he rendered for years together silently and devotedly, to the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute. That body, of which he was one of the original founders, is the symbol of popular effort in our country in the sphere of Co-operative propaganda and education; and it was in the fitness of things that, as a life long social worker, Shree Talmaki should have identified himself intimately with it in the early stages of its career. During the period in which Shree Talmaki consecrated himself to this cause he was a full-time senior officer at the Bombay High Court; and it was only his keen spirit of social service that enabled Shree Talmaki to undertake arduous tasks which ordinarily demand full-time work. Along with these activities, Shree Talmaki interested himself in litterary pursuits and had several publications to his credit, both in his mother-tongue and in English. Now that the principles for which the Co-operative Movement stands have received the imprimatur of the Indian National Congress the scope for Co-operative effort seems almost boundless. At such a time the passing of a veteran co-operator should not pass unnoticed; in fact Shree Talmaki's career should remind all who feel interested in Co-operative activities to attract to the movement unassuring selfless workers of his type in much larger numbers than has been the case in recent years.

DEWAN BAHADUR HIRALAL KAJI'S TRIBUTE

By the death of Rao Bahadur S. S. Talmaki, the Co-operative Movement in the Province of Bombay has lost an eminent co-operator and a staunch worker. Much of the credit for organisation and focussing non-official public opinion on Co-operation in Bombay goes to Rao Bahadur Talmaki who early from 1915-16 devoted himself to the propagation of co-operation through nonofficial organisation of training and education. He was responsible for the initiation and development of co-operative housing in which he was indeed not only a pioneer but also a great authority. The Co-operative Housing Association in Bombay marked one of his early achievements This Association, however, merged into the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute founded in 1918 of which he was the Honorary Secretary, till his retirement, from service in the High Court in 1932. He collaborated very well with many notable figures in Co-operation like Sir Lallubhai Samaldas, Sir Vithaldas Thackersey and Mr. G. K. Deodhar. Under the guidance of Rao Bahadur Talmaki the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute soon — spread its activities to all parts of the Province through divisional and district branches and won for itself a conspicuous place in the co-operative structure of the Province. He was to no small extent responsible also not only for the early training classes in Co-operation, but for the establishment of three linguistic schools on co-operation in Surat, Poona and Dharwar. He was particularly keen towards the end of his career on rural reconstruction and development of subsidiary industries for agriculturists.

After his retirement from Bombay Rao Bahadur Talmaki passed some peaceful years in his native town and during the last few years his co-workers missed him very much.

On the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute he was admitted as a Honorary Fellow of the Institute. He wrote an excellent book on "Co-operation in India and Abroad" which has been found to be very useful to students of Co-operation.

Shan Chieftain In Burma Cabinet

RANGOON, Jan. 29. (Reuter): Sao Hkur Hkio, Shan Chieftain of Monghmeik, was to-day sworn in as Burmese Minister for Shan affairs in place of U Tin Myint, who took over the newly created portfolio in the Cabinet as Minister of Mines and Industry.

This latest change in Burma's three-week-old Cabinet followed a vote of no-confidence in U Tin Myint —a commoner from the Shan States nominated by the Government Party —passed by the Council of Shan Chieftains.

The Council voted for the reappointment of Sao Khun Hkio, former Minister of Frontier Affairs, who had not been included in the new Cabinet.

Govt. Rushes Mechanised Forces To Sinlitum

All-Out Bid To Recapture Fallen Strategic Town

NANKING, Jan. 29 (REUTER): LED BY MECHANISED TROOPS CHINESE GOVERNMENT FORCES WERE TODAY REPORTED ADVANCING FROM THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-EAST TOWARDS SINLITUM, KEY RAILWAY TOWN IN WESTERN MANCHURIA WHOSE CAPTURE BY THE COMMUNISTS WAS ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY.

There had been growing clamour in Nationalist China for an all-out bid to recapture the town, generally regarded as the "gateway to Mukden", old Capital of Manchuria.

The bulk of the Communist forces which took the city were reported already redeploying to meet the Nationalist threat, which is spearheaded by General Fan Han-Chieh's mechanised forces recently transferred from the Shantung front.

The Chief of Staff of President Chiang Kai Shek's Headquarters in Peiping today indicated the possibility that part of the army which last year took Yenan, former Communist capital, might be moved from Shensi Province to north China in view of the worsened situation in Manchuria.

General Hu Chung Nan, conqueror of Yenan is regarded as one of Chiang Kai Shek's most trusted Generals.

WHAT THE LOSS MEANS

An observer explained here today that with Sinlitum, which is at the junction of three railway lines, under their control, the Communists could easily threaten the entire section of the Peiping—Mukden Railway between Chuchow and Sinming (thirty miles east of Mukden) interrupt Nationalist troop and supply movements in this vital area and threaten invasion of Jehol Province and north China.

Growing Communist activity was reported today from north-east Shantung, now virtually denuded of experienced Nationalist troops, some Chinese circles expressed fears today that the Communists might soon launch large-scale effort to recover at least one big seaport possibly Chefoo in Shantung.

BIRTH OF UNITED STATE OF KATHIAWAR

Rulers Sign Covenant: Common Executive, Legislature And Judiciary

NEW DELHI, January 29. (A.P.I.): The rulers of Kathiawar States have entered into a Covenant for the formation of the United State of Kathiawar.

The Covenant, signed by them, says that the Rulers are convinced that the welfare of the people of this region can best be secured by the establishment of a State comprising the territories of the numerous States, Estates and Talukas in Kathiawar with a common executive, legislature and judiciary, and have resolved to entrust to a Constituent Assembly, consisting of elected representatives of the people the drawing up of a democratic constitution for that State within the framework of the Constitution of India to which they have already acceded.

The following are some of the important articles of the Covenant:

The Covenanting States agree: (A) To unite and integrate their territories in one State, with a common Executive, Legislature and Judiciary, by the name of "the United State of Kathiawar"; and (B) To include in the United State so established, any other State, Taluka or Estate the Ruler or Talukdar of which agrees, with the approval of the Government of India, to the merger of that State, Taluka or Estate in the United State of Kathiawar. (2) The terms of all the agreements of merger referred to in clause (B) of paragraph (1) of this article shall be binding on the United State and shall be deemed to be part of this Covenant.

(1). There shall be a Council of the Rulers of the Covenanting Salute States. (2) There shall be a presidium consisting of five members, each of whom shall be the Ruler of a covenanting State and shall be not less than 21 years of age. (3) Subject to the condition mentioned in paragraph (2) of this article, the Rulers of Nawanagar and Bhavnagar shall be permanent members of the Presidium, one member shall be elected from among themselves by the Rulers of the Covenanting non-Salute States, and the other members shall be elected from among themselves by the members of the Council of Rulers other than Nawanagar and Bhavnagar. (4) The Council of Rulers shall elect one member of the Presidium to be the President, and another to be the Vice-President of the Presidium, and the President so elected shall be the Raj Pramukh of the United State. (5) A Ruler elected as member of the Presidium in pursuance of paragraph (3), or as the President or the Vice-President of the Presidium in pursuance of Paragraph, of this article shall be entitled to hold office as such member, President or Vice-President, as the case may be, for a term of five years from the date on which he enters upon the duties of that office.

Article 5:— There shall be a Council of Ministers to aid and advice the Raj Pramukh in the exercise of his functions except those under paragraph (2) of Article VII. (2) The Ministers shall be chosen by, and shall hold office during the pleasure of, the Raj Pramukh. (3) For the purpose of choosing the first Council of Ministers the Raj Pramukh shall convene not later than the 20th February, 1948, a meeting of the members of the electorate college of Kathiawar (formed for electing representatives to the Constituent Assembly of India) but excluding the members from the States of Cutch, Idar and Radhanpur.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Article 9: (1) There shall be formed, as soon as may be practicable, a Kathiawar Constituent Assembly in the manner indicated in schedule II. It shall be the duty of the said Assembly to frame a constitution for the United State (whether of a unitary or federal type) within the framework of this Covenant and the constitution of India, and providing for a Government responsible to the Legislature. (3) Until a constitution so framed comes into operation after receiving the assent of the Raj Pramukh, the Legislative authority of the United State shall vest in the Raj Pramukh, who may make and promulgate ordinances for the peace and good Government of the State or any part thereof, and any Ordinance so made shall have the like force of law as an act passed by the Legislature of the State.

Article 10 (1) The Ruler of each Covenanting State shall be entitled to receive annually from the revenues of the United State for his Privy Purse, the amount specified against that Covenanting State.

RULER'S PRIVATE PROPERTY

Article 11: (1) The Ruler of each Covenanting State shall be entitled to the full ownership, use and enjoyment of all private properties (as distinct from State properties) belonging to him on the date of his making over the administration of that State to the Raj Pramukh.

Article 12: The Ruler of each Covenanting State, as also the members of his family shall be entitled to all the personal privileges, dignities, and titles enjoyed by them, the succession, according to law and custom, to the Gaddi of each Covenanting State, and to the personal rights, privileges, dignities and titles of the Ruler thereof is hereby guaranteed.

Article 15: The Government of Kathiawar shall, in consultation with the Government of India and the Government of Bombay, take all steps necessary to set up a Joint Advisory Council, consisting of Ministers of Kathiawar and Ministers of the province of Bombay, for investigating and discussing subjects of common concern and making recommendations thereon, and in particular recommendations for the better co-ordination of policy and action with respect to any such subject.

CONSEMBLY OF 45

Nothing in this covenant shall be deemed to prevent the Government of Kathiawar from negotiating a Union of Kathiawar with other Gujarati-speaking areas on such terms and conditions as may be agreed to by the Council of Rulers, as well as the Council of Minister, of Kathiawar.

Provisions relating to the Kathiawar Constituent Assembly.

(1) The Assembly shall consist of not more than forty-five elected representatives of the people of the United State of Kathiawar on the basis of one representative for approximately one lakh of the population:

Provided that the people of each convenanting salute State shall, irrespective of their number be entitled to elect at least one representative.

(2) The United State of Kathiawar shall be divided into territorial constituencies, and the total number of seats shall be distributed among them by assigning to each constituency one or two seats as may be convenient. As far as possible the constituencies shall be so delimited as not to cut across the boundaries of any compact part of a convenanting State.

(3) The qualifications for membership of the Assembly and for being included in the electoral rolls shall be similar to those prescribed in relation to the Provincial Legislative Assembly of Bombay, subject to necessary modifications:

Provided that no person shall be disqualified either from being chosen as, or from being, a member of the Assembly or from being included in the electoral roll of a constituency, merely because he is the ruler of a convenanting or other State, or the Talukdar of a taluka or estate.

(4) An order shall in due course be made and proclaimed by the Raj Pramukh, providing constituently with the foregoing provisions of this schedule, for

(A) The delimitation of constituencies:
(B) The preparation of electoral rolls:
(C) The qualifications for membership of the Assembly:
(D) The qualifications entitling persons to vote in the elections:
(E) Conduct of the elections, including bye-elections for the filling of casual vacancies:
(F) Corrupt practices at or in connection with such elections: and
(H) The decisions of doubts and disputes arising out of or in connection with such elections.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We have received two copies of Congress History calendar for 1948 from Indian National Directories, Triplicane, Madras.

Ban On Smoking In Theatres

Corporation Refers Question To Police Chief

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Municipal Corporation passed a resolution this evening, favouring the ban on smoking of cigars, cigarettes, pipes or "biris" in all public theatres and cinemas of the city.

The resolution which was moved by Mr. Nathalal D. Parikh and seconded by Mr. Mohanlal Desai, reads as follows:

"The attention of the Commissioner of Police be invited to the great inconvenience caused to the public by the clouds of smoke from cigars cigarettes and pipes that lie thick and lead almost to suffocation in the local cinema theatres when a show is going on and all entrances and exits are closed and he be requested to consider the desirability of entirely prohibiting smoking in cinemas so as to obviate the nuisance and also danger to public health and safety".

"KILL-JOY RESOLUTION"

The resolution was vehemently opposed by Messrs. Talpade and Jamnadas Mehta, the former asserting that in view of the modern theatres being air-conditioned and supplied with exhausts, smoking was not much of a nuisance, while the latter's stout opposition was made in the name of democracy the denial of the pleasure to countless wooers of the weed. Mr. Mehta termed it a kill-joy resolution.

The resolution found supporters, the chief of them being Mr. N. C. Bharucha. On being put to vote the resolution was passed by a majority.

Mr. S. K. Patil then moved and Mr. B A. Dalal seconded two separate drafts of addresses to be presented to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Maulana Azad on behalf of the citizens of Bombay on their visit to our city late in February next.

The resolution for the adoption of the drafts of the address was opposed by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and Mr. Talpade, the former calling the Maulana the Petain of India.

The drafts as proposed by Mr. Patil, were, however, approved by the House and all amendments which Mr. Patil called "irreverent and irrelevant" were lost.

Bombay Cattle-Owners Co-op. Registered

The Registrar, Co-operative Societies has registered the Bombay Cattle Owners' Co-operative Societies' Union Ltd. Bombay. The Union comprises Co-operative Dairy Societies in Bombay and the Suburbs, viz., those at Bombay, Santa Cruz, Vile Parle, Khar, Malad, Andheri, Goregaon, Borivli, Dahisar, Kurla and Ghatkopar, organised by the Milk Commissioner. They supply at present about 200 maunds of milk to the Government Milk Distribution Scheme per day. There are about 600 members who among them own over 15,000 milch cattle. The daily production of milk is about 1,800 maunds.

Government have also decided that no other Union of any of the dairy or allied societies will be recommended for registration in the Bombay area.

PENSIONS TO OFFICERS OF EUROPEAN DOMICILE

Wavell Asks If Negotiations With India Are Complete

LONDON, Jan. 28 (Reuter): Earl Wavell today asked his first question in the House of Lords since he ceased to be Viceroy of India last March.

He wanted to know what progress had been made in negotiations with the Dominion Governments of India and Pakistan to secure the right to proportionate pensons for unprotected Government servants of European descent and domicile, if they wished to resign before completing their service for full pension.

Viscount Addison, Lord Privy Seal, said the British Government had not yet raised this question with the new Dominion Governments. They would do so in due course when other matters arising out of transfer of power were under negotiation.

The British Government believed that proportionate pensions should be granted to these Officers if their conditions of service were materially changed to their disadvantage, of if the Government did not wish to retain their services until they were qualified for ordinary pensions.

Earl Wavell asked if the Government was aware of the position of certain classes of soldier clerks who were induced to give up their military status and accept civilian status by certain promises, and who were later refused permission to resume military status, by which they had lost the right to compensation. Had they not been very hardly treated?

Viscount Addison: Yes. We are fully aware of these circumstances and they will be taken up with other questions

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LUCKNOW:

The U. P. Congress Committee has suspended about a dozen Congressmen who are believed to be taking part in the activities of the Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sangh.

The subordinate committees have been authorised by the Secretary, U. P. C. C. to take action wherever necessary.—A. P. I.

* * *

The worst hit by the devaluation of the French franc is said to be the fraternity of black-marketeers.

Why don't they open a new black-market—in francs?

* * *

Said Mr. White, Executive Secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People:

"I want to remind the United States Senate that hunger is as painful to Brown, Yellow and Black stomachs as it is to White ones".

This technicolour peroration must have clinched the issue and enabled the Senators to adjourn for a hearty lunch.

* * *

Silence Is Golden.

LONDON, January 28

Earl Wavell, today, asked his first question in the House of Lords since he ceased to be the Viceroy of India, last March.

His Lordship is evidently anxious to maintain his reputation as "Guinea-A-Word" Wavell.

* * *

Beau Geste!

Lord Mountbatten provided some amusement to thousands of school-children assembled at the boy scouts' rally in Madras when he attempted to speak a few sentences in Tamil.

And the children responded by crying "Well Done"—in English!

* * *

A Tiger Protests

A vegetarian tiger of Jogeshwari is said to have tasted his first blood on Wednesday.

The deratioming of food grains seems to have verily driven the feline vegetarian to desperation. Will Government take note of this mounting discontent over their food policy?

* * *

Strike While It Is Hot!

"The Congress Working Committee, instead of meeting periodically and making pontifical declarations, should get down to business and do something concrete".

—Thus said Jai Prakash Narain.

—And the Socialist Party leaders, too, instead of issuing periodical and pontifical rejoinders should do something more concrete—than strikes!

* * *

Mr. K M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, speaking at a reception, said: "I find a tendency here to treat me as if I were the Resident of the old regime.

—The Hyderabadis should be truly beholden for this timely clarification. So H. E. H. was not such an old curmudgeon after all in sitting tight over the Residency building on the eve of Mr. Munshi's arrival in Hyderabad. Probably he was anxious to save the new Agent-General the embarrassment of being mistaken for the old Resident!

* * *

An attractive young Government worker made a practice of arriving at the office a few minutes late every day. Repeated warnings by her supervisor had no effect. Finally, in exasperation, he announced: "Miss Brown. I am tired of talking about your tardiness. I am, therefore, suspending you for one day without pay. When would you like to take the day?"

"Well, if it's all right with you" she replied, instantly, "I'd like to use it up being late".

MOVE FOR WITHDRAWAL OF 5,000 FRANC NOTES TAKES FRANCE BY STORM

Overnight Decision By Govt.: Assembly Paves Way For Free Market For Gold

PARIS, Jan. 29. (Reuter): The French National Assembly to-day debated legislation for the withdrawal of the 5,000-Franc notes, a measure regarded in Paris as the most sensational act carried out by any French Finance Minister since the liberation.

The Socialist Parliamentary Group, whose opposition was at one time thought to threaten the existence of the Government, to-day accepted the Cabinet's proposals for the withdrawal of the country's largest bank note and for the creation of a free market for gold—but, it was learned, with certain amendments.

LIGHTNING ACTION.

The French public was caught completely by surprise by the closing of banks, and the Paris Stock Exchange pending the withdrawal of the notes.

The decision was only taken late last night, and was conveyed to the banks in a flood of telegrams sent out between mid-night and 3 a.m. local time.

The Cabinet Ministers were among those caught with useless notes in their pockets, and it was understood that some Deputies to the Assembly who drew their monthly salaries today were paid in 5,000 Franc notes.

With the Government staking its future upon the financial programme being adopted in its entirety the work of putting the Government proposals into legal form went on apace.

The Assembly met at 10 this morning, and after 55 minutes adjourned to allow the Finance Commission to begin examining the draft bill which, the Premier said, must be ready for voting by the afternoon.

WILL HURT THE LITTLE MAN.

The Federal Bureau of the General Confederation of Labour issued a communique to-day demanding that the Government withdraw its Franc proposal, saying that it "would not touch the big capitalists but would hurt only the little man."

The amount of 5,000-Franc notes in circulation is estimated at 330,000,000,000 Francs, about one-third of the total note circulation in France.

FINANCE COMMISSION REJECTS BILL

The Finance Commission of the French Nationpal Assembly rejected tonight the whole of the Government's Bill to withdraw 5,000-Franc bank notes.

Voting was twenty votes for the Bill, twenty against, with three abstentions and one absentee.

This decision was learned from official sources as the Assembly itself was debating the Bill.

U.N.O. To Concentrate On Plebiscite

COUNCIL HEARS EXHAUSTIVE STATEMENTS OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 29, (Reuter): The Security Council begins today at 7-30 p.m. (G. M. T.) 1 a.m. (I. S. T. tomorrow) the first stage in the open debate on Kashmir and it is expected to concentrate first on the problem of holding a plebiscite.

The Council has now heard exhaustive statements from both sides, and members also realise that no further progress can be expected in Round Table talks at this point.

After the last session the wide gap between Indian and Pakistan plans for settlement was clear to all, and today's session will, it is expected, indicate which way the wind is blowing. None of the members of the Council are prepared to commit themselves in advance, though it is known unofficially that at least six members appear to favour the establishment of an interim neutral administration for Kashmir and the withdrawal of all foreign troops.

The Chairman of the Security Council, M. Fernand Van Langenhove, set the Indian and Pakistan proposals, which were made in a reply to a draft proposal of his advocating joint military measures in Kashmir by the forces of India and Pakistan, before the Council yesterday.

He pointed out that there was general agreement between the two countries on the holding of a plebiscite to decide the future of Kashmir under United Nations auspices.

When he had outlined in full the Indian and Pakistan proposals it was clear that (1) Pakistan wanted the immediate establishment of an "impartial" administration in Kashmir under United Nations supervision; while India wanted the present provisional Government of Sheikh Abdulla converted into a Council of Ministers, which would organise the holding of elections for a new national Government; and (2) Pakistan wanted the Kashmir Commission already set up by the Security Council to supervise the withdrawal of Indian State forces, while India insisted that her forces must stay to ensure the external and internal security of the country.

India further insisted that Pakistan should prevent the tribesmen now invading Kashmir from passing through Pakistan territory.

Draft Resolution

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 28 (Reuter).—After presenting all the documents at the Security Council which met tonight to consider the India-Pakistan dispute M. Langenhove said: "I wish to express my gratitude to the representatives of India and Pakistan for the confidence that they have placed in me. I do not know whether I may have unwittingly offended them by some of my suggestions. The problem before the Council presents so many difficulties that we might feel discouraged.

"I have a conviction that a solution will be found because of firstly, the terrible consequence of the war and, secondly, the desire of both parties to reach an agreement.

"We will only succeed if we proceed with method and take the difficulties in their proper order. The Council has done well so far by issuing a cease fire order and creating a commission.

"India and Pakistan have now both given details of their demands. They contain contradictory elements which appear to make it impossible to satisfy both parties.

"Luckily there are also elements which can be reconciled. We should concentrate on those elements first."

The text of the Draft Resolution submitted by President Fernand Langenhove said: "Whereas India and Pakistan recognise that the future of the State of Jammu and Kashmir must be decided through the democratic method of a plebiscite or a referendum to be held under international auspices, in order to ensure complete impartiality; whereas the parties being both members of the United Nations agree that such a plebiscite or referendum should be organised, held and supervised under the authority of the Security Council; the Security Council takes note with satisfaction of this agreement which it will take the necessary measures to carry out.

"In this connection, the Commission of the Security Council, established by the resolution of January 20, 1948, shall take into consideration that among the duties incumbent upon it are included those which would tend towards promoting a cessation of acts of hostility and violence and which are particularly urgent character.

In pursuance of this aim the Commission shall use every diligence to ensure that its mediatory action be exercised without delay and that its proposals to the Security Council be submitted as soon as possible.

"Such proposals shall include measures designed to ensure co-operation between the military forces of India and of Pakistan with a view to attaining the objectives above mentioned and to maintaining order and security in future.

"The Commission shall also report to the Security Council on the results of its mediatory action as to the fulfilment of such conditions as are necessary to guarantee the liberty of the plebiscite."

When the debate opened, M. Langenhove suggested that the Security Council might concentrate its attention first on the question of holding a plebiscite, but Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar (India) thought on the contrary that the urgent matter was stopping the hostilities.

The question of a plebiscite could be taken up last, he said

Mr. Ayyangar, who said he could not speak much because he was suffering from laryngitis, asked the President to give some idea how it was proposed to proceed. Was he going to debate the issue as a whole or in separate parts and would the council draw its conclusions only after the whole question was debated?

Sir M. Zafrullah Khan (Pakistan) supported the President's suggestion that a plebiscite was the most urgent question to be discussed "because without that no agreement could be reached on the other matters in dispute."

He regretted that M. Langenhove would be succeeded at the end of the month by General McNaughton (Canada) as Chairman of the Council, but he hoped it would be possible for him, in the capacity of a Security Council member, to carry on his functions in any further Round Table discussions between India and Pakistan.

URGENT MATTER

Mr. Ayyangar intervened with an appeal to the Council that the end of the fighting in Kashmir should be given precedence over all other questions in the dispute between India and Pakistan.

"I submit that Sir Zafrullah's argument on the point of the accession of Kashmir to India is invalid. India was perfectly within her right in going to the help of Kashmir", he said.

"The fighting is going on every day, every hour. Are we going to waste time by dealing with question of the plebiscite first, before we consider the urgent matter of stopping the fighting in Kashmir"?

Senator Warren Austin (United States) on a point of order, asked whether the Council was proceeding on the assumption that the round-table talks between India and Pakistan had broken down and if so, whether it was now the Council's duty to recommend such terms of settlement that it might suggest.

M. Langenhove replied that as he understood it the representatives of India and Pakistan had not given up hope of reaching agreement on some points.

"Suspension of negotiations is due to the desire to give the members of the Security Council an opportunity to express themselves on the points reached in the negotiations so that the parties may be guided in subsequent negotiations, but it is obvious that the negotiations cannot continue indefinitely in their present form."

BRITAIN'S CONTENTIONS

Mr. P. Noel-Baker (Britain) said he agreed to a discussion of the plebiscite first. "The process of stopping the fighting by a military victory may be long and bloody. What we all want is that the moral authority of the Council be brought to bear so that there should be conviction on all sides that justice is to prevail and violence will not go on. Our object is not only to stop the fighting but to keep it stopped" he said.

Infinitely the best way of stopping the fighting is to ensure to those who are engaged in it that a fair settlement will be reached under which their rights will be assured. Mr. Noel-Baker said.

"A settlement here in the Council, taken quickly, is a real way to stop the fighting. We are on firm ground if we discuss the three points on which the parties have already agreed.

The meeting adjourned until 7-30 P.M. (G.M.T.) tomorrow (1 a.m. IST. Friday) o give members of the Council an opportunity to study the documents submitted by the Chairman at the beginning to today's session.

SIAM GOES TO POLLS

First General Elections Since New Govt. Took Up Reins

BANGKOK, Jan. 29. (Reuter). Siam went to the polls today for its first general elections since Marshall Songkram seized control of the Government last November. 95 members of the Lower House are to be chosen from 400 candidates.

KHUANG GOVT. TO RESIGN

BANGKOK, Jan. 28. (U.P.A.): The Government of Premier Khuang Aphaiwong was expected to resign on February 6 at the conclusion of its 90-day provisional period.

The Khuang Cabinet took over immediately after the November coup d'etat which drove out the Thamrong Government.

A new session of Parliament was expected to be called on February 16. A Royal decree terminating the present session was read at Wednesday's meeting of the Senate.

SALEH JABAR IN AMMAN

LONDON, Jan. 29. (Reuter): The wife of Sayed Saleh Jabar, the former Prime Minister of Iraq, whose Government resigned following riots over the recently signed Anglo-Iraq Treaty, received a telephone message in London today that he is at Amman, Transjordan.

The phone call came to the London clinic, where Mrs. Jabar is now recovering from an internal operation performed on Saturday morning.

Cancer Cured By Layman

Move To Set Up Clinic: £20,000 Offered

SYDNEY, Jan. 29 (Reuter).—A wealthy Sydney philanthropist, today, offered £200,000 for the establishment of a cancer clinic by Mr. John Braund, the non-medical septuagenarian whose controversial claims to cure cancer by removing the growth were demonstrated here yesterday.

Watched by doctors, nurses and journalists, Mr. Braund removed a growth from a woman diagnosed as suffering from cancer of the ovaries. Afterwards a cancer specialist declared the wound was "perfectly clean."

The philanthropist is Mr. E. J. Hallstrom, son of a Londoner and President of the Royal Zoological Society of New South Wales. He said thousands of cancer patients could not wait many months before Mr. Braund's treatment was recognised.

Mr. James McGirr, Premier of New South Wales, today announced that his Government was establishing immediately a special committee to investigate Mr. Braund's claims. Mr. McGirr said it was considered desirable to establish this committee to take over the investigation started by the Health Department and to ask the Committee to proceed with the utmost urgency.

BANDITS BAG FOUR MILLION: BUT LAW MAY BAULK THEM

PARIS, Jan. 29. (Reuter): Among the unhappies persons in France today were five armed bandits who yesterday heldup a lorry carrying the weekly payroll to the head offices of the Paris underground railway.

The bandits got away with 4,000,000 Francs but as most of the money was in 5,000 Francs notes, they will be unable to dispose of most of their booty anywhere if 5,000 Franc notes are withdrawn by legislation in the National Assembly today.

Soumyendra Tagore Released

CALCUTTA Jan. 29 (API): Mr. Soumyendra Nath Tagore, leader of the Revolutionary Communist Party of India, and two members of the Party were released today from Midnapore Jail, after a detention of about two months. Mr. Tagore returned to Calcutta in the evening.

NO MORE TALKS WITH HO CHI MINH

SAIGON, Jan. 29. (Reuter): M. Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner for Indo-China, stated today in a press conference at Saigon that the French Government had decided 'definitely to rule out any future discussion with the so-called Ho Chin Mian Government and the Party which supported it."

"SENSITIVE TO WORLD OPINION"

NEW YORK, Jan. 29 (Reuter).—The "New York Times", commenting editorially on renewed consideration of the Indian-Pakistan dispute, by the Security Council, says that the fact that the Council will have to make a decision in the case seems to be the one thing on which the two Dominions can agree. "How they will accept the decision when it is made may be something else," the paper says. "That will be the test of intentions.

"Both Karachi and New Delhi appear to be sensitive to world opinion. This gives ground for hope that whatever decisions the security council takes will be accepted and co-operated with.

"The first step would be to stop the raids and the fighting.

H. E. Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, snapped at the fifth annual Exhibition of the Art Society of India at the C. J. Hall which he opened on Wednesday.

DELHI ON WAY TO VICTORY IN BATTLE OF STATES

(Continued from Page 1.)

events thereafter. I went there in the middle of December, met the Orissa Rulers at Cuttack and the Chattisgarh rulers at Nagpur, and it was decided that the best interests of the people as also of the rulers lay in administrative integration of the States with the adjoining Provinces.

SIMON RECOMMENDATION RECALLED

As early as 1930 the Simon Commission had recommended the integration of these States with the adjoining Provinces but nothing came out of the proposal. The act of sacrifice on the part of these Rulers, which this decision involved has been universally acclaimed throughout the country. The transfer of administration from the Rulers to the Provinces was smooth and peaceful and has been warmly welcomed by the people of the States except in one or two places, where ugly incidents occurred. But I shall not refer to them as they were not of any consequence and do not affect the main theme, namely, that the merger of the States was carried out willingly and has caused satisfaction all around.

The merger of Eastern States electrified the whole atmosphere. The people of the States found that there was a remedy for their difficulties arising out of their limited resources and narrow outlook.

DECCAN STATES UNION

The eight Deccan States which formed the United Deccan State by merging their sovereignties into the new State, a step which was then considered to be revolutionary, felt that even in the new State their life would be cramped and that they would not have the same amenities and benefits as the people of the adjoining Province of Bombay would have with all the resources of Bombay. The people who had assembled to frame a democratic constitution for their new State changed their minds and asked for the merger of their States into Bombay. The rulers who have always been known for their progressive outlook, appreciated the weight and soundness of this view and agreed to abide by the decision of the people. The Constituent Assembly of the new stage met only three days ago, i.e. on January 26, and passed a resolution by an overwhelming majority in favour of merger into Bombay Province. The merger will thus be given effect to within a few days.

"There are some other States in the Deccan, which had not joined the Union, but in these States also the movement for merger had become so strong that the rulers could not maintain Law and Order and have had to approach the Central Government to take over charge of Law and Order pending the merger of the States into the Province of Bombay. These States are Akkalkot and Jath.

JAMKHINDI LEADS

The ruler of Jamkhindi was one of the earliest to read the sign of the times and had approached this Ministry more than two months ago for unqualified merger of the State into Bombay. There was thus no trouble in his State, and the people have welcomed the decision and the action of the ruler.

Thus all the States in the Deccan, except Kolhapur, will shortly take their place in the Province of Bombay to the mutual advantage of both, and to the particular advantage of the people of these States.

KATHIAWAR PROBLEMS

"Next came the problem of Kathiawar. Kathiawar is a veritable jigsaw puzzle of different jurisdictions. The States in Kathiawar comprise thirteen Salute States, 107 Limited Jurisdictional States and 329 Non-Jurisdictional Estates and Talukas, making up 449 units altogether. The area involved is more than 22,000 square miles with a population of between 3½ to four million. The administration of the States is complicated by the fact that many of them have scattered islands of territory all over the place. The Salute States of Nawanagar, Gondal and Junagadh, for instance, have respectively 9, 18 and 24 separate area of territory. Added together, these 449 units divide the map of Kathiawar into about 860 different areas.

HANDICAPS

"Because the jurisdiction changes every few miles, communications are in a primitive condition. Internal trade is rendered difficult by the Export and Import Duties and the Octrois which the various units levy, and this encourages extensive smuggling and black-market operations. The administration of justice and the maintenance of Law and Order under these circumstances are greatly handicapped. The economic development of the region which has great potentialities, is hampered by its political fragmentation.

LAST EFFORT FAILS

"This state of affairs is good neither to the State nor to its people. The late Political Department tried in its own way to solve the problem, but its measures were necessarily half-hearted and did not serve the purpose of unification. Its solution was that some of these smaller units should be attached to the bigger States. This scheme was tried out, but at least it was never a good working arrangement. In any case, the lapse of Paramountcy brought this to an end.

ONE GOVT. WILL RULE

Since I took charge of the States Department, the unification of Kathiawar has been one of the major tasks to which I have devoted myself. In the altered circumstances the Rulers of the Kathiawar States have fully recognised the difficulties in continuing the present system, and I am glad to announce that it has now been possible to work out a scheme and get the agreement of the States to it by which the whole of the Kathiawar region will be integrated into a new State of Kathiwar, as a single bloc of territory. There will be no separate State or Thana boundary, and the whole area will be served by one Government. I have called you here to explain this, but in the first place I must pay my tribute to the Rulers for their patriotic co-operation which made this task so easy of achievement.

Sardar Patel then briefly described the main feature of the new set up.

(See Page 6)

The movement for merger by which I mean either merger with the Provinces to suit geographical situations or amongst themselves, is progressing rapidly. Such a move has now the support of both the rulers and the ruled. It is no longer a demand of the people only.

BUNDELKHAND MOVE

You must have observed that recently the rulers of Bundelkhand met at Nowgong and adopted a resolution for the creation of a United States of Bundelkhand in which all the Budelkhand States and Rewa are likely to participate. It would be a State fairly large in area, but very substantial in mineral, forest and natural resources. Mr. Menon is hoping to go there on or about February. 8, to have further discussions with the rulers and the people and to help them in bringing about a State based on compiete transfer of power and somewhat on the model of the State of Kathiawar.

IN CENTRAL INDIA

Another region where too the rulers and the people are thinking on similar lines is Central India or Malwa, I have just received information that the rulers of this region are forming a unitary State on the lines of the State of Kathiawar based again on full Responsible Government that is, executive being fully responsible to the Legislature and Legislature being fully representative of the people of the area.

IN RAJPUTANA

There is a similar move in Rajputana where all the smaller States and some of the bigger ones are hoping to join hands to form a State of Rajasthan which will help to preserve the traditions, culture and peculiarities of the life of the Rajputs.

I welcome all these moves as they solve the problem of consolidation as well as Responsible Government at one stroke.

COCHIN AND TRAVANCORE LEAD

There will still be a number of large States unaffected by the movement for merger or union. In these States there is a definite movement for full Responsible Government. As I observed before Cochin led the way and Travancore soon followed suit and the Interim Government introduced in Mysore has become a model for many States to follow such as Kashmir and Gwalior. I have reason to believe that the leading rulers of Rajputana are thinking of the same lines and will not lag behind the other Princes in trusting their people and giving them full Responsible Government, thus enabling them to shoulder the responsibilities of their own Government

I expect similar constitutional changes to be introduced very shortly in Bikaner and Jaipur.

I have no doubt that this process of consolidation and democratisation will be completed very shortly and certainly well before the new constitution, which is being framed by the Indian Constituent Assembly comes into effect and thus there will be no discrimination between the people of the Provinces and the people of States in the matter of degress of freedom enjoyed by them.

All the units will thus march side by side and with equal freedom and not some as free men and some as serfs.

ANXIETY ABOUT HYDERABAD.

One State remains which is still causing us some anxiety. It is the State of Hyderabad. Its geographical situation, the composition of its people and its cultural and traditional ties with India are such that it cannot but be an integral part of India tied to it by the same bonds which characterise the relationship to-day between India and the acceding States. Accession in the case of Hyderabad is inevitable and will I hope come before long. Similarly democratisation, which will characterise the whole country cannot be delayed or withheld in Hyderabad. The people there must get their due, and I would only appeal to His Exalted Highness the Nizam to appreciate this situation and to do the right thing in time.

Splitting World Trade Unions Federation

Tass Allegation Against Marshall Plan Countries

MOSCOW, Jan. 29. (REUTER): AN ANGLO— AMERICAN TRADE UNION PLAN FOR SPLITTING THE WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS BY PICKING A QUARREL "WITH THE ULTIMATE PURPOSE OF WITHDRAWING FROM THE WORLD FEDERATION AND FORMING A NEW INTERNATIONAL TRADE UNION BODY" WAS ALLEGED IN A MESSAGE FROM PARIS TODAY TO TASS, THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY.

The new Association would "unite the Trade Unions of the sixteen European countries within the sphere of American expansion under the Marshall Plan, the message said.

The Belgian Trade Unions are to take the initiative under the plan for calling a Trade Union Conference of the sixteen countries which is to be followed by an international conference in San Francisco, where the new Association will set up under the aegis of the American Federation of Labour, Tass reported.

HOW PLAN WAS WORKED OUT

This plan was worked out, the message said, at a conference in the United States in the middle of last month between Mr. Makin (described as the official representative of the British Foreign Office) and a F. of L. Leaders. The latter "insisted that the British Labour Government should bring pressure to bear on Trade Union leaders to compel the General Council to support the Marshall Plan" the report said.

(The British T. U.C. General Council last night decided to tell the General Secretary of the World Federation of Trade Unions that unless it were told by the end of next week that the next meeting of the Executive Bureau had been arranged not later than mid-February it would consider itself free to arrange international meetings to discuss the Marshall Plan. An official statement said the Council's view was that consideration of American aid was essential and that time was important).

SOUTH AFRICAN INDIANS' R. T. C. PLEA

Deputation Of Moderates Waits On Premier Smuts

CAPETOWN, Jan. 29 (Reuter): The South African Government is studying means of holding a conference with Indian and Pakistan delegates to restore friendly relations between the two Dominions, Field Marshal Smuts, the South African Prime Minister, told an Indian deputation here today.

COMBINED DEPUTATION OF MODERATE INDIANS

A combined deputation representing moderate Indians in Natal, Transvaal and the Cape Province today met the South African Prime Minister Field Marshal Smuts and placed before him proposals for a Round Table Conference between the Union Government and the Governments of India and Pakistan in order to end the present dead-lock between India and South Africa.

The deputation which consisted of ten members from each of the three Provinces suggested to Filed Marshal Smuts that the Rount Table Conference should be held without prejudice to the standpoint of the three Governments—India, South Africa and Pakistan.

Should the South African Prime Minister indicate his willingness to hold the conference the deputation undertook to convene a preliminary conference in Durban, where delegates would be chosen to go to India and Pakistan for paving the way for eventual Round Table Conference.

PATHER & NAIDOO IN PICTURE

The chief spokesman of the deputation was Mr. P. R. Pather, Secretary of the Natal Indian organisation.

He was supported by Mr. S. R. Naidoo of Pietermaritzburg, who was a member of the Broome Commission and Mr. A. M. Moolla of Durban.

CHILDREN'S PROTEST IN DURBAN

DURBAN, Jan. 28 (Reuter)—Six hundred Indian school children marched through Durban today as a "protest" against lack of schools.

The march was organised by the Natal Indian Congress.

The procession marched under banners which read "we want schools" "This is how South Africa treats us" and "what is our future."

FULL RESPONSIBLE GOVT. FOR JANJIRA?

Dewan To Be In Charge Of 'Reserved' Subjects

A notification from the Ruler of Janjira State issued today says:

After the announcement of 23-1-48 from the Janjira Darbar the resolutions of the Working Committees of the Muslim Majlis, Majlis-e-Hakdaran and Majlis-e-Inamdar have been received which enable me to make the following announcement:—

Full responsible Government under my aegis will be established with reservation of

1. Treaties, Agreements and Relations with the Union, Provincial and States Governments.
2. Administration of Janjira and Kasa Forts, which would not come in conflict with State Administration such as Darbar etc.
3. Emergency Powers in case of deadlock
4. Inherent Powers, Prerogatives, Privileges of the Ruling Family and succession to the Throne.
5. Privy Purse which will be fixed on the same basis as in other States, Civil List and Palace.
6. Body Guard of the Ruler.

Finance required for the reserve subjects will be first charge on the budget.

Subjects such as Customs, Excise, Abkari, etc., regarding which there agreements with the Union, Provincial or States, Government will be transferred without prejudicing the state's obligations under respective agreements.

An impartial tribunal will be appointed by me to ascertain the rights and privileges of the Inamdars, Sanadies and Watan and Grant holders whose decision will be final and binding.

With a view to carry out the object of establishing full responsible Government with the above mentioned reservation in which all my subjects will co-operate and that the constitution making body of 25 members elected on adult franchise and territorial basis will be set up with sovereign powers for the purpose of framing the constitution for full responsible Government, as mentioned in para 1 above which will be approved by me.

Popular Ministry consisting of 3 to 4 Ministers shall be appointed from among the people immediately after the declaration of this announement.

The Dewan will be in charge of the reserve subjects and will receive the same salary as other Ministers.

No Harijan Entry Into Swami Narayan Temples?

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 29. (A.P.I.): The Extra Joint Civil Judge made absolute to-day the interim injunction he recently issued against the Harijans, who were not followers of the Swami Narayan sect restraining them from entering the Swaminarayan temple.

He held that Harijans other than the followers of the Swami Narayan sect, had never gone to the Swami Narayan temple. There was no harm, therefore, if the 'status quo' was maintained till the final disposal of the suit filed by the head of the Swami Narayan temple.

Echo Of Attack On Refugee Train

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29 (API): Among the Bannu evacuees who received injuries as a result of the attack on January 12 at the Gujrat railway station in West Punjab, 142 persons were admitted to Gangaram Hospital on January 14 says a Press Note. Five of them have since died.

MURDER MYSTERY

LUCKNOW, Jan 28. (A.P.I.): Mystery surrounds the murder of a European Mr. C. D. Cartsoan, who was found dead this morning on his bed with deep injuries in the neck. The deceased was a retired Government servant and last worked as an opium-officer in U P

R

FOR MAKING A FALSE ENTRY in Cash Memo and for obstructing Rationing Inspector in the discharge of his duties, authorisation granted to MURAJI DAHYA, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 336, Cement Chawl No. 26, Worli, was cancelled and his deposit of Rs. 250 with Government forfeited.

Rs. 200 were ordered to be forfeited from Rs. 250 deposited with Government by LALJI PACHARIA, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 177, Agripada, Haines Road, for issuing short measure; for collecting higher price than what was shown on the cash memo.

For issuing short-weight in rationed sugar, Rs. 100 were ordered to be forfeited from Rs. 250 deposited with Government by DAMJI GANPAT, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 515, Gunbow Street.

Rs. 100 were ordered to be forfeited out of Rs. 250 deposited with Government by RAVJI NAPPU, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 77, Gulalwadi Kika Street, for issuing short measure in wheat.

For unauthorised supply or sale of rice, RATMAL KESHAV and KEWARJI BHIMJI were convicted and sentenced—the former to pay a fine of Rs. 2,000 or, four months' rigorous imprisonment and the latter to Rs. 1,000 or, two months' rigorous imprisonment.

SUBRAMANI APPASUBRAMANI and ARULDAS APPADAS were convicted and sentenced to two months' and one month's rigorous imprisonment respectively, for unauthorised possession of rationed food grains.

EXIT— The Dhobie!

The Dhobie—that terror of your best suit—will find his occupation gone in the not-so-distant future! You will be sending your clothes not to the laundry but to the laboratory—to be cleaned by silent sound waves.

Believe it or Not!—But in either case read all about it in the Next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly"

Another 'Believe-It-Or-Not' item we present next Sunday is about Bernard Shaw's converting the late Dr. Annie Besant to theosophy. It sounds an incredible feat on the part of a professional idol-smasher, but he asserts it himself.

Do Not Miss this typical G.B.S Stuff on any account!

There are various other titbits about the next BCW but enough is enough for a preview! So Book your copy right now.

Bombay Chronicle

Weekly

Sunday, February 1

Simla Hill State To Be Called 'Himachal Pradesh'

Consembly Resolves To Establish Parliamentary Form Of Govt.

SIMLA, Jan. 28 (API).—A resolution on the aims and objects embodying among other things that the constitution of the Simla Hill States Union be so framed as to establish a parliamentary form of Government for a united single democratic state, comprising the component States within the framework of the Indian Union Government, to be called "Himachal Pradesh" wherein separate boundaries of those States shall be abolished and all resources of all parties shall be pooled together, was passed by the Constituent Assembly of the Simla Hills States Union which resumed its deliberations at Solan this morning. Raja Durga Singh of Bhagar presided.

The resolution added that the Constitution should guarantee for rulers a civil list and other privileges as might be decided by it.

The resolution further laid down that all power and authority of this unitary democratic State and organ of Government were derived from the people. Any state which hereafter desired to join the new State may be admitted provided that state accepted the constitution of this State.

The Assembly recommended to its president, Raja Durga Singh of Bhagar, to appeal to his brother rulers to instal Interim Governments in their individual States till the scheme came into force.

The House elected a Negotiating Committee to carry on negotiations with other Himalaya States.

FORMATION OF MALWA PROVINCE

Central India Rulers To Meet For Discussions

INDORE, Jan. 28. (API): Rulers and Prime Ministers of Central India states will meet here on February 6 to discuss a scheme, circulated among them by Mr. Prabhunath Singh, Dewan of Narsingharh State for the formation of a Malwa Province.

Mr. Rameshwar Dayal Totala, Vice-President of the Central India Regional Council of the All-India States Peoples' Conference, said here today that the Council had also prepared a scheme for the formation of such a province which the leaders of the States Peoples Conference will shortly consider.

TEHRI GARHWAL STATE DISPUTE

Negotiations With Praja Mandal

NEW DELHI Jan. 29 (UPI): As a result of negotiations between the Ruler of Tehri Garhwal State, Praja Manda' leaders and the States Department of the Government of India, a settlement has been arrived at with regard to the ultimate position of the State.

According to the settlement, it has been decided that an Interim Administration should be set up for six months with a Council of five Ministers. Out of this the Chief Minister will be appointed by the States Department of the Government of India and the other four Ministers will be nominated by the Praja Mandal, subject to the approval of the All-India States' Peoples Conference.

To decide the ultimate position of the State as to whether it should merge with the United Provinces or remain as a centrally administered area like Ajmer Merwara a Constituent Assembly will be set up on the basis of adult franchise. This Assembly will be functioning as the legislative body for the interim period. It is stated the Constituent Assembly will give its verdict on the issue of merger or otherwise within this period of six months.

It may be recalled here that, following a bloodless revolution by which the Tehri State Praja Mandal had taken over the administration of almost the whole of the State the Government of the United Provinces had taken over the administration of the State temporarily as directed by the States Department of the Government of India.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 29 (UPI)—Several persons were reported to have been injured in a clash that occurred between the prisoners in the Unao Jail and Jail staff on January 26 last.

A WARNING

"After long suffering from chronic constipation, and using all kinds of remedies, at last I got great relief after taking Livergen. Sufferers like me, take a warning in time"....One relieved.

WHAT PRICE BEAUTY!—SEE J. M. R.'s SOCIAL HIT

SHAM

SAVERA

SWARNALATA, WASTI, RAFIQ GAZNAVI & SULOCHANA

2nd TRIUMPHANT WEEK!

Plans open 10 to 12 noon.

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL

A DIAMOND Release.

THUNDER AND FURY THIS WEEK

"The Foxes Of Harrow": A Synthetic Gem!—"Desert Fury" Dazzles With Its Sex And Gangster Concoction —Ann Harding Returns

Strand

THE FOXES OF HARROW (20th Cen. Fox)

Players: Rex Harrison, Maureen O'Hara, Patricia Medina, Victor McLaglen, Richard Haydn.
Director: John M. Stahl.

A "frilly" picture this. While the sumptuousness of its pre-American Civil War period settings, is dazzling it leaves behind no permanent effect of grandeur. The story fails to follow a definite course and spirals up in a series of curious situations with no bearing on the main theme, though intriguing enough in themselves, as when we are given glimpses of odd voodo rites. The whole creates an impression of an over-decked, glittering production abounding in effects that are theatrical in the extreme, and presenting class conflicts that seem outmoded today.

The kernel of the plot is strongly reminiscent of the Scarlet O'Hara-Rhett Butler romance in "Gone With The Wind." We have here the same pursuit of a proud Southern belle—a Creole aristocrat of New Orleans Society—by a charming rogue, a professional gambler who acquires an estate by the flick of a card. Once again, the bride when won, will not accept her husband's common river-boat friends and repulses his advances except once, when he forces himself on her, this resulting, as previously, in the birth of a crippled son whom the father brings up as if he were normal. Again, as in "G.W.T.W.", the son dies after an accident, and the man seeks solace in the arms of a woman of easy virtue. The parallel ceases here, for in this case the impending loss of the Harrow estate, brings the pair together beside the son's grave.

Rex Harrison, whom I had associated only with comedy roles, having enjoyed his performances on the West End stage in such frothy plays as "No Time for Comedy", and Coward's "Design for Living", turns out to be surprisingly good in the melodramatic role of Stephen Fox, the gambler without morals or scruples. Indeed, he practically carries the whole story with his nonchalant air and forceful personality. Maureen O'Hara's assumed hauteur for her role of the scornful Odalie, is merely expression-deep and she fails to get into the skin of her role. Patricia Medina (Mrs. Richard Greene in private life), poor girl, is more like a debutante indulging in her first indiscretion rather than the scarlet woman she is supposed to be. Some delightful cameos are provided by featured players, such as Victor McLaglen's boisterous pig-boat captain, Richard Haydn's suave fop, and Gene Lockhart's Vicomte, the father of Odalie.

Sprawling, spangled, strident and strutting photoplay.

Metro

DESERT FURY (Paramount)

Players: Burt Lancaster, Lizabeth Scott, John Hodiak, Wendell Corey.
Director: Lewis Allen.

There is a furious pace to this Desert Fury till it works itself out literally in fumes. And what a fuming set of characters too: A hard-boiled gambling saloon owner who rules the desert town and talks out of the side of her mouth, her spoilt daughter who lisps like a kitten and acts as if she were on heat most of the time; a crooked gambler, who, having jilted the mother in the distant past, returns to repeat the process with her head-strong off-spring, and a clean he-man "copper" who thinks nothing of mixing duty with personal affairs when it is a question of administering raps to his rival in love. Pretty bunch, aren't they?

So we have a concoction of sex, gangsterdom and lurid melodrama, played out against technicoloured desert sets, with the women conducting a kind of fashion parade with constant changes of ward-robe.

Most of the footage is taken up with the mother and the police lover warning Paula in vain against her infatuation for Eddie, the gangster, who is transparently crooked. The finale provides a surprising twist when Paula finally learns that Eddie's henchman Johnny, is actually the brains of the partnership, while Eddie is his tool. Eddie shoots Johnny dead and chases Paula who hurries away in a car when his wickedness is at last exposed. The faithful copper comes to the rescue of his beloved and Eddie hurtles down a bridge to his death. The car chase provides a thrilling 'finis'.

Old-timer Mary Astor gives a fine characterisation as the mother, while Lizabeth Scott looks alluring and plays her love scenes with Hodiak, polished as Eddie, with a lot of gusto. Burt Lancaster has little to do except to look big, rugged and handsome, all of which he is without having to strive to be. Newcomer Wendell Carey as the tight-lipped Johnny, is distinctly good and should go far.

Sizzling sex-drama, with plenty of clinches and punches.

Regal

CAPTAIN FURY

Players: Brian Aherne, Victor McLaglen, June Lang, Paul Lukas.

A sudden change of programme makes it impossible for me to review the present presumably re-issued picture, which I am unable to recall seeing before.

From the synopsis, one learns that the story concerns one Captain Fury an Irish rebel who is deported by the English to their one-time penal settlement in Australia. Trist, a member of the landed gentry, seeks to obtain complete ownership of the valley by ejecting his helpless neighbours from their lands. As can be guessed, the dauntless Fury and Blackie, a bickering swaggerer, join forces to fight Trist. Needless to say, they succeed when things look blackest and Fury is about to mount the gallows.

Romance is introduced into the picture by making the heroine a ward of Fury who, of course, is unable to resist her charms.

Brian Aherne plays the title role, June Lang the feminine lead, Victor McLaglen is Blackie and Paul Lukas the father of the girl.

Yet more fury?

Eros

CHRISTMAS EVE

Players. Ann Harding, Randolph Scott, John Blondell, George Raft, Virginia Field, George Brent.
Director: Edwin L. Marin.

Incredible as it may seem, the poised Ann Harding, one-time leading lady of Gary Cooper ("Peter Ibettson") and Laurence Olivier ("Westward Passage",) here plays the role of foster mother to Raft, Brent and Scott all going grey at the temples. On Christmas eve, the old fairing summons her charges to her side. All of them, one a playboy (Brent), another a nightclub owner (Raft), and the third a rodeo rider (Scott), desert their lights-of-love to collect round the hearth.

What happens now? Find out yourself, if you care to watch the aged dears.

SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

Metro—10 A.M.: "Blue Skies"—Crosby, Astaire, Caulfield.

Strand—10-30 A.M.: "The Foxes of Harrow"—Rex Harrison, Maureen O'Hara.

Regal—10 A.M. "Great Expectations"—John Mills, Valerie Hobson.

SEEING THE SHOWS WITH "SARDI"

Right: Maureen O'Hara and Rex Harrison play a warring couple in "The Foxes of Harrow".

Handsome, rugged Burt Lancaster and seductive Lizabeth Scott almost burn up the screen with their powerful physical magnetism in Paramount's "Desert Fury" (METRO)

All this

for FLAVOUR

The crispy coldness of the morning air, windblown crags and cloudy heights, with every breath comes the refreshing healthy goodness of the Hills.

It is this that gives the EXTRA flavour in Planters Tea, grown, plucked, processed and packed in the Blue Mountains of the Nilgiris.

PLANTERS HIGH GROWN Nilgiri TEA

RT.17 THE PLANTERS COMPANY LTD. COONOOR, NILGIRIS, S. INDIA.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LIMITED

(The Scindia Line)

BOMBAY—GWALIOR—DELHI

TUES., THURS., SAT. WED., FRI., SUN.

06.45 Dep. Bombay Arr. 13.15
12.30 Arr. Delhi Dep. 07.30

(Will be operated DAILY soon except Sundays)

Fare: BOMBAY-DELHI Rs. 154/-

Freight space available

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Phone: 21919 Scindia House.

25744 Mandvi. 86236 Juhu

Telegrams: AIRTAXIES

TROUBLED BY BED BUGS? BANISH THEM WITH NEOCID DDT

Bugs are irritating and rob you of your sleep besides being the possible cause of sores and ulcers. Get rid of them definitely with NEOCID which contains 10% DDT. ★ For best results dust all cracks, crevices, in furniture, floors, walls, beddings, mattresses and pillows. Leave the powder as long as possible. The residual effect of DDT assures that bugs will be killed for a long time after application. Repeat application with a light dusting about every fortnight. DDT's effect is NOT instantaneous but it is quite SURE and CERTAIN to kill insects—it also has a lasting residual effect which is absent in other insecticides. ★

use NEOCID ..and use it right!

DDT plus DDT

GEIGY INSECTICIDES LTD. Neville House, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Distributors for Bombay Presidency Messrs. Dharuvala Bros., Shruff Mansions, Princess Street, Bombay

DJN 5479

Administration Of Orissa States

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28 (API).—The Government of Orissa have appointed a three-man executive council "for aiding and advising them in the administration of Orissa States."

The three executive councillors, Mr. Kapileswar Prasad Nanda (Patna States), Mr. Kailash Chandra Mahanti (Nilgiri State), and Mr. Pabitra Mohan Pradhan (Talcher State), were sworn in by the Governor at Government house today.

Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Premier of Orissa, Mr. Lalmohan Patnaik, Speaker of the Orissa Assembly and Mr. Lingaraj Misra and Mr. Nabakrishan Chaudhuri, two members of Crissa, were present at the function.

After the swearing in ceremony Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab told the Associated Press of India that in accordance with the policy of the Orissa Government to associate people in the administration of the States the executive council had been set up and accredited representatives of the people who had suffered and sacrificed for the sake of amalgamation of the States with the province had been selected as members of the executive council.

"In consultation with the executive council," the Premier said, "the Orissa Government will immediately set up an assembly consisting of 40 members representing all the 25 States to decide questions of general policy

Besides this, local advisory committees in consultation with the executive council will be set up, one in each state, in order to associate the local people in matters of administration.

This scheme, the Government believes, will work as satisfactorily as a constitutionally representative Government except that no election will be possible until the act is changed. It is hoped that immediate steps will be taken to provide election of the States peoples representatives to the Orissa Assembly."

It is understood that the Orissa Government are contemplating the setting up of development board which will include representatives of the districts of the Orissa Province and the States including some rulers.

U. S UNDERTAKING ON PALESTINE ISSUE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (Reuter): Demands that the United States Government "define the extent to which it committed itself to the Jewish Agency" were made today in a statement issued by the Arab Office here.

The demands were based on a statement attributed to Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, at Tel Aviv, that the Jewish Agency would not have accepted partition if it had not understood that the United States would back up the Jewish State by all possible means.

Final Settlement On Baroda Issue On Feb. 2

Darbar Gopaldas Says Agreement On Principles Only Reached

BARODA, Jan. 28, (A. P. I.): Darbar Gopaldas Desai, spokesman of the Baroda State Prajamandal who has been negotiating with the Government of Baroda has issued the following statement:

"Neither the State Government nor myself have issued any statement on the settlement of Baroda issue up till now. News have however percolated in the press of the settlement and I am glad to know that the public have received the news with joy. I have, however, to inform the public that, while agreement on principles has been already reached the details have still to be settled and the final settlement ratified by the Vyavasthapak Mandal (the Central Council of the Prajamandal). I have full faith in the bonafides of the Maharaja and the spirit of compromise with which His Highness and his Executive Councillors are trying to satisfy public opinion to the best of their ability and am therefore hopeful of the outcome. I am sure the people will do their best to patiently await the final results which will be known by February 2, 1948, when the Vyavasthapak Mandal meets.

Talukdars To Meet At Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Jan. 28.

On the 29th January, the Regional Commissioner in the Residency has called a meeting of fifth to seventh class talukdars in connection with the formation of a United State of Kathiawar.

The Talukdars desire that they should get the privy purse and also land for cultivation permanently.

It is understood that Kathiawad Regional Commissioner has called here on 4th February a conference of representatives of States and public workers taking interest in the foodgrains problem.

BOMBAY WEIGHT-LIFTING TEAM FOR INDIAN OLYMPIC

The following lifters have been selected to represent Bombay at the Indian Olympic games to be held at Lucknow:—Bantam Weight: N. K. Apte, V. W. Phenany, Feather Weight: M. G Vaidyalingam, C. V. Saraf, Light Weight: Homi K. Shroff, K. Hariharan, Middle Weight: J. D. Telang, J. G. Pendharkar, H. V Thakkar, Light Heavy: Mamud Taghavy, T. Chatterjee.

CUTTACK RADIO STATION OPENS

CUTTACK, Jan. 28 (A.P.I.): At 6-30 this evening Cuttack went on the air with Bandemataram sung by Srimati Raharani, a Bengali artiste. The station was inaugurated by Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Premier of Orissa.

After the inauguration Mr Kailashnath Katju, Governor of Orissa and Mr. Mahatab went round the studio accompanied by the director of the station, Mr. Luthra.

London Stock Market

LONDON, Jan. 29.

The Stock Market operators attention was to-day switched from France to Italy, when Italian bonds boomed on the announcement that arrears of interest on sterling bonds will be paid.

Italian 7 per cents jumped 34 points to 140, Italian Maremmana railway 5 per cents 13 points to 90. Profit-taking however reduced these prices to 136 and 80 respectively.

Another section revealing strength was oils wherein Canadian eagle gained 1 shillings at 403 and ultramar 2 shillings at 809.

Industrials remained quietly steady although store shares recorded gains with brrods 1 shilling higher 829 whilst tobacco were firm with imperials 116 better at 6532 the news that the French socialists had agreed to accept the Government's gold bill failed to stimulate kaffirs which on the day closed occasionally easier.

Coppers however experienced considerable support with the market generally improved whilst other base metals were also in demand.

Giltedged encountered a small demand which made for gains of up to 18, consol 2 1/2 being this amount higher at 7938.

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 29.

Market ruled quiet but steady though general sentiment is still hesitant. Lower levels attracted buyers in view of prevailing optimism about approaching midget. Closed steady.

Calico opened 1460, highest 1470, lowest 1459, closed 1468.

Ambika opened 458, highest 460, lowest 457, closed 460.

Arvind opened 1667, highest 1685, lowest 1664, closed 1681.

Deffered opened 1855, highest 1875, lowest 1853, closed 1874.

Closing quotations:—

Arvind 1681, Ambika 460, Calico 1468, Jupiter 420, Marsdon 212, Monogram 186, Saraspur 710, Defferd 1874, Atul 50x10, Bihari 323-12-0, Bharat Suryodara 145, Mahalaxmi 670, Lalmill 492-8-0, Vivekanand (xd.) 275, Rohit 445, Vikram 570.

Australian Exchange Rate

CANBERRA, Jan. 29. (Reuter): Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, today announced that no considaration would be given to the alteration of the Australian exchange rate while sterling remained at its present value.

Only if there were a depreciation of sterling would this be considered, Mr. Chifley said.

There had been no discussions of any kind between Australia and the British Treasury on altering the Australian exchange rate, Mr. Chifley added.

DR. GRADY 'EN-ROUTE' TO INDIA

Expected To Stay In London For 3 Days

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, (Reuter): Dr. Henry F. Grady, the United States Ambassador to India who has been in America for six weeks for conferences on Indian questions with State Department officials at Washington left La Guardia today aboard the Pan-American clipper "Invincible" for London en-route to New Delhi.

The Ambassador said he planned to spend three days in London in talks with British Foreign Office and Colonial officials.

Discussing the Kashmir situation, Dr. Grady told Reuter: It is a subject which has developed a great deal of tension between Pakistan and India, but I am confident that the two Dominions working with the United Nations Commission, will find a satisfactory solution.

"India and Pakistan were getting along very well, working out economic matters, until this Kashmir problem held things up."

GRADY TAKES OFF

NEW YORK, January 29. (Reuter): After his plane had been held up for nine hours by mechanical trouble Mr. Henry F. Grady United States Ambassador to India left La Guardia airport for London on his way to New Delhi. Mr. Grady said he planned to spend three days in London having talks with foreign and colonial office officials.

EXPORT OF RICE FROM BURMA AND SIAM

Previous Arrangements To Continue Despite Changes

LONDON, Jan. 28 (Reuter).—The changes in the Government in Siam and the Governmental status in Burma have not affected the arrangements for the export of rice in either country, Mr. Hector McNeil, Minister of State, stated in a Parliamentary reply today.

Mr. Walter Fletcher, Conservative, then asked why the reduction of 600,000 tons "in the rice agreement made by Lord Killearn with Siam and announced in May 1946" was not disclosed to Parliament although the reduction was agreed to in December, 1946.

Mr. McNeil replied that Mr. Fletcher was mistaken in thinking that any agreement on rice was made between Lord Killearn and Siam.

The reduction to which he had drawn attention was a modification of the Anglo-Siamese formal agreement of January 1946. The text of this agreement together with the amendment to it made from time to time, including the reduction question, had now been assembled in one document and would be published as soon as possible.

BEARISH FEELING IN SHARE BAZAR

Heavy Long Liquidation And Hedge Selling In Cotton

BULLION MARKET QUIET WITH POOR OFF TAKE

Bombay, Jan. 29

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady with moderate business passing. Yesterday's decline was carried further to-day under long liquidation but later prices staged a small rally on short covering However at the rise there was no follow-up on the buying side. Thus the market fluctuated narrowly with mixed feeling. The recommendations of the Economic Programme Committee unnerved weak holders and the recent liquidation is expected to strengthen the technical situation of the market. It is true that various uncertain factors are having their influences in shaping the course of the market at present, but there is a growing belief that the country needs more and more production of consumers' goods

BEARISH FEELING

After the close the general feeling was bearish and Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 1.840.

and the next Budget is expected to give some relief with a view to speed up production. If this belief has any place in the economic structure, share values cannot break away as after all money has some earnings value.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1860 and declined at Rs. 1840 but improved at Rs. 1852. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 368 and after improving at Rs. 371 declined at Rs. 366 and steadied at Rs. 369. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1160 and after declining at Rs. 1145 rallied sharply at Rs. 1172 and steadied at Rs. 1162. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 617 and after touching Rs. 614 advanced at Rs. 623 and reacted at Rs. 620, while Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs. 660.

Thereafter the market was steady and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1866. Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 370/8. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1177/8 while Kohinoors were quiet at Rs. 614 but Swadeshi shares were steady at Rs. 664 on the prospects of new scheme. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 234. Associated Cements were quoted X.D. at Rs. 177 after touching Rs. 175/8 while Scindia shares closed at Rs. 29/14. There was moderate short covering against further liquidation.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1176/4 Kohinoor 623 Swadeshi 662 Nagpur 348 Simplex 231 New Great 450 Gokak 356 Indore 653/12 Century X. R. 500 Colaba 320 I. Bleaching 158 Swan 381 Finlay 334 Morarji 587/8 Edward 690 Meyer X D. 212/8 Apollo 4 I. U. Ordinary 16/6/6 I. U. Defd. 3 Madhusudan 270 Podar 358/12 Khatau X. D 277/8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 370/8 Tata Steel Defd. 1865 Second 151/12.

CEMENT

Associated Meger X. D. 177/8.

INDUSTRIES

Burma X. D. 505 Belapur X. D. 338 Shivrajpur 37 Scindia X. R. X. D. 29/14 Construction 227 Tata Chemical 18/10 Tata Oil 65/8 Indian Iron X. D. 35/1 Bengal Steel 31/6.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord. 139 Tata Hydro 142 Andhra 1397/8 Power 1505.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 495 Ind. Mfg. 4460 Koorla 280 Dawn 1545 David 145 New City 220 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 775 Bharucha (Defd.) 7 Bharat 44 Mysore 240 Madhavji 19/6 Model 210 Laxmi 1640 Vishnu 617/8 Western 4355 Standard 500 Sholapur 6285 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 1550 Tata 84 Ahmedabad Advance 567/8 Sassoon Silk 72/8 New Union 19/2 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 446/4 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 425 Simplex Cpn. 123.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 140 New 126/4 Surat 171/4 Karachi 145 Broach 41 Ajmer X. D. 9/8 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 150 Bombay Suburban 145 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 113/12 Imperial X. D. 2155 P. P. X. 520 Central 90 Coupon 19 India 245 Union 10/10 Baroda 172 Habib 151/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 72/8. Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 41 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 785 New India 75 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 14/10 Indian Mercantile 55 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/14 Prud 36/8 Neptune 7 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS

G. P. 107/8 Mymensing 113 Guaran-

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, January 29.

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 570 67/8
Bharat 45 43/8 44
Apollo 4/1 4
B. Dyeing 1160 62/8 45 70 60 76/4
Bradbury (Ord.) 775
C. India 343 45 42 48 46 49 48
Century 500
E. Textiles 680
Elphinstone (Ord.) 92 91
Finlay 333 30 35 32 34
Gokak 346 47 51 50 53 52 54 53
I. U. (Defd.) 3/0/6 3/1 3
I. U. (Ord.) 16/7 16/8 16/5 16/7 16/6/6
Indore 640 45 30 53/12
Koninoor 615 14 23 16 24 23
Meyer 212/6 10 12/8
New Great 448 45 51 50
Podar 360 56/12
Simplex 230 33 31 33 32 34 31
Swadesni 653 45 64 62
Tata Mills 84 82 84

BANKS.

Central 90/8 88 90
Imperial (Old) 210 60 65 55 60 55
Imperial (New) 520 16/4 20
India 246 45
Reserve 113/8
Union 10/10
U. Commercial 73 73/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 140
Andhra Valley 1430 1397/8
B. Tram (Ord.) 139 38 39
B. Suburban 145
Hydro 148 43 44 42
Power 1510 5 15 1500 5
New India Ass. 79 75
Scindia Steam 29/9 29/10 29/2 29/15 29/11 29/14

STEEL.

B. Steel 30/14 31/6
I. Iron 30/4 35/11
Tata (Defd.) 1855 40 60 47/8 66/4 65 70 68/8 70/8
Tata (Ord.) 369 69/8 67/8 68/8 67/8
Tata (Ist. Pref.) 200
Tata (IInd Pref.) 151 52 51/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 320
A. C. C. (Old) 178 75/8 77/8 (Ex. Div.)
A. C. C. (New 106/8 10 (Ex. Div.)
Belapur 332 30 38
B. B. (Old) 502/8 498/12 505
B. B. (New) 168/12 67/8
B. B. Petrol 3/3 3/1/6 3/2
I. I. Trust 202/8
P. Const. 225 22 27 25 27
P. Const. (IInd Pref.) 125 25/10
Shivrajpur 36 37
Tata Chem. 18/4 18/8 18/6 18/12 18/10
Tata Oil 66 65 65/8
Wimco 307/8 5 10

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 90
Simplex Coupon 121 23
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 127/8 26/4
Alembic Chem. 266/4

teed 113 Pachora 100.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. R. 320 Steamer X. D. 585 Burma New X. D. 167/8 B. B. Petrol 3/2 Mackenzie 145 Port Canning 75 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 102/8 Wimco 310 Dharamsey Chemical 39 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 266/4 Supreme India 130 Jamwire 108 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 190 United Motor 74 A. C. C. New X. D. 110 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 15/4.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 200 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1362/8 Tata Power 1300 Hydro 147/8 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 710 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 310 New Great 225 Podar 115/10 Surnivas 101 Elphinstone 123/12 Bradbury 497/8 Surat Elec. 165/10 Premier Construction (1st Pref). 127 (Second Pref.) 123 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 160 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12.

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 104/8 B. Steamer 1950 (8) 106/12 1 Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDE SHARES

India Copper 3/1 B. I. C. 10/1 Burma Corporation 3/10 New Victoria 6 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 28 Phalton 122 Gold Mohar 350 Kaiser-I-Hind 380 Sajjan 302/8 Osmanshahi 295 Azamshahi 265 Air Service 13 Air Ambica 17 Air India (Tata) 185 Hind Motor 7/12 India Steam 14/8 Valley 11/6.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

	Rs.	as.	p
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	4	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	10	0
2-3/4 pc 1948-52	100	8	0
2-3/4 pc 1960	99	12	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100	3	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	10	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable.	110	6	0
3 p.c. 1996 Con.	100	7	0
3 pc 1949-52	102	0	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

The local bullion market was quietly steady today following fluctations in chamber and tukda markets. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 168/8 and ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 106/8 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 69. It is reported that some large nuanties of silver Bars are coming here for delivery on Saturday.

In the afternoon there was further selling and Silver declined at Rs. 168 while Gold was quoted at Rs. 106.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Jan. 28.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 29

The local cotton market opened quiet today with March quoted at Rs. 522/8 for March delivery and improved at Rs. 524/8. The market sentiment is now becoming less enthusiastic in view of sales of cloth at lower prices in upcountry markets.

Later on there was renewed liquidation and March declined at Rs. 520 but active covering again rallied the market at Rs. 523/8. Thereafter there was increased liquidation and the market was depressed at Rs. 517/8 for March delivery. The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. March	517-8-0
I.C.C. May	523-4-0
I.C.C. July	533-0-0
I.C.C. Sept.	539-4-0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, Jan. 28.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
March	531	524	526
May	536-1/2	529-1/2	531-3/4
July	545-1/2	538-1/2	541
Sept.	551-1/2	544-1/2	547-1/4

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton March Contract is 1455 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

The produce market was quiet with restricted business. Spot demand remains moderate and prices are gradually sagging. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—			
Khandesh ready	Rs.	32	4 0
Bold Ready		32	0 0
Bold December-January		32	0 0
Bold February-March		30	10 0
Oil January		17	13 0
Oil February		17	6 0
Oil March		17	8 0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Ready		35	0 0
May opened		142	4 0
May highest		142	12 0
May lowest		140	13 0
May Close		141	13 0
Oil First Pressing		22	0 0
Oil Com. Quality		20	8 0
LINSEED:—			
Ready		28	12 0
February-March		28	8 0
April-May		26	13 0
Oil		17	12 0

PEPPER PRICES

Bombay, Jan. 29.

Maha delivery	633-0-0
Fagan delivery	635-0-0

YARN MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

The Italian Art Silk market was closed today as a mark of respect to the death of Seth Chotalal Rhaichand Kothari.

HESSIAN PRICES

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

	Pics
45 x 11	
Ready	126
Jan./March	124
April/June	122
D. W. 40 x 28	
Ready	102 0 0
Jan./March	101 8 0
April/June	101 8 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

Tata Ordinary 370/8; Tata Deferred 1865; Indian Iron 35/11; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 31/6; Bombay Dyeing 1176/4; Central India 348/2: Gokak 353/2; Kohinoor 623/2; Simplex 231; Swadeshi 661/14; Tata Power 1505; Associated Cement X. D. 177/8; Belapur 338/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 505; Scindia 29/14; Central Bank 90; New India 75; Tata 2nd Pref. 151/14.

3 p.c. 1951-54	102	9	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	9	0
3 pc 1952	102	8	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	5	0
3 p.c. 1963-65	101	8	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	6	0
3 p.c. 1970/75	101	3	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1951-59	106	2	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	102	8	0
4 pc 1960-70	113	10	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55	106	4	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	117	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2-3/4 p.c U. P. 1961 ..	99	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 ..	102	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 ...	102	0	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1949 ..	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N. W. F. 1952 ...	100	4	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City ...	113	0	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
3-1/4 pc Municipal New 1977	102	4	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipality 1964	120	0	0
5 pc K. E. T.	114	0	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6/-5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 6400
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157 1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Do 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs. 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria Pia. 97 1/4-3/4
London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl. 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr. 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl. 128-130
London Java Fl. 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es. 99.80-100.20
London Manila Pes. 8.07-12
London Montreal Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London Oslo Kr. 19.98 20.02
London Paris Fcs. 863.40-864.60
London Prague K. 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs. 17.34-36
London Syria 880-5
London Discts 3 Months 9/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Months 5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p c 3 months 3/4 pc 6 months 1 pc 12 months 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 29. (A.P.I.):

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today continued its easier trend round all sections and only a limited business took place. Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

Government Securities: Three per cent loan 1986 100/10.

Banks: Reserve 111-/ United Commercial 72/-.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 11/7; Dunbar 297/-; Sl. Elgin 58/12 small odd lot; New Victoria ordy. 5/9 ditto Pref. 6/12.

Coals: Bengal 594/-; Bhulanbararee 14/-; Burrakur 26/12; Samla Colliery 9/12; South Karanpura 27/7; Western Bengal 8/2.

Jutes Auckland 337/-; Budgebudge 495/-; Howrah 88/14; Kamarnaty 766/-; Presidency 8/3; Belvedere 713/-Sl Standard 335/-.

Engineerings: Indian Iron 35/11; Jessop and Co. 22/4; Kumardhubi Eng. 10114; Marshalls 6/14; Steel Corpn ordy. 31/8; Steel Corpn. Pref 133/-; Ct. Textile Machinery 10/12.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn. 3/10, Indian Copper 3/2; Consolidated Tin 2/4; Tavoy Tin 1/9; Assam Bengal Cement 10/15; Sone Valley Cement 10/14; Calcutta Electric 27/15; Angelo Bros. 30/11; B.I.C. 10/-; F. and C.; Osler 11/14; Godfrey Phillip 19/12 Indian National Airways 12/11; Jardine Henderson 179/-; Sol Martin Burn 18/10; Rohtas Industry 11/4; Read 11/14; B. B. Petrol 3/2; Tataghur Paper 16/8; Midnapore Zemindary 118/- Assam Saws 7/10; India Steamship 14/11.

Sugars: Carew and Co., 15/11; Cawnpore 29/7.

Teas: Bishnauth 57/8 ex div; Huldibari 54/-; Nagri Farm 41/- ex div.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS, Jan. 29, (A.P.I.): Following are today's quotations:—

SUGAR AND BREWERIES: Deccan 28/4, Mysore 58/4, Travancare 16/4, United Breweries 216.

PLANTINGS: Balanoors 18/4, Balmadies 1/15, Blue Mountain 2/10, Cochin Malabar 9, Devashola 17/4, High Land Produce 80/4, Kalasa 15, Midlands 8/5, Ouchterlony 10/15, Pullangodes 1/11, Rajagiri 4/14, Thirumadi 7/15, Vaikumdam 8/7.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 362/8, Bangalore Woollen 272/8, Cambodias 13, Coimbatore Pioneer 109, Janardhana 59, Lakshmi 107, Maduras 47/12, Mysore Spun 13/12, Netturs 309, Mysore Silk Filatures 10/12, Rajalakshmi 68, Ranga Vilas 58/8, Trichinopoly 13/14.

MISCELLANEOUS: India Cement 15/10, Mettur Chem. 11, Mysore Chem. Ferts 13/3, Mysore Papers 16/7.

New York Cotton Irregularly Quiet

Futures One Point Down To 19 Points Up

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, (U. P. A.): Trading remained quiet and prices irregular on the New York Cotton Market today. Prices eased after a steady opening, only to firm up again at the close. The volume was estimated around 150,000 bales against 280,000 bales done on Tuesday. The overall trend was shaped largely by erratic fluctuations in grains with Chicago and New Orleans interests providing most of the activity. Local room traders meanwhile were taking short turns on either side while waiting for the market to develop into a definite pattern. Some small shippers covering was apparent on recessions against export sales plus local support encouraged by reports that Holland and Belgium were inquiring for raw cotton following the recent sale of upwards of 15,000 bales to Germany.

The market generally lacked fresh incentives, traders were still muddled over prospects for early approval of the Marshall Plan aid programme along with uncertainties on Congressional action on the new form of legislation on taxes and the anti-inflationary programme.

HEDGE TRANSFERS.

Evening up in March delivery continued but on a reduced scale. With the tendency of intermonth differences to narrow a spot firm, which was recently active in transferring hedges forward was more inclined to mark time.

Prices opened six to 10 higher. Prices extended their gains further after the opening call reflecting carryover of Tuesday's late covering movement. As the demand ebbed at 34.63 for March, the market became rather a thin affair during the mid-session weakening under a wave of liquidation touched off by the sharp decline in grains. Prices eased 27 to 32 from the highs but strengthened again in the last hour with the recovery in grains. Light trade buying and short covering again disclosed an oversold condition and prices were 19 higher to one point lower.

FOREIGN DEVELOPMENTS.

While Washington and foreign monetary political developments will continue to exert considerable influence in the price picture, dealers also believe that the situation in March will become a more important factor with the approach of the first notice day on February 24th.

Opinion was voiced that the Army's next purchases for Japan may specify low grades because of the criticism arising from its recent purchases of around 50,000 bales of long staples for Japanese account. Dealers believe the market will remain a nervous affair with chances favouring lower prices before it takes a definite turn for the better.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 28.

March	34.69+19
March Highest	34.71+21
March Lowest	34.30—20
May	34.81+17
July	34.20+06
October	31.54—01
December	31.23—01
March	31.08—02
May	30.95+03
July	30.55+02
Middling Spot	35.50+20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 28.

March	34.58+21
May	34.77+17
July	34.17+03
October	31.56+01
December	31.26+01
Middling Spot	34.35+20

Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, January 29, (U.P.A.): Stock prices made the best showing of the year today as trading sentiment improved considerably on a batch of favourable 1947 earning reports.

Trading was quiet. Union Carbides were bright.

Trading sentiment was bolstered by announcements by U. S., Republic Steel and Jones and Laughlin of favourable 1947 earnings.

Stock sales totalled 860,000. Dow Jones average closing included: Industrials 174.97; Rails, 50.99; Utilities, 32.46 and Bonds 97.90.

Worth Street Attention Taken Up By Price Shading

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, (U. P. A.): Attention on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was taken up by price shading in print cloth and yarn fabrics in both first and second hand outlets. The decline in raw cotton was commented upon. Brokers pointed out that since the first of this year, spot delivery in cotton futures declined nearly five dollars per bale reaching the lowest point since the middle of December.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

IMPORTS

Today's imports were as under:

S. S. EXPLORER

FROM NEW YORK:—

500 bxs. tin plate strips re-coopered; 46 cases scraphine, 913 bags carriage bolts and nuts; 118 bales printing paper; 188 bxs. electric motors; 37 cases printing matter; 36 cases steel files; 90 drums citric acid granular; 298 crats tiline syrup; 56 cases cryskarocrty sodium bellcilline; 44 bxs sound equipment, 234 cases steel files; 41 cases medicinal capsules; 177 auto parts; 40 calcium glycerophosporate; 19 cases cinema sound systems; 59 ctns. adhesive plasters; 60 cases sen sen; 44 drums potasium citrate usp; 147 ctns lead pencils; 42 cases sound projection equipment; 400 ctns pencils; 67 pkgs. saccharine-mixed soluble nip; 125 pkgs. clancasks randyal soft basic, 700 bdls. Similac infant food 39 ctns plastic batteries, 2652 ctns biscuits; 30 cases photo papers; 207 bdls. ice cans; 82 bales tissue wrapping paper; 185 cases medicine empty selecline capsules, 242 bdls. hoop band steel, 218 cases medicine; 277 ctns. tin plates; 93 cases rayon piecegoods, 121 stc motor cars; 104 bdls. completely disassemble, 56 cases steel carriage bolts and nuts; 87 ctns cross weaters; 200 drums Bharge; 36 cases blacksmith tools; 81 bdls. chipboard; 29 cases sound equipment; 592 cases carbon electrodes 300 cases break fluide; 320 ctns glassware, 36 cases motor truck chassis, 316 drums caustic soda.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:—

612 drums petroleum lubricating oil, 374 drums hydro-sulphite of soda; 316 drums lubricating oil.

FROM BALTIMORE:—

1827 cases condensed milk; 61 bxs. infant milk, 2483 bxs. powdered milk; 48 bxs. steel bars.

FROM PORT SUDAN:—

100 bales sakel cotton, 49 bales American cotton.

S. S. GEORGIA

FROM LOS ANGELES:—

9524 tons furnace oil.

S. S. MARIN SNAPPER

FROM LOS ANGELES:—

120 bags borax; 112 drums potasium chlorate; 400 drums petroleum lubricating oil; 74 drums caustic soda; 63 electric motors; 44 drums liquid asphid, 160 pkgs. citric acid.

FROM SANFRANCISCO:—

50 pkgs. printing ink; 42 cases cinema machine accessories; 391 bales glucose; 42 cases cotton marquiselle; 158 avolet table; 58 cases avolet table grats; 55 crates pints avosterilized milk; 216 pinters set whipping grate.

FROM SHANGHAI:—

368 bales cotton yarn.

FROM MANILA:—

84 cases atrbrine tablets.

EXPORTS

S.S. CILICIA

To Liverpool:—148 bales wool raw —The Bombay Co. Ltd. 1318 bags groundnut seed—The Cotton Agents Ltd. 54 bales cotton waste—G. M. Vyas and Co.

S. S. KATHA

To Liverpool:—8567 bags groundnut seed—Indian Produce Co. Ltd. 90 bales absarant cotton wool—A. R. Varma and Sons.

To Irlam:—500 tons manganese ore—James Finlay and Co.

S.S. PUCHUMBA

To London:—14 bags gum karaya—C. Bhogilal. 162 drums groundnut oil—Amrit Oil Mill Ltd. 40 bags beese ware—F. Jafferbhoy.

S.S. RIDEAN PARK

To Melbourne:—15 bales cotton piecegoods—H. Patel and Sons Myrabollam; 418 bags—K. Trikamji. 696 bags—H. Raghavji.

To Sydney:—Cotton piecegoods 22 bales—The Bombay Co. Ltd. 22 bales—K. Patel and Sons, 7 bales—K. Nagji and Co.

To Fremantle:—868 bags linseed—C. Ujamshibhoy.

S.S. LUTTERKERK

To Antwerp:—33 bales kapok—Faiz and Co. 250 bales raw cotton—Volkart Bros.

S.S. PRESIDENT MONROE

To New York:—40 cases mango chutney—M. M. Poonjiaji and Co.

S.S. ANNENKE

To Sydney:—22 bales cotton piecegoods—Sapt Textile Prod. (India) Ltd.

To Melbourne:—25 bales cotton piecegoods—Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

S.S. MARIN SNAPPER

To Alexandria:—25 drums castor oil—R. H. Amin and Co.

To New York:—777 bags sandlewood billets stamps—Govt. Sandlewood Factory. 61 bags gum karaya—S. D. Dharsi. 200 bales cotton waste—Chunilal and Co.

S.S. TAIRA

To Daressalam:—59 bales blankets —The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Co. Ltd. 5 bags turmeric powder—Transworld Traders. 14 bdls. woollen flour carpet—B. Choitram. Cotton piecegoods 95 bales—G Moledin and Co. 7 bales—A. A. Karim Bros. Ltd. 11 cases brass and copper utensils—L. Shewakram.

To Zanzibar:—12 pkgs. castor oil —Vithaldas and Co. Cotton piecegoods 11 bales—C. K. Shah. 5 bales—V. Kalidas and Co.

To Mombassa:—44 bales blankets —The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg. Co. Ltd. From G. Shantilal and Co. 3 bags turmeric, 15 bags coriander seed 5 bags fennel seed. 30 cases glass globes, 10 cases earthenjars, 12 cases glass mirrors. 10 cases glass jars. 6 bales cotton piecegoods—B. Parpamand and Co. From Transworld Traders—5 cases glass mirrors 50 crates porcelain closets 20 bags dry ginger—C. A. Patel. 52 crates glass globes and jars—Mahalaxmi Glass Work. Cotton piecegoods 12 bales—H. P. Doshi. 42 bales —V. Pranchand, 21 bales—B. Kalidas and Sons, 20 bales—C. Popatlal, 5 bales—T. G. Calfar.

To Beira:—Cotton piecegoods 29 bales—Indravan and Bros. 95 bales—K. Rahimtoola and Co. 90 bales—V. Pranchand. 72 bales—K. Patel and Son.

S.S. DWARAKA

To Kuwait: 11 cases chalk sticks —H. Essa Bros. 10 cases window glass—G. B. Raza, 16 cases mango chutney—M. M. Poonjiaji and Co. 400 drums paint—Anglo-Iranian Oil Co.

To Busrah:—87 cases aluminium pots—A. S. Desai 10 bdls rubber hose Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. Ltd. 67 bdls brass base bolt heads—Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. Ltd. 2050 pkgs jungle wood—S. Jamsetji and Co. 15 cases toilet soap—A. A. Jayani. 60 crats porcelain closet—J. H. Monallua and Co.

To Beherin:—42 bales cotton piecegoods—A. A. Kadar.

To Khorumshire:—18 cases cardamoms—H. M. S. Shustary.

S.S. CAGLIARI

To Genoa:—1595 bales raw cotton —Volkart Bros.

To Trieste:—42 bales cotton waste —Volkart Bros.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

Arrivals

"SHEELAVATI" (840 tons) arrived on January 29 from Alleppi via Cochin Calicut and Marmagoa (Scindia).

"S.S. RATNAGIRI" (589 tons) arrived on January 28 from Dabhol (Scindia).

"PRESIDENT MUNHOE" (9255 tons) arrived on January 28 from San Francisco, (Forbes).

"MOUNT KYLLENE" (3943 tons) arrived on January 29 from Cochin.

"CITY OF DURHAM" (10025 tons) arrived from Birkenhead on January 28 (Killick).

"S.S. AZADI" (964 tons) arrived from Marmagoa on January 28.

Departures

"BHARATMATA" (2821 tons) left for Calcutta via Cochin on January 29.

"CASTALIA" (4171 tons) sailed for Glasgow on January 28.

"STEEL CHEMIST" sailed for Houston, Texas, on January 28.

Grains Moderately Active And Erratic

CHICAGO, Jan. 28. (U. P. A.): Grain prices remained moderately active and erratic, but closed firm with corn leading. Distillers bought heavily following the failure to extend legislation providing for allocation of grains to that group after the end of this week.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.

March 2.89-3/4 asked.
May 2.90-1/4 to 2.90.
July 2.60-1/4 to 2.60-3/4.
September 2.56-1/4 to 2.56.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.

American Telephone and Telegraph	150-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	26-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	33-1/8
Chase National Bank	34-1/2
Sinclair Oil	16-1/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	47
General Electric Co.	34-1/8
General Motors	54-3/8
Ingersol Rand bid	124-1/2
International Nickel	27
National City Bank of New York	38-7/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-3/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	15-1/2
Texas Corporation	55
Union Carbon and Carbide	98
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	44
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	74-5/8
Western Union Telegraph	19-3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 28.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	79-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	105-11/16
War Loans 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	103-1/2
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	112-11/16
Victory Bonds 4 pc	113-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-7/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	120-1/2
National Bank of India	34-1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 12484.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, Jan. 29.

Wheat 19 to 21; Gram 13/8; Barley 13; Bejhar 13; Maize 11/8; Bajra 12/12; Juar 12; Guwar 11/4; Peas Ready Khatties 8/8; Arhar 8/8; Urd 18; Moong 17/8; Masoor 15/8; Unsteady huge quantity imported Barley being received and stocked up Government Account stocks Wheat 3 Gram 3; Peas 46; Arhar 65; Bijhar 5; Maize 25; Oats 17; Khatties Sarson 17/12; Taraseed 14; Groundnut 11; Oil 60 Cottonseed 12 to 15; Oilcake 7; Gur ready 9; Pagan 10/3/8; Opened 10; Steady on moderate speculative support Oats ready 8/8; Jeth 6/3; Opened 6; Silver 151/2 Opened 151/8; Touched 150/12; Gold 103; Bardana Chet 78; April 90. Tone: Quiet.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 23rd January:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,25,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Banks Current and other Accounts	279,35,41,000
Sundries	58,76,000
Total Rs.	291,81,67,000

ASSETS.

| | Rs.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Young Muslim Doctor, M.B.B.S., invites correspondence from eligible educated girl. Well educated and with wide interests. No restrictions. Strict confidence on both sides. Reply Box No. 8032 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATION VACANT

Applications are invited for the following permanent posts at the Indian Central Cotton Committee's Technological Laboratory, Matunga: (1) Spinning Assistant—Pay Rs. 100-10-150-E.B.-10-280. (2) Spinning Fitter—Pay Rs. 80-5-100-E.B.-10-150 Plus Dearness, City Compensatory and House Rent allowances, as admissible under the rules. Minimum qualification required for (1) L.T.M. Diploma of V.J.T.I. and 2 year's experience in a mill and for (2) at least 5 years' experience in a mill as fitter. The selected candidates will be on probation for 3 months and on confirmation will be entitled to the benefits of the Committee's Contributory Provident Fund. Leave as per revised leave rules of the Government of India. Applications with testimonials, stating age, qualifications, etc., should be submitted to the Secretary, Indian Central Cotton Committee, Post Box No. 1002, Bombay, before the 15th February, 1948.

(7134)

Wanted Litho Artists, Litho Plate makers and Plate Grainers. Apply Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road. Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (8028)

Wanted Experienced Colour Chemist for our Litho Works. Apply to: Famous Cine Litho Works, 40-B, Clerk Road. Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. (8028)

Wanted Experienced Operators for Milling, Capstan, and other precision lathes, etc. Persons with atleast 5 years Ordnance factory experience in India or abroad need apply stating minimum pay acceptable. Box No. 7086 "Bombay Chronicle"

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by Post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 7910

ASTROLOGY

Free Test Reading.—Your Forecast for 1948, based upon modern Scientific Astrology and my New Unique Methods, often amazingly accurate. Send your birth date with As. 6 in stamps (each for Anna 1½ or ¾ only) for sundry expenses. Uranus (B.A., LL.B.), Scientific Astrologer, 1, Clare Road, Bombay 8. (3025)

MEDICAL ADLETS

"Amrita Malam". A Wonderful Medicine for Gangrene and Leprosy Rs 12/8 per phial. V.P. charges extra Menaka Debi 19 S.N. Banerji Rd., Calcutta. (5462D)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Press 20 to 40 tons Punching and Cutting. Foreign make, Ready or from forward delivery. Those who have import licence should communicate with Box No. 448, Bombay. (8029)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted three canvassing agents at Khandesh, C.P. and Southern Maharashtra to book orders for Coatings and Shirtings. For full particulars, apply to Malabar Industrials, Chovva (Malabar) 8013

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans upto Rs. 7,000/- are given on personal security Write for terms: International Traders, 370 Sardarpura, 3rd Road, Jodhpur. (7052)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A few good Typewriters ready for Sale Bombay Typewriting Institution, Opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay, Telephone 21084. (7998)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
SUPPLY ON HIRE OF BULLOCKS AND DRIVERS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply on hire of bullocks and drivers without carts for works in General Works, Southern and Northern Divisions, for 12 months commencing from 1st April 1948 to 31st March 1949.

Conditions of contract, schedule of quantities and form of tender can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 5/- per set.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 300 for each division by crossed cheque as earnest money. The deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 P.M. (S.T.) on Friday 6th February 1948.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(7132)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from the candidates, possessing a Diploma in Civil Engineering College of Poona or any other like Institute for the post of OVERSEERS on a salary of Rs. 88 plus Rs. 15/- Conveyance Allowance and Dearness Allowance in the grade of Rs. 88-6-100-10-160-E.B.-10-240. Preference will be given to those candidates, who have experience of the works in the Construction of Roads, Drains and Sewers, etc.

The posts are temporary, but are likely to be continued.

Applications are to be made on the prescribed forms to be obtained from the Office of the Special Engineer on payment of annas 8 each. They should be sent to the undersigned on or before 14TH FEBRUARY 1948.

The candidates will have to come for interview, if called at their own expense.

N. V. MODAK,
Special Engineer.

Municipal Head Office,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 27th Jan., 1948.

(7128)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Resident Medical Officer, Ramesh Premchand Tuberculosis Hospital. The pay of the post would be Rs. 250-20-450 with free quarters plus usual dearness allowance.

Applicant must be a native of the Bombay Province or be domiciled either in the Province or an Indian State within the Geographical limits of the Province. A registered Medical practitioner with a certificate of special studies in Tuberculosis will be preferred and hospital experience in T.B. Hospital will be considered an additional qualification. No private practice will be allowed.

Applications should be addressed to the Executive Health Officer Bombay Municipality, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, on a form to be obtained from him on payment of annas 8 and should reach him not later than 20-2-1948.

Municipal servants can also apply. Non-municipal candidates must be below 40 years of age.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.

(7125)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Cutting, Sewing and making complete in every respect Uniform Clothing etc. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13 at Rs. 2/-/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 23rd February, 1948, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

(7124)

ANNOUNCEMENT.

PURSUANT to the provisions of Sec. 11 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, the name of "Mahindra and Mohammed Limited" has been changed to "MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA LIMITED" with effect from 14th day of January, 1948.

K. C. MAHINDRA.
(Chairman).

14th January, 1948.

(7131)

G.I.P. RLY.— TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 P.M. on 7-2-48 for the supply of pulses at the Railway Grainshops on the Bhusaval Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway at Bhusaval.

7098

ADVERTISEMENT FOR THE POST OF SECOND SURGEON, MAIN HOSPITAL.

TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD., JAMSHEDPUR.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Second Surgeon for the Main Hospital (370 beds), Tata Iron & Steel Co Ltd., Jamshedpur, from persons possessing the following qualifications and experience:—

(a) Higher surgical qualifications such as F.R.C.S.
(b) Experience in General Surgery, Orthopaedic Surgery and Obstetricts and Gynaecology

Preference will be given to one, who has held independent charge of surgical beds in a big hospital. The post carries a salary of Rs. 750/- p. m. in the scale Rs. 750/-50-1,000/- with free unfurnished quarters or 10 p. c. of salary in lieu thereof and a car allowance of Rs. 25/- p.m. But higher initial starting may be given to a suitable candidate.

Leave, Provident fund, Profit-sharing bonus and other temporary allowances are admissible according to Company's rules.

Private practice will be allowed only in the speciality without interference with hospital duties.

Applications stating age, date of birth, full details of qualification and experience and the appointment held with copies of testimonials and certificates should reach the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employment), Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 25th February, 1948.

7089

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS from candidates with G.B.V.C. qualifications are invited for the posts of Veterinary Assistants in the Public Health Department. The pay of the post is Rs. 100-6-160-10-220 plus usual Dearness allowance. Applicants selected will be amenable to Municipal Service and Provident Fund Regulations.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience, if any, should be addressed to the Health Officer, at Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than 20-2-1948.

K. N. CHOKSY,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
23-1-1948.

(7127)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. K. G. KARNIK has purchased the business of Messrs. Nanu's Brass Works on and from the 27th January, 1948. Our client is not concerned with the debts or liabilities of the said business or of its proprietor Mr. N. S Chunekar prior to that date.

Dated this 28th day of January, 1948.

AMBUBHAI AND DIWANJI,
Attorneys for Mr. K. G. Karnik.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

(7135)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites separate sealed tenders for the execution of works of annual repairs to all buildings belonging to the Municipality, petty works and supply of labour in

(i) A, B, C, D & E East Wards including Sanitary Institute Building at Princess Street
&
(ii) E West, F & G Wards including Matunga Leper Home, Kurla Deonar and Chembur Labour Camps and Bandra Slaughter Houses.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, before 1-0 P.M. (B.T.) on Friday the 6th February, 1948.

A copy of the tender will be available on payment of Rs. 5/- from the office of the Special Engineer.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.

(7138)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
NOTICE

THE DATE OF RECEIPT of tenders for the work "Conversion of existing war department barracks into Residential accommodation at Santacruz Airport" at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,06,000/- is hereby extended from 27-1-48 to 4-2-48. The time of receipt and opening the tenders remains unaltered.

Tender forms can be purchased during the office hours from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/- upto 2-2-48.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
Bombay Aviation Division No. I.,
Commerce House, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

(7101)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
IMPORTANT NOTICE

WITH EFFECT FROM SUNDAY, February 1st, 1948, No. 4 Up Frontier Mail will leave Delhi at 8 hours and arrive at Bombay Central at 10-35 hours. This train will not stop at Dadar.

Changes will be effected from the same date in timings of Nos. 32 Up, 10 Up, 12 Up and 11 Down.

No. 32 Up Rajputana Sind Mail will leave Ahmedabad at 22-30 hours and arrive Bombay Central at 9.15 hours.

No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail will leave Viramgam at 20.45 hours as at present, arrive Ahmedabad at 22.14, leave at 23.50 hours and arrive Bombay Central at 12.10 hours.

No. 12 Up Passenger will leave Ahmedabad at 0.5 hours and arrive Bombay Central at 16.0 hours.

No. 11 Dn. Passenger will leave Bombay Central at 12.10 hours as at present, leave Baroda at 0.10 hours and arrive Ahmedabad at 4.30 hours as at present.

For detailed interstation timings of all these trains please see sheet time tables at stations.

(7139)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
EMPLOYMENT OF ELECTRIC CRANE DRIVERS

WANTED for immediate employment ELECTRICIANS, holding 1st or 2nd Class Wireman's Certificate from P.W.D., Bombay, for working 60-ton Electric Cranes in Alexandra Dock. The applicants should have, in addition, sufficient knowledge of maintenance and overhauling of big size slipring motors, controllers and allied electrical and mechanical gears. The scales of wages are as under:

Rs. 90-4-130 for incumbents with 1st Class Certificate.
Rs. 75-3-90 for incumbents with 2nd Class Certificate.

The posts carry in addition to the pay, Dearness Allowance of Rs. 22/- p.m. plus other allowances, plus grains at concessional rates.

Intending applicants should apply in person to the Deputy Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, Administrative Offices, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(7140)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RLY.
GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
TENDERS

THE ASSTT. CONTROLLER of Grainshops, B. B. & C. I. Rly., Churchgate, will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 11 hrs., on 2-2-48 for the supply of Potatoes, Pulses, Spices, Coffee Seeds and Jaggery at Bombay Central Godown and Firewood at Bassein Road Grainshops.

Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the office of the above named.

(7136)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Health Visitors in the grade of Rs. 100-5-150 plus Rs. 10/- Duty Allowance plus Rs. 11-8-0 Uniform Allowance plus the usual Dearness Allowance. Applicants must have passed the Health Visitor's Examination. Candidates, who are fully trained nurses will be preferred. Selected candidates will be entitled to the Municipal Service and Provident Fund Regulations and can aspire for promotion to the higher grade of Rs. 130-6-160-10-220 as Health Visitors in other spheres of work.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications and experience, if any, should be addressed to the undersigned, at Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, and reach him not later than 15-2-1948.

K. N. CHOKSY,
Ag: Executive Health Officer.
Bombay, 23-1-1948.

(7126)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients, THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY, have agreed to purchase from MOHMED CASSUM and JUSAB CASSUM, the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his office at Napier Road, Improvement Trust Building, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he, she, or they, will be precluded from making the same and such claim, if any, shall be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land, being Cadastral Survey No. 860 of Fort Division, situate, lying and being at Maruti Street, in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing on actual admeasurement 59 square yards or thereabouts as per Collector's record and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8737, Cadastral Survey No. 860 of Fort Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2476, Street No. 26 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Mahomed Cassum and Jusab Cassum C.S. No. 859, on or towards the West by the property of Jeevandas Bhanabhai, Manchubhai Narsey and others. C.S. No. 861, and on or towards the North by the property of Mahomed Cassum and Jusab Cassum C.S. No. 859 and on or towards the South by Maruti Street.

Dated this 28th day of January, 1948.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Purchasers' Attorney.

(7129)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS LTD.

PARTLY PAID SHARE Certificate No. 4155 of the abovementioned Company for 200 deferred shares Nos. 4497774/4497973 standing in the name of Mr. Rashid Ardeshir Irani has been LOST and the undersigned has applied to the Company for the issue of duplicate of the said share certificate.

Any person having any objection to the India United Mills Ltd. issuing duplicate of the said share certificate should lodge such objection with the Company at its Registered Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within one month from this date; otherwise the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate share certificate.

Dated 12th January, 1948.
RASHID ARDESHIR IRANI.

(8024)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my clients, THE BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY, have agreed to purchase from MOHMED CASSUM and JUSAB CASSUM, the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any claim or right by way of inheritance or mortgage, gift, trust, possession, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the undersigned at his office at Napier Road, Improvement Trust Building, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he, she or they, will be precluded from making the same and such claim, if any, shall be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL those pieces or parcels of vacant land being Cadastral Survey No. 859 of Fort Division, situate, lying and being at Maruti Street, in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing on actual admeasurement as per Collector's Record 168 Sq. Yds. and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8736, Cadastral Survey No. 859 of Fort Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward Nos. 2477 and 2480, Street Nos. 24, 20F and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Prabhu Jeewan and Ramjee Jeewan C.S. No. 858 and partly by the property bearing C.S. No. 852, on or towards the West by the property of Mahomed Cassum and Jusab Cassum C.S. No. 860 and on or towards the North by the property of Bai Dhunbai, widow of Bezonji Pestonji Ghadially and others bearing C.S. No. 866 and on or towards the South by Maruti Street.

Dated this 28th day of January, 1948.

MANBHOY B. MANIAR,
Purchasers' Attorney.

(7130)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 17 CASES ITALIAN RAYON YARN

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will, pursuant to Consent Decree in Suit No. 1950 of 1947 (M/s. Vadilal Dolatram & Sons, Plaintiffs V/s M/s. Manekji & Co., Defendants), sell by Public Auction on Saturday, 31st Inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay:—

17 cases Italian Rayon yarn 100, 120, 150 Denier about 1500 Kilos (i.e. About 3300 Lbs.)

Goods on view at plaintiffs' shop at Trambakanta, Pydhownie, & samples on view at Auctioneers' Office.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

Every mail brings more and more proof of the great popularity of Lalimli materials. Letters and telegrams have poured in from all parts of the country. In effect they all say the same thing—"We want Lalimli materials".

Don't be discouraged if you cannot get at once all the Lalimli material you need. The mills are doing their best to meet the enormous demand, and supplies are being distributed as fairly as possible among Lalimli Stockists in different parts of the country.

TWEEDS * WORSTEDS * LOHIS * BLANKETS * RUGS * KNITTING YARNS * KNITTED WEAR, Etc..

LAL-IMLI PURE WOOL FABRICS

THE CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS, CAWNPORE

BOVRIL

makes dishes more delicious

The essence of good cooking—that's Bovril. Soups and savouries, stews and gravies—they're all the richer for the concentrated goodness of Bovril, and so will you be. Bovril's tempting tastiness is irresistible.

JUST SHEER CONCENTRATED GOODNESS

—that's BOVRIL

It's right for Jill
And brother Bill
It's right for Daddy too:
If Wright's is right
for all of us
It must be right
for you!

WRIGHT'S IS RIGHT for EVERYONE!

WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

IDEAL FOR TOILET AND NURSERY

Speaking of Castor Oils

There are castor oils and castor oils. But SWASTIK'S MEDICINAL CASTOR OIL is right at the top. It is colourless, tasteless and odourless and is prepared by up-to-date scientific methods by the finest oil refinery in India.

Other quality Swastik Products include Perfumed Castor Oil, Kanti Soap, Swastik Shaving Stick, Washing Soaps, Gowalia Brand Vanaspati, etc., etc.

SWASTIK'S MEDICINAL CASTOR OIL

Unmatched for Quality

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LIMITED BOMBAY

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.